



# Installation Manual Installation and Service Manual

Floor-standing condensing gas boiler

IX 145-50 IX 145-70 IX 145-90 IX 145-110



# Contents

1		y	
	1.1	General safety instructions	
	1.2	Recommendations	
	1.3	Liabilities	
		1.3.1 Manufacturer's liability	
		1.3.2 Installer's liability	. 9
2	About	t this manual	10
_	2.1	General	
	2.1	Symbols used	
	2.2	2.2.1 Symbols used in the manual	
		2.2.2 Symbols used on the appliance	
		2.2.2 Symbols about on the appliance	
3	Techr	nical specifications	11
	3.1	Homologations	
		3.1.1 Directives	
		3.1.2 EC Declaration of Conformity	11
		3.1.3 Gas category	11
		3.1.4 Certifications	11
	3.2	Technical data	
		3.2.1 Other technical parameters	
		3.2.2 Sensor specifications	
	3.3	Dimensions and connections	
	3.4	Electrical diagram	16
	D	2. Non-Alba and dock	40
4		ription of the product	
	4.1 4.2	General description	
	4.2	4.2.1 Circulating pump	
		4.2.2 Gas/air setting	
		4.2.3 Low-loss header (accessory)	
		4.2.4 Plate heat exchanger (accessories)	
		4.2.5 System in cascade	
		4.2.6 Settings and safety devices	
	4.3	Main components	
		4.3.1 Main boiler components	
		4.3.2 Main burner components	23
	4.4	Control panel description	
		4.4.1 Description of the keys	
		4.4.2 Description of the symbols	
	4.5	Standard delivery	
	4.6	Accessories & options	.25
_	D - f	- No. As Hadden	00
5		e installation	
	5.1 5.2	Installation regulations	
	J.Z	5.2.1 Water treatment	
		5.2.2 Gas supply	
		5.2.3 Electrical power supply	
		5.2.4 Circulating pump	
	5.3	Choice of the location	
		5.3.1 Ventilation	
		5.3.2 Overall space needed for the boiler	30
		5.3.3 Data plate	31
		5.3.4 Selecting the position for the outside temperature sensor (optional)	
	5.4	Transport	
	5.5	Unpacking & initial preparation	33
_			
6		ecting diagrams and configuration	
	6.1	One boiler + one direct circuit + one domestic hot water tank	
		6.1.1 Hydraulic connection	
		6.1.2 Electrical connection	
	6.2	One boiler + one underfloor heating circuit + one direct circuit + one domestic hot water tank	
	0.2	one boiler. One andernoor heading orbait i one direct orbait i one domestic not water tank	JU

IX

		6.2.1 6.2.2	Hydraulic connection	
		6.2.3	Configuration	
	6.3	Boilers in 6.3.1	n cascade + one underfloor heating circuit + one direct circuit + one domestic hot water tank	
		6.3.2	Electrical connection	39
		6.3.3	Connecting boilers in cascade with a OCI 345 module	
		6.3.4	Configuration for 1 master boiler and 1 slave boiler	
	6.4	6.3.5	ng a boiler in 0-10 V mode	
	0.4	6.4.1	Electrical connection	
		6.4.2	Configuration of the control system	
7	Inetal	llation		42
′	7.1			
	7.2		ion	
		7.2.1	Accessing the internal boiler components	
	7.3	•	connections	
		7.3.1	Connection of the heating circuit	
		7.3.2 7.3.3	Connecting the expansion vessel	
	7.4		nection	
	7.5		y/flue gas outlet connections	
		7.5.1	Classification	
		7.5.2	Coaxial pipes	
		7.5.3	Separate pipes (not provided)	
		7.5.4 7.5.5	Pipes in cascade (not provided)	
	7.6		system accessories	
	7.7	-	l connections	
		7.7.1	Recommendations	
		7.7.2	Recommended cable cross section	
		7.7.3 7.7.4	Wiring the terminal blocks	
		7.7.5	Description of the sensor terminal block	
	7.8		e installation	
		7.8.1	Filling the heating system	
	7.0	7.8.2	Filling the siphon	
	7.9	Complet	ing installation	58
8	Comr	missioning		59
	8.1	General	·	. 59
	8.2		st before commissioning	
	8.3	Commiss 8.3.1	Sioning procedure	
		8.3.2	Checking the gas inlet	
		8.3.3	Checking the hydraulic circuit	
		8.3.4	First time commissioning	
	8.4		ings	
		8.4.1 8.4.2	Configuring the fan speed	
		8.4.2	Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input)	
		8.4.4	Gas valve basic settings	
		8.4.5	CO <sub>2</sub> checking and setting values	
		8.4.6	Adapting the boiler to a different type of gas	. 68
^	•			
9	Opera 9.1		ne control panel	
	9.1	9.1.1	Modifying the user parameters	
		9.1.2	Modifying the installer parameters	
	9.2		up the boiler	.70
	9.3		the boiler	
	0.4	9.3.1 Frost Pro	Putting the boiler in Standby mode	
	9.4	9.4.1	Activating the <b>Off</b>	
	9.5		unctions	

10	Sottin	age		72
10			arameters	
	10.1	10.1.1	Shortcuts menu	
		10.1.1	Information menu	
		10.1.2	List of user parameters	
		10.1.4	List of installer parameters	
	10.2		he parameters	
	10.2	10.2.1	Setting the date and time	
		10.2.1	Selecting the language	
		10.2.2	Changing the operating mode	
		10.2.3	Forcing domestic hot water production	
		10.2.4	Setting the room temperature set point ( <b>On</b> mode)	
		10.2.5	Modifying the domestic hot water production mode	
		10.2.7	Setting the domestic hot water temperature set point	
		10.2.7	Setting the commented remperature set point (Reduced mode)	
		10.2.6	Programming a Holiday period	
		10.2.9		
			5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			Selecting a heating circuit	
			Locking/Unlocking parameter modification	
			Timer programme	
			Setting a temporary heating flow temperature	
			Heating curves	
	40.0		Managing boilers in cascade	
	10.3	Accessir	ng the information menu	101
44	Maint	ononoo		400
11				
			d inspection and maintenance operations	
	11.2	11.2.1	Performing the annual service	
		11.2.1	Removing the burner	
		11.2.2	Cleaning the heat exchanger	
		11.2.3	Checking the burner	
		11.2.4		
		11.2.5	Cleaning the siphon	
		11.2.7	Remounting the burner	
		11.2.7	Check the combustion	
	11 2		ng the 4 A fuses on the electrical terminal blocks	
	11.5	Replacii	ig the 4 A luses on the electrical terminal blocks	100
12	Troub	Nochootin	g	110
12			des	
	12.1		List of error codes	
	12.2		ic error code clearing	
			error codes	
	12.3	Cleaning	end codes	110
12	Dooo	mmission	ing	117
13			nissioning procedure	
			nissioning procedure	
	13.2	Kecomin	issioning procedure	117
1.4	Snore	norte		110
14		•		
			arts lists	
	14.2	Spare pa	IX 145–50 and IX 145–70	
			IX 145–90 and IX 145–70	
		14.2.2	IA 140-30 aliu IA 140-110	124
15	Dieno	eal/roovo	ling	120
10				128

# 1 Safety

# 1.1 General safety instructions

For the installer and end user:



# Danger

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.



### Caution

Do not touch the flue gas pipes. Depending on the boiler settings, the temperature of the flue gas pipes can rise to over 60°C.



### Caution

Do not touch radiators for long periods. Depending on the boiler settings, the temperature of the radiators may exceed 60 °C.



# Caution

Take precautions with the domestic hot water. Depending on the boiler settings, the domestic hot water temperature may exceed 65°C.



# Danger of electric shock

Before any work, switch off the mains supply to the boiler.

For the installer:

# Danger

If you smell gas:

- 1. Do not use a naked flame, do not smoke, do not operate electrical contacts or switches (doorbell, light, motor, lift, etc.).
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.
- 3. Open the windows.
- 4. Locate the probable leak and seal it immediately.
- 5. If the leak is before the gas meter, contact the gas supplier.



# Danger

If you smell flue gases:

- 1. Switch off the appliance.
- 2. Open the windows.
- 3. Locate the probable source of the flue gas leak and fix it immediately.



# Warning

The condensation drain must not be changed or sealed. If a condensate neutralisation system is used, the system must be cleaned regularly in accordance with the instructions provided by the manufacturer.

# For the end user:



### Danger

If you smell gas:

- 1. Do not use a naked flame, do not smoke, do not operate electrical contacts or switches (doorbell, light, motor, lift, etc.).
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.
- 3. Open the windows.
- 4. Evacuate the property.
- 5. Contact a qualified professional.



### Danger

If you smell flue gases:

- 1. Switch off the appliance.
- 2. Open the windows.
- 3. Evacuate the property.
- 4. Contact a qualified professional.

# 1.2 Recommendations



# Danger

For safety reasons, we recommend fitting smoke and  $CO_2$  detectors and alarms at suitable places in your home.



### Caution

- The boiler must always be connected to the protective earthing.
- Earthing must comply with the prevailing installation standards.
- Earth the appliance before making any electrical connections.

For the type and calibre of the protective equipment, refer to the chapter Electrical Connections in the Installation and Service Manual.



### Caution

If a power cord comes with the appliance and it turns out to be damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its after sales service or persons with similar qualifications in order to obviate any danger.



# Caution

A disconnection device must be fitted to the permanent pipes in accordance with the installation rules.



# Caution

Power the appliance via a circuit that includes an omni-polar switch with contact opening distance of 3 mm or more.



### Caution

Drain the boiler and heating system if the home is left empty for a long period of time and there is a chance of frost.



# Caution

Remove the boiler casing only to perform maintenance and repair work. Always put the casing back in place after such work.



### Caution

To enjoy warranty cover, no modifications must be made to the boiler.

## Caution

The frost protection function only protects the boiler, not the heating system.



### Caution

The frost protection function does not work if the boiler is powered off.



## Caution

The appliance should be switched to Summer or Frost Protection mode rather than be switched off in order to guarantee the following functions:

- Avoidance of pumps blocking
- Frost Protection

# i Important

Respect the minimum and maximum water inlet pressure to ensure correct operation of the boiler: refer to the chapter Technical Specifications.

# i Important

Only qualified professionals are permitted to install the boiler, in accordance with prevailing local and national regulations.

# i Important

- Never remove or cover labels and data plates affixed to the boiler.
- Labels and data plates must be legible throughout the entire lifetime of the boiler.
   Immediately replace damaged or illegible instructions and warning labels.

# i Important

Keep this document close to the place where the appliance is installed.

# 1.3 Liabilities

# 1.3.1 Manufacturer's liability

Our products are manufactured in compliance with the requirements of the various Directives applicable. They are therefore delivered with the CE marking and any documents necessary. In the interests of the quality of our products, we strive constantly to improve them. We therefore reserve the right to modify the specifications given in this document.

Our liability as manufacturer may not be invoked in the following cases:

- Failure to abide by the instructions on installing and maintaining the appliance.
- Failure to abide by the instructions on using the appliance.
- Faulty or insufficient maintenance of the appliance.

# 1.3.2 Installer's liability

The installer is responsible for the installation and initial commissioning of the appliance. The installer must observe the following instructions:

- Read and follow the instructions given in the manuals provided with the appliance.
- Install the appliance in compliance with prevailing legislation and standards.
- Carry out initial commissioning and any checks necessary.
- Explain the installation to the user.
- If maintenance is necessary, warn the user of the obligation to check the appliance and keep it in good working order.
- · Give all the instruction manuals to the user.

# 2 About this manual

## 2.1 General

This manual is intended for the installer of a IX boiler.

## 2.2 Symbols used

# 2.2.1 Symbols used in the manual

This manual uses various danger levels to draw attention to special instructions. We do this to improve user safety, to prevent problems and to guarantee correct operation of the appliance.



### **Danger**

Risk of dangerous situations that may result in serious personal injury.



# Danger of electric shock

Risk of electric shock.



#### Warning

Risk of dangerous situations that may result in minor personal injury.



### Caution

Risk of material damage.



#### **Important**

Please note: important information.



#### See

Reference to other manuals or pages in this manual.

# 2.2.2 Symbols used on the appliance

Fig.1













- Alternating current.
- 2 Protective earthing.
- **3** Before installing and commissioning the appliance, carefully read the instruction manuals provided.
- **4** Dispose of used products through an appropriate recovery and recycling structure.
- 5 Caution: danger of electric shock, live parts. Disconnect the mains power prior to carrying out any work.

# 3 Technical specifications

## 3.1 Homologations

### 3.1.1 Directives

This product has been manufactured and put into circulation in accordance with the requirements and standards of the following European Directives:

- Gas Appliances Regulation (EU) (2016/426)
- Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).
- Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU).
- Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC)
- European Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC)
   EU Regulation (813/2013)
- Energy Labelling Framework Regulation (EU) (2017/1369)
   EU Regulation (811/2013)

Apart from the legal provisions and Directives, the additional Directives described in these instructions must also be observed.

For all provisions and Directives referred to in these instructions, it is agreed that all addenda or subsequent provisions will apply at the time of installation.

### 3.1.2 EC Declaration of Conformity

The unit complies with the standard type described in the EC declaration of conformity. It has been manufactured and commissioned in accordance with European directives.

The original declaration of conformity is available from the manufacturer.

### 3.1.3 Gas category

Tab.1 Gas and supply pressure categories

Country	Gas category	Gas type	Supply pressure (mbar)
France	II <sub>2Esi3P</sub>	G20 (natural gas H) G25 (natural gas L)	20 25
Ireland	II <sub>2H3P</sub>	G31 (propane) G20 (natural gas H) G31 (propane)	37 20 37
Poland	II <sub>2ELw3P</sub>	G20 (natural gas H) G27 (natural gas H) G31 (propane)	20 20 37
Czech Republic	II <sub>2H3P</sub>	G20 (natural gas H) G31 (propane)	20 37-50
Slovakia	II <sub>2H3P</sub>	G20 (natural gas H) G31 (propane)	20 37-50

The boiler is pre-set in the factory to run on natural gas H (G20).

For operation with another type of gas, see the chapter "Conversion to another gas".

## 3.1.4 Certifications

We hereby certify that the series of appliances specified below complies with the standard model described in the CE declaration of conformity.

CE number	CE-0085CP0089
NOx class	Class 6
Type of flue gas connection	• B <sub>23</sub> – B <sub>23P</sub>
	• C <sub>13(X)</sub>
	• C <sub>33(X)</sub>
	• C <sub>43(X)</sub>
	• C <sub>53(X)</sub>
	• C <sub>63(X)</sub>
	• C <sub>83(X)</sub>

# 3.2 Technical data

Tab.2 General

	Boiler speed	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110		
Useful heat output at 80/60°C Heating mode	Minimum	kW	5.0	7.2	9.4	11.4		
Useful heat output at 80/60°C Heating mode	Maximum	kW	45	65	85	102		
Useful heat output at 50/30 °C Heating mode	Minimum	kW	5.4	7.8	10.2	12.3		
Useful heat output at 50/30 °C Heating mode	Maximum	kW	48.6	70.2	91.8	110.2		
Heat input - Heating mode	Minimum	kW	5.1	7.4	9.7 <sup>(1)</sup>	11.7		
Heat input - Heating mode	Maximum	kW	46.3	66.9	87.4	104.9		
Heat input - Heating mode	Minimum	kW	5.6	8.2	10.7	12.9		
Heat input - Heating mode	Maximum	kW	51.4	74.2	97.0	116.4		
Efficiency at 80/60 °C - Heating mode under full load	Maximum	%	97.4	97.2	97.3	97.2		
Efficiency at 50/30 °C -	Heating mode un- der full load	%	105.0	105.0	105.5	105.1		
Efficiency Return temperature 30°C	Heating mode un- der part load	%	108.4	108.1	108.2	108.1		
(1) The heat input with G31 gas is different and is 12.5 kW								

Tab.3 Characteristics of the heating circuit

	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Water content (excluding expansion vessel)	litre	2.81	4.98	8.34	9.83
Minimum operating pressure	MPa (bar)	0.05 (0.5)	0.05 (0.5)	0.05 (0.5)	0.05 (0.5)
Maximum operating pressure (MOP)	MPa (bar)	0.38 (3.8)	0.38 (3.8)	0.38 (3.8)	0.38 (3.8)
Maximum water temperature	°C	85	85	85	85
Maximum operating temperature	°C	80	80	80	80

Tab.4 Data on the gases and combustion gases

For gas flow rates at 15°C and 1013.25 hPA	Boiler speed	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Minimum gas pressure (G20)		mbar	17	17	17	17
Nominal pressure (G20)		mbar	20	20	20	20
Maximum pressure (G20)		mbar	25	25	25	25
Minimum gas pressure (G25)		mbar	20	20	20	20
Nominal pressure (G25)		mbar	25	25	25	25

For gas flow rates at 15°C and 1013.25 hPA	Boiler speed	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Maximum pressure (G25)		mbar	30	30	30	30
Minimum gas pressure (G31)		mbar	25	25	25	25
Nominal pressure (G31)		mbar	37	37	37	37
Maximum pressure (G31)		mbar	57.5	57.5	57.5	57.5
Consumption of natural gas (G20)	Minimum	m³/h	0.54	0.78	1.03	1.24
Consumption of natural gas (G20)	Maximum	m³/h	4.90	7.07	9.25	11.10
Consumption of natural gas (G25)	Minimum	m³/h	0.63	0.91	1.19	1.44
Consumption of natural gas (G25)	Maximum	m³/h	5.69	8.22	10.75	12.91
Consumption of Propane (G31)	Minimum	kg/h	0.40	0.57	0.97	0.91
Consumption of Propane (G31)	Maximum	kg/h	3.59	5.19	6.79	8.15
NOx emission according to EN297A3	Class 5	mg/kWh	29.8	34.8	39.5	24.7
Flue gas mass flow rate (G20)	Minimum	kg/h	7.2	14.4	18	18
Flue gas mass flow rate (G20)	Maximum	kg/h	75.6	111.6	144	169.2
Maximum flue gas temperature	Minimum	°C	92	76	70	70

# Tab.5 Electrical specifications

	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Power supply voltage	VAC	230V 50Hz	230V 50Hz	230V 50Hz	230V 50Hz
Maximum absorbed power - Full load	W	100	117	146	185
Maximum absorbed power - Part load	W	24	24	24	24
Maximum absorbed power - Stand-by	W	2.7	3	3	3

# Tab.6 Other specifications

	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Ingress protection rating		IPX1B	IPX1B	IPX1B	IPX1B
Weight empty	kg	60	70	104	109

# 3.2.1 Other technical parameters

# Tab.7 Technical parameters for boiler space heaters

Product name			IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Condensing boiler			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Low-temperature boiler <sup>(1)</sup>			No	No	No	No
B1 boiler			No	No	No	No
Cogeneration space heater			No	No	No	No
Combination heater			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rated heat output	Prated	kW	45	65	85	102
Useful heat output at rated heat output and high temperature regime <sup>(2)</sup>	$P_4$	kW	45.0	65.0	85.0	102.0
Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime <sup>(1)</sup>	$P_1$	kW	15.0	21.7	28.3	34.0
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	$\eta_s$	%	93	93	-	-
Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime <sup>(2)</sup>	$\eta_4$	%	87.7	87.6	87.7	87.6
Useful efficiency at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime <sup>(1)</sup>	$\eta_1$	%	97.7	97.4	97.5	97.4
Auxiliary electricity consumption						
Full load	elmax	kW	0.100	0.117	0.146	0.185
Part load	elmin	kW	0.023	0.024	0.024	0.024
Stand-by	$P_{SB}$	kW	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003

Product name			IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Other specifications						
Standby heat loss	P <sub>stby</sub>	kW	0.045	0.046	0.062	0.072
Ignition burner power consumption	P <sub>ign</sub>	kW	-	-	-	-
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	GJ	139	201	-	-
Sound power level, indoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	dB	61	64	-	-
Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NO <sub>X</sub>	mg/kWh	27	31	36	22

<sup>(1)</sup> Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30°C, for low temperature boilers 37°C and for other heaters 50°C return temperature (at heater inlet).

The back cover for contact details.

# 3.2.2 Sensor specifications

Tab.8 Heating flow sensor and return sensor

Temperature (in °C)	30	65	85
Resistance (in ohms)	8059	2084	1070

Tab.9 Flue gas sensor

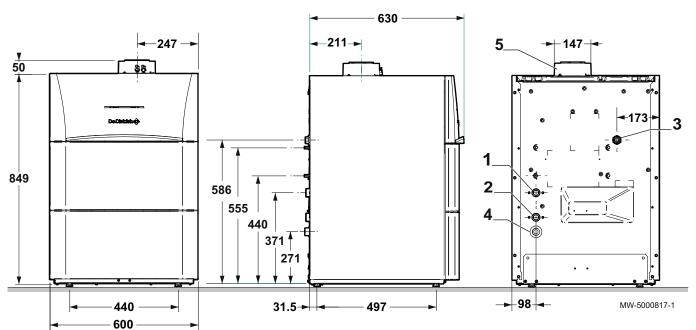
Temperature (in °C)	-50	-10	0	40	100	200	250	300
Resistance (in ohms)	1 755765	117521	67650	10569	1377	145	65	34

Tab.10 Outside sensor

Temperature (in °C)	-30	-15	-5	0	10	20	30	50
Resistance (in ohms)	13034	5861	3600	2857	1840	1218	827	407

# 3.3 Dimensions and connections

Fig.2 Dimensions and connections IX 145-50 and IX 145-70



- 1 Heating circuit return (G1")
- 2 Heating circuit flow (G1")

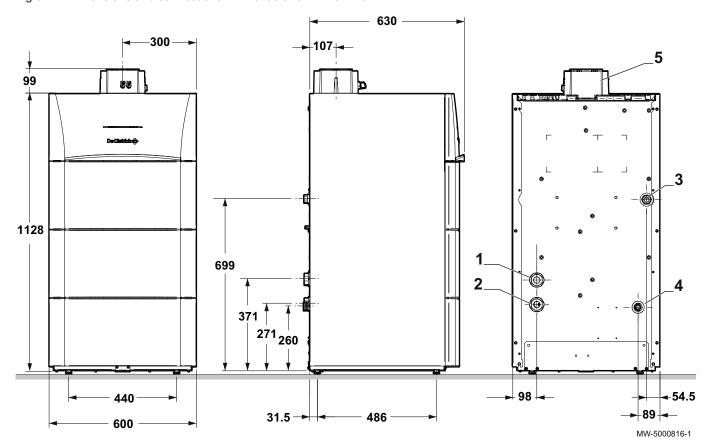
- **3** Gas inlet (G3/4")
- 4 Condensate discharge (DN18)

<sup>(2)</sup> High temperature regime means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet.

# 5 Flue gas outlet (80/125)

# (1) Adjustable feet

Dimensions and connections IX 145-90 and IX 145-110 Fig.3



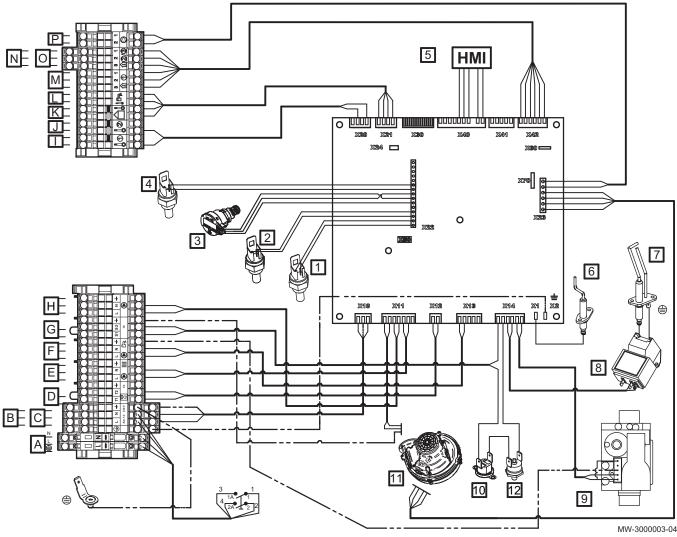
- Heating circuit return (G1-1/2") Heating circuit flow (G1-1/2")
- Gas inlet (G1")

- Condensate discharge (DN18)
- **5** Flue gas outlet (110/160)
- (1) Adjustable feet

7702703 - v04 - 05092019 15

# 3.4 Electrical diagram

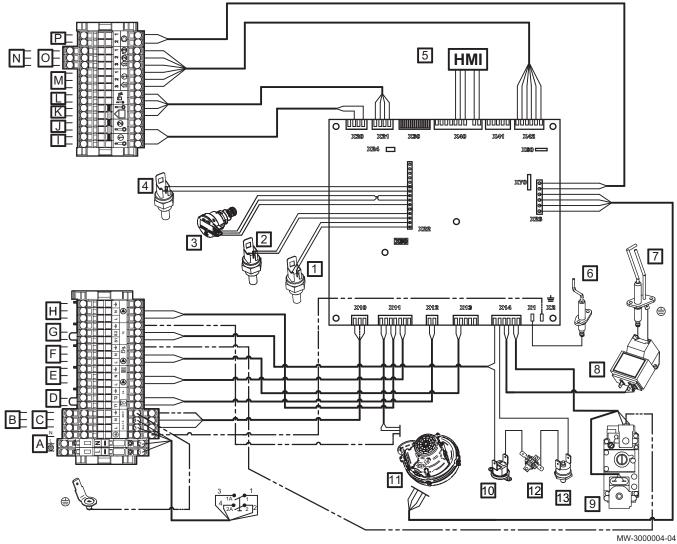
Fig.4 Electrical diagram IX 145–50 and IX 145–70



- Earth POP rivet
  - A Power supply 230 V 50 Hz
- B Power supply auxiliary circuit 1
- C Power supply auxiliary circuit 2
- **D** Room thermostat
- E Heating circuit pump
- F Domestic hot water pump
- G Safety contact
- H Boiler pump
- I Auxiliary sensor 1
- J Auxiliary sensor 2
- K Outside sensor
- L Domestic hot water sensor
- M Room temperature sensor 1
- N Room temperature sensor 2

- O Room temperature sensor 3
- P Boiler pump modulation (PWM)
- 1 Flow temperature sensor
- 2 Return temperature sensor
- 3 Hydraulic pressure sensor
- 4 Flue gas sensor
- 5 Control panel display
- 6 Ionisation probe
- 7 Spark plug
- 8 Igniter
- 9 Gas valve
- 10 Safety thermostat
- **11** Fan
- **12** Safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door

Fig.5 Electrical diagram IX 145–90 and IX 145–110



- Earth POP rivet
- A Power supply 230V 50Hz
- **B** Power supply auxiliary circuit 1
- C Power supply auxiliary circuit 2
- **D** Room thermostat
- E Heating circuit pump
- F Domestic hot water pump
- **G** Safety contact
- H Boiler pump
- I Auxiliary sensor 1
- J Auxiliary sensor 2
- K Outside sensor
- L Domestic hot water sensor
- M Room temperature sensor 1
- N Room temperature sensor 2

- Room temperature sensor 3
- P Boiler pump modulation (PWM)
- 1 Flow temperature sensor
- 2 Return temperature sensor
- 3 Hydraulic pressure sensor
- 4 Flue gas sensor
- 5 Control panel display
- 6 Ionisation probe
- **7** Spark plug
- 8 Igniter
- 9 Gas valve
- 10 Safety thermostat
- **11** Fan
- 12 Thermal fuse
- 13 Safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door

# 4 Description of the product

# 4.1 General description

IX floor-standing condensing gas boilers have the following characteristics:

- · Low pollutant emissions
- · High efficiency heating
- · Electronic control panel
- Flue gas discharge by a forced flue or chimney type connection.
- Flue gas discharge by a forced flue, chimney or bi-flow type connection.
- Perfectly suitable for cascade systems with several boilers.

# 4.2 Operating principle

# 4.2.1 Circulating pump



### Important

The benchmark for the most efficient circulating pumps is  $EEI \le 0.20$ .

# 4.2.2 Gas/air setting

The casing fitted to the boiler is also used as an air box. Air is drawn in by the fan and gas injected into the Venturi by the fan intake. The fan speed is modulated according to the settings, the heat demand and the actual temperatures measured by the temperature sensors. The gas and air are mixed in the Venturi. The gas/air ratio command function accurately adjusts the quantities of gas and air required. This provides optimum combustion over the entire output range. The gas/air mixture is sent to the burner, located upstream of the heat exchanger.

### 4.2.3 Low-loss header (accessory)

#### 1 Low-loss header kit

Low-loss headers are available for all boiler outputs.

The low-loss header is a component which enables the primary circuit and secondary circuit to have a hydraulic system independent from the boiler installation.

It offers the following advantages:

- It creates a hydraulically neutral point.
- It ensures the primary flow rate is controlled.
- It allows good control of the secondary flow rate and pressures, particularly when several circuits are operating independently from one another.
- It provides the option of having secondary circuits at different temperatures.
- It allows air to be evacuated thanks to its degassing function
- It enables decanting and removal of sludge via the sludge removal function.

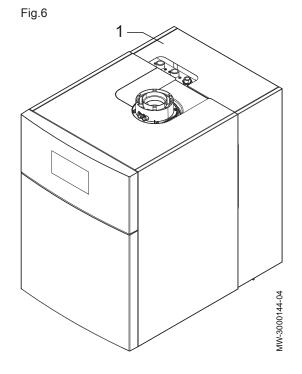
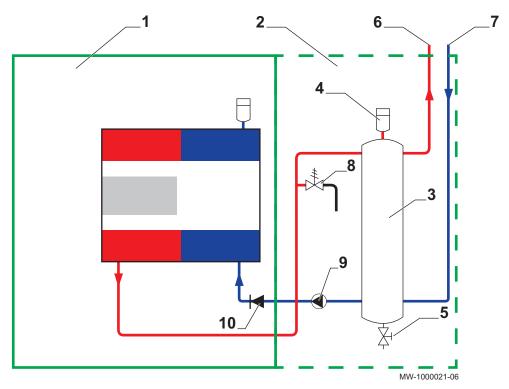


Fig.7 Functional diagram of a boiler with a low-loss header



- 1 Boiler
- 2 Low-loss header kit
- 3 Low-loss header
- 4 Air vent
- 5 Drain valve

- 6 Heating circuit flow
- 7 Heating circuit return
- 8 Safety valve
- 9 Modulating circulating pump
- 10 Non-return valve

4.2.4 Plate heat exchanger (accessories)

The main advantage of the plate heat exchanger is that it hydraulically isolates the primary and secondary circuits. It also enables the boiler body to be protected from any contamination found in the secondary heating circuit water.

Fig.8

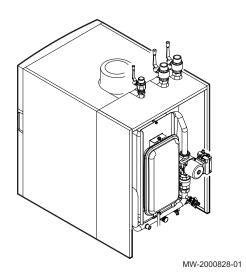
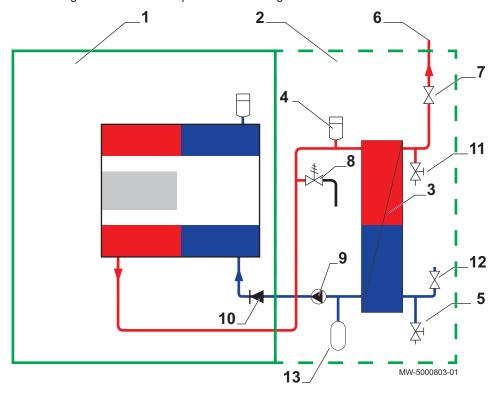


Fig.9 Functional diagram of a boiler with plate heat exchanger



- 1 Boiler
- 2 Plate heat exchanger kit
- 3 Plate heat exchanger
- 4 Air vent
- 5 Drain valve
- 6 Heating circuit flow
- 7 Valve

- 8 Safety valve
- 9 Modulating circulating pump
- 10 Non-return valve
- 11 Drain valve
- 12 Valve
- 13 Expansion vessel



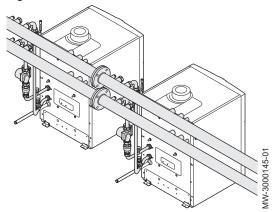
The boiler is ideally suited for a cascade system configuration. Use a boiler/cascade connection kit to connect boilers in cascade.



### Important

Please contact the After Sales Service for further information.





# 4.2.6 Settings and safety devices

i

# Important

The settings and safety devices are only operational if the boiler is powered up.

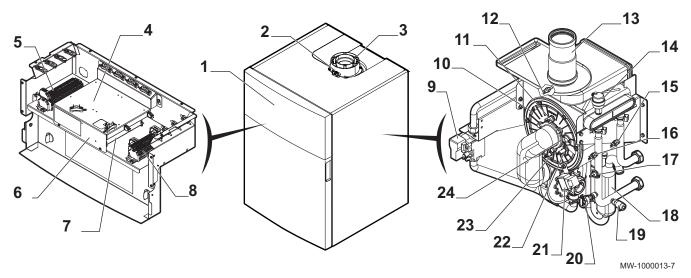
Tab.11 Description of the safety devices

Device	Description
Safety thermostats	The safety thermostats suspend the supply of gas to the burner if the water in the primary circuit overheats. To resume normal operation of the boiler, eliminate the cause of this interruption.
	Caution The safety thermostats must in no circumstances be switched off or disconnected.
NTC flue gas sensor	The control panel blocks the gas supply to the burner in the event of overheating. To resume normal operation of the boiler, switch off the boiler and switch it back on again with the ON/OFF switch.
Flame detector by ionisation	The boiler is put into safety lock-down in the event of gas shortage or incomplete crosslighting on the burner.
Hydraulic pressure switch	Thanks to this device, the burner can only operate if the system pressure is higher than 0.5 bar (0.05 MPa).  When the pressure switch detects a pressure lower than 0.8 bar (0.08 MPa), a warning message is displayed, without stopping the circulating pump.
Post-circulating pump	After the burner stops, depending on the room thermostat setting and if in heating mode, the circulating pump runs for a further 3 minutes.
Frost protection device	When the flow temperature is lower than 5 °C, the burner starts up and runs until the flow temperature reaches 15 °C. This device runs under the following conditions:
	<ul> <li>The boiler is switched on</li> <li>The gas supply is working</li> <li>The pressure in the system is higher than 0.5 bar (0.05 MPa)</li> </ul>
Anti-blocking of the pump	If there are no heating or domestic hot water requirements for 24 consecutive hours, the pumps start up automatically and run for 10 seconds.  The pumps connected directly to the appliance's terminal blocks are started up every Friday at 10:00 a.m. and run for 30 seconds.
Anticipatory start-up of the circulating pumps	In heating mode only, the appliance can start up the circulating pumps before burner ignition. The duration and activation of anticipatory start-up depends on the installation requirements and the operating temperatures. The duration of anticipatory start-up of the circulating pumps therefore varies from a few seconds to several minutes.

# 4.3 Main components

# 4.3.1 Main boiler components

Fig.11 IX 145-50 and IX 145-70



- 1 Control panel
- 2 Flue gas measuring point
- 3 Flue gas connection
- 4 Mounting point for a maximum of two AVS 75 modules. A third AVS 75 module can be used by the boiler but must be fixed to the wall and powered externally.
- 5 Power supply terminal block
- 6 Mounting point for communication module OCI 345



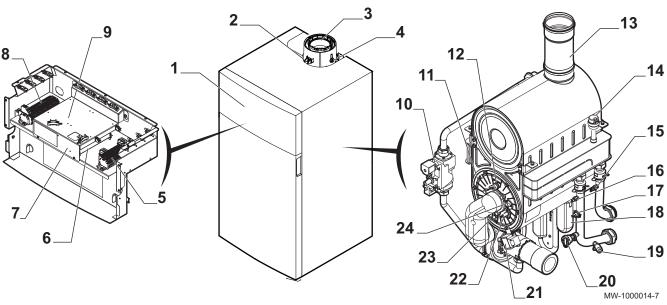
#### Caution

Danger of short circuit on the OCI 345 communication module if it is fixed in another emplacement.

- 7 Controller PCB
- 8 Terminal block for the sensors and the remote control

- 9 Gas valve
- 10 Burner
- 11 Safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door
- 12 Flue gas sensor
- 13 Flue gas fitting
- 14 Automatic air vent
- 15 Return temperature sensor
- **16** Flow temperature sensor
- 17 Safety thermostat
- 18 Condensate siphon
- 19 Drain valve
- 20 Hydraulic pressure sensor
- 21 Ignition transformer
- 22 Ignition electrode
- 23 Ionisation probe
- 24 Flame inspection window

Fig.12 IX 145-90 and IX 145-110



- Control panel
- 2 Flue gas measuring point
- 3 Flue gas connection
- 4 Flue gas sensor
- 5 Terminal block for the sensors and the remote control
- 6 Controller PCB
- Mounting point for communication module OCI 345

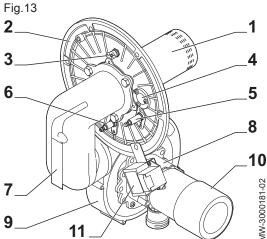


Danger of short circuit on the OCI 345 module if it is fixed in another emplacement.

- Power supply terminal block
- Mounting point for a maximum of two AVS 75 modules. A third AVS 75 module can be used by the boiler but must be fixed to the wall and powered externally.

- 10 Gas valve
- 11 Burner
- 12 Safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door
- 13 Flue gas fitting
- Automatic air vent 14
- 15 Return temperature sensor
- 16 Flow temperature sensor
- Safety thermostat 17
- Condensate siphon 18
- 19 Drain valve
- 20 Hydraulic pressure sensor
- 21 Ignition transformer
- Ignition electrode 22
- 23 Ionisation probe
- 24 Flame inspection window

#### 4.3.2 Main burner components



- Burner
  - 2 Burner bracket
  - Safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door
  - Flame inspection window
  - Spark plug
  - 6 Ionisation probe
  - Gas collector 7
  - 8 Venturi
  - 9 Fan
- 10 Silencer (IX 145-90 model only)
- Igniter

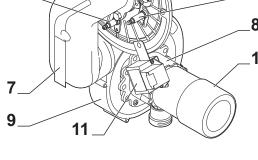
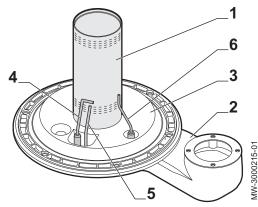


Fig.14

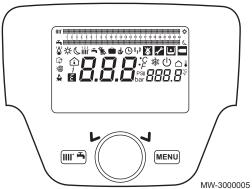


- Burner
- Air/gas collector
- Insulating surface area
- Ignition electrode
- Earth electrode
- Flame detection electrode

7702703 - v04 - 05092019 23

# 4.4 Control panel description

Fig.15



# 4.4.1 Description of the keys

Shortcuts menu key

Quick access to the operating modes

Menu key

Selection and confirmation button

- Rotary button for navigating between menu or parameter screens
- Push button to select a menu/parameter or to confirm a value/ action



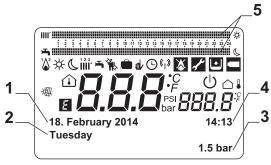
### For more information, see

List of parameters, page 73 Shortcuts menu, page 73

# 4.4.2 Description of the symbols

- 1 Date: day, month, year
- 2 Day of the week
- 3 Boiler / heating circuit pressure
- 4 Clock: hours and minutes
- 5 Operating period indicators in Comfort/Eco mode over 24 hours:
  - Top line: Heating mode
  - Bottom line: Domestic hot water mode





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Tab.12 Description of the symbols

Type of information	Symbol	Description
Information	1	Room temperature (°C)
	$\triangle$	Outdoor temperature (°C)
	°C, °F, bar, PSI	Temperature and hydraulic pressure units: international system or imperial system.
	(p)	Data transmission: only when the wireless remote control is connected.
	綳	Solar integration available

Type of information	Symbol	Description
Operating modes	*	Comfort operating mode: comfort room temperature
	(	Eco operating mode: reduced room temperature
	123.	Operating mode: Heating
		•   23 (1): Zone 1 active
		• 1111 (2): Zone 2 active
		•
		Symbol displayed:
		No symbol: heating circuit not connected
		Fixed symbol: heating circuit connected     Flashing symbol: heating requested
	<b>–</b>	Operating mode: Domestic hot water activated
	-	important
		The heating lill is off during production of domestic hot water
	4	Operating mode: Comfort 🔆 / Eco 📞 override mode
	(1)	Operating mode: Automatic, according to the timer programs
	*	Sweep Function activated
		Holidays program function activated
	Ф	Frost protection mode: the boiler frost protection has been activated
	¹ <b>∆</b> ²	Burner on:
		• ¹\( \dag{\dag{\dag{2}}} \) (1): Output < 70%
		• ¹\( \dag{\alpha}^2\) (2): Output > 70%
error	*	Error: the burner cannot start up
	1	Error: After Sales Service intervention required
		Hydraulic pressure too low
	Ε	Anomaly/error detected

# 4.5 Standard delivery

The IX boiler comes in a package that includes:

- A floor-standing gas boiler
- An installation and maintenance manual
- A user guide
- A data plate.

# 4.6 Accessories & options

For the list of accessories and options, refer to the current price list.

# 5 Before installation

# 5.1 Installation regulations



### Warning

The boiler must be installed by a qualified installer in accordance with local and national regulations.

# 5.2 Installation requirements

### 5.2.1 Water treatment

In many cases, the boiler and the heating system can be filled with mains water, without treating the water.



### Caution

Do not add any chemical products to the central heating water without first consulting a water treatment specialist. For example: antifreeze, water softeners, products to increase or reduce the pH value, chemical additives and/or inhibitors. These may cause faults in the boiler and damage the heat exchanger.



### Important

- Flush the installation with at least 3 times the volume of water contained in the central heating system.
- Flush the DHW circuit with at least 20 times its volume of water.

The water in the installation must comply with following characteristics:

Tab.13 Heating water specifications

Specification	Unit	Total output of the in	Total output of the installation (kW)					
Specification	Offic	≤ 70	70 - 200	200 - 550	> 550			
Degree of acidity (untreated water)	рН	7.5 - 9.5	7.5 - 9.5	7.5 - 9.5	7.5 - 9.5			
Degree of acidity (treated water)	рН	7.5 - 9.5	7.5 - 9.5	7.5 - 9.5	7.5 - 9.5			
Conductivity at 25°C	μS/cm	≤ 800	≤ 800	≤ 800	≤ 800			
Chlorides	mg/litre	≤ 50	≤ 50	≤ 50	≤ 50			
Other components	mg/litre	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1			
Totalstan band	°f	1 - 35	1 - 20	1 - 15	1 - 5			
Total water hard- ness (1)	°dH	0.5 - 20.0	0.5 - 11.2	0.5 - 8.4	0.5 - 2.8			
11000	mmol/litre	0.1 - 3.5	0.1 - 2.0	0.1 - 1.5	0.1 - 0.5			

<sup>(1)</sup> For installations with constant heating and a maximum total system output of 200 kW, the appropriate maximum total water hardness is 8.4°dH (1.5 mmol/l, 15°f). For installations of more than 200 kW, the appropriate maximum total hardness is 2.8°dH (0.5 mmol/l, 5°f).



### Important

If water treatment is necessary, De Dietrich recommends the following manufacturers:

- Cillit
- Climalife
- Fernox
- Permo
- Sentinel

# 5.2.2 Gas supply

- Before mounting, check that the gas meter has sufficient capacity (in m³/h). To do this, you should bear in mind the consumption of all appliances. If the capacity of the gas meter is too low, inform the gas supply company.
- The boilers are preset to run on G20 gas (gas H) and can be adapted to run with the following gases:
  - G25 (gas L),
  - G31 (gas P),

# i

### Important

To use a different type of gas, contact an approved assistance service.

# 5.2.3 Electrical power supply

Power supply voltage	230 V AC/50 Hz
113	



#### Caution

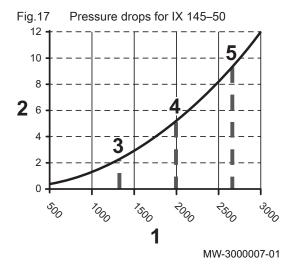
Please ensure the polarities shown on the terminals are followed, i.e live (L), neutral (N) and earth (  $\div$  )

# 5.2.4 Circulating pump

The boiler's water flow rates must be higher than or equal to the specifications in the table below:

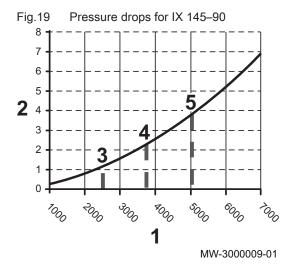
Tab.14 Water flow rates in the boiler

Working flow rate with the low-loss header kit	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Minimum flow rate	litres/hour	800	1500	2000	2250
Maximum flow	litres/hour	2450	3500	4600	4800

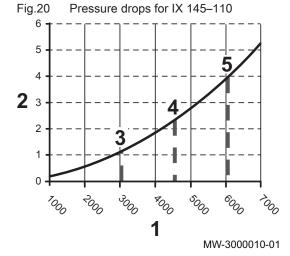


- 1 Q flow rate (litres/hour)
- 2 {3}H pressure in metres of water column (mWC)
- 3 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 1330 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 30 °C
- 4 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 2000 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 20 °C
- 5 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 2660 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 15 °C
- ΔT Temperature difference between the flow water and the return water in the boiler

- 1 Q flow rate (litres/hour)
- 2 H pressure in metres of water column (mWC)
- 3 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 1920 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 30  $^{\circ}C$
- 4 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 2880 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 20 °C
- 5 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 3840 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 15 °C
- ΔT Temperature difference between the flow water and the return water in the boiler



- 1 Q flow rate (litres/hour)
- 2 H pressure in metres of water column (mWC)
- 3 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 2510 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 30  $^{\circ}C$
- 4 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 3760 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 20 °C
- 5 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 5020 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 15 °C
- Temperature difference between the flow water and the return water in the boiler



- 1 Q flow rate (litres/hour)
- 2 H pressure in metres of water column (mWC)
- 3 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 3010 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 30 °C
- 4 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 4520 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 20 °C
- 5 Operating water flow rate at nominal heat output = 6020 litres/hour where  $\Delta T$  = 15 °C
- Temperature difference between the flow water and the return
   water in the boiler

## 5.3 Choice of the location

Before mounting the boiler, decide on the ideal position for mounting, bearing in mind any Directives and the dimensions of the appliance.

#### Caution

Install the thermodynamic water heater in a frost-free environment.



Install the boiler on a solid, stable structure able to bear its weight.



#### Caution

Do not stock chloride or fluoride compounds close to the boiler. They are particularly corrosive and may contaminate the combustion air. Chloride and fluoride compounds are present in aerosol sprays, paints, solvents, cleaning products, washing products, detergents, glues, snow clearing salts.



#### Caution

Do not store, even temporarily, explosive or easily combustible materials in the boiler room or near the boiler.



Use plugs for the intake of air and discharge of combustion gases observing the prevailing regulations and directives.



Connect the condensate discharge to the waste water near the boiler.



#### Caution

France: Abide by the regulatory provisions of the Order of 23 June 1978 and the ATG C 321.4

#### 5.3.1 Ventilation

To allow the intake of combustion air, sufficient ventilation must be provided in the boiler room, for which the cross section and position must satisfy the regulations in force in the country in which the boiler is installed:

Germany	Boilers with a nominal output of less than 70 kW:
	<ul> <li>DTU P 45-204:         Gas installations (formerly DTU No. 61-1 - Gas installations - April 1982 + addendum no 1 July 1984).     </li> <li>For boilers with a nominal output of between 25 and 70 kW: in the case of a direct air supply, the cross section of mandatory ventilation must have a minimum surface area of 70 cm<sup>2</sup>.</li> </ul>
Germany	Boilers with a nominal output of more than 70 kW:
	<ul> <li>DTU 65.4 (NF P 52-221): gas installations. For boilers with a nominal output of more than 70 kW: top and bottom ventilation mandatory Top ventilation: the cross section of the ventilation must be equal to half the total cross section of the flue gas pipes with a minimum of 2.5 dm². Bottom ventilation: the cross section (in dm²) of the direct air supply must be more than or equal to (0.86 x P) / 20. P is the nominal output of the boiler (in kW). Example for a 70 kW boiler: (0.86 x 70) / 20 = 3.01 dm²</li> </ul>

If the boiler is installed in closed premises, respect the minimum dimensions given in the diagram below. Also allow for openings to obviate the following hazards:

- · Accumulation of gas
- · Overheating of the premises
- · All countries except Great Britain: Minimum cross section of the openings:  $S1 + S2 = 150 \text{ cm}^2$

7702703 - v04 - 05092019 29

# ■ Ventilation to be provided for the boilers

Fig.21

# 5.3.2 Overall space needed for the boiler

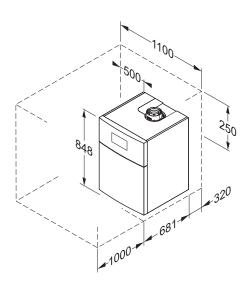
To ensure adequate access to the appliance and facilitate maintenance, allow sufficient space around the boiler, according to the information provided.



# Important

Keep the boiler accessible at all times.

Fig.22 Space to be allowed for the boilers



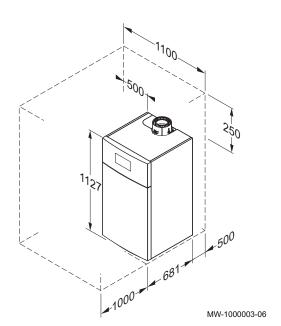
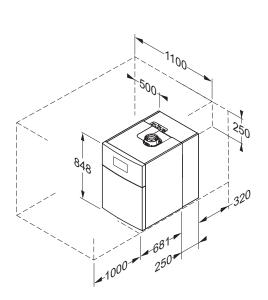
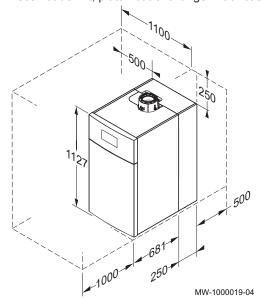


Fig.23 Space to be allowed for boilers equipped with a low-loss header kit, plate heat exchanger kit or cascade kit





# 5.3.3 Data plate

The data plate is located on the back of the boiler. The data plate provides important information regarding the appliance:

- Serial number
- Model
- · Gas category
- · etc.

# $\Lambda$

# Caution

A second data plate is provided in the instructions bag. The second data plate should be affixed to a visible part of the boiler when installation has been completed.

If the boiler is equipped with a hydraulic kit (low-loss header kit, plate heat exchanger kit, cascade kit), a position on the side of the boiler is preferable.



It is important to select a position that allows the sensor to measure the outside conditions correctly and effectively.

### ■ Recommended positions

Place the outside sensor in a position that covers the following characteristics:

- On a façade of the area to be heated, on the north if possible.
- Half way up the wall of the area to be heated.
- Under the influence of changes in the weather.
- · Protected from direct sunlight.
- · Easy to access.

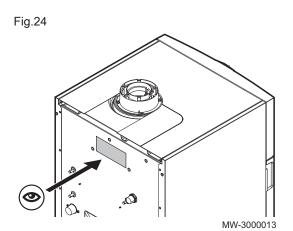
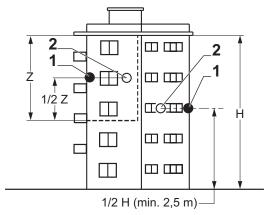


Fig.25



H Inhabited height controlled by the sensor

111

Z Inhabited area controlled by the sensor

- 1 Optimum location
- 2 Possible position

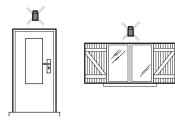
### Positions to be avoided

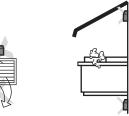
Avoid placing the outside sensor in a position with the following characteristics:

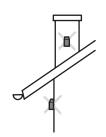
1/2 H (min. 2,5 m)

- Masked by part of the building (balcony, roof, etc.).
- Close to a disruptive heat source (sun, chimney, ventilation grid, etc.).

Fig.26







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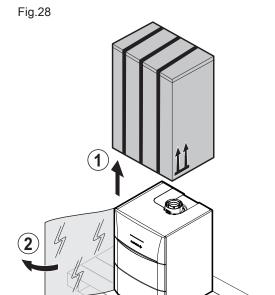
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# 5.4 Transport

## Caution

- Have at least two people standing by.
- Handle the appliance with gloves.
- Transport the pallet carrying the appliance using a pallet truck, a forklift truck or a 4-wheel removals cart.
- Do not use the top cover of the appliance for transport lifting.
- Transport the appliance vertically.

# 5.5 Unpacking & initial preparation



- 1. Remove the cardboard packaging.
- 2. Remove the plastic protection and the polystyrene cover.

# $\Lambda$

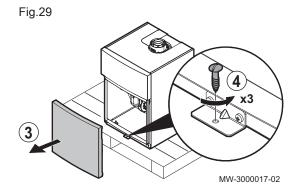
### Caution

- Recycle the cardboard into recycling bins.
- The plastic sleeve and the polystyrene should be put into the household waste.



## Danger

There is a risk of suffocation, keep out of reach of children.



- 3. Remove the front panel by pulling firmly on the notches provided.
- 4. Remove the four screws holding the boiler in place on the pallet.
- 5. Take the condensates hose that you will find in the boiler and connect it to the condensates discharge.
- 6. Put the boiler in its intended position.



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#### Caution

Moving the boiler is a job for two people.

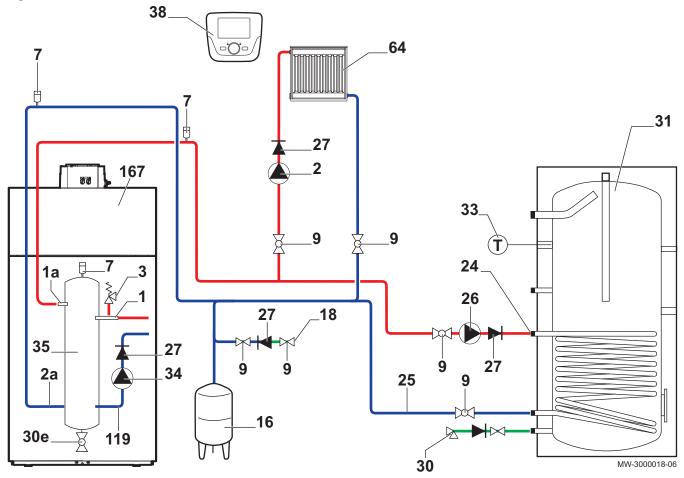
7. Level the boiler using the adjustable feet.

# 6 Connecting diagrams and configuration

# 6.1 One boiler + one direct circuit + one domestic hot water tank

# 6.1.1 Hydraulic connection

Fig.30 Boiler + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank



- 1 Boiler flow
- 1a Heating flow direct circuit
- 2 Heating pump direct circuit
- 2a Heating return direct circuit
- 3 4 bar (0.4 MPa) safety valve
- 7 Automatic air vent
- 9 Isolation valve
- 16 Closed expansion vessel
- 18 Heating circuit fill point

(France: with disconnector according to prevailing regulations)

- 24 Domestic hot water tank exchanger primary inlet
- 25 Domestic hot water tank exchanger primary outlet
- 26 DHW booster pump

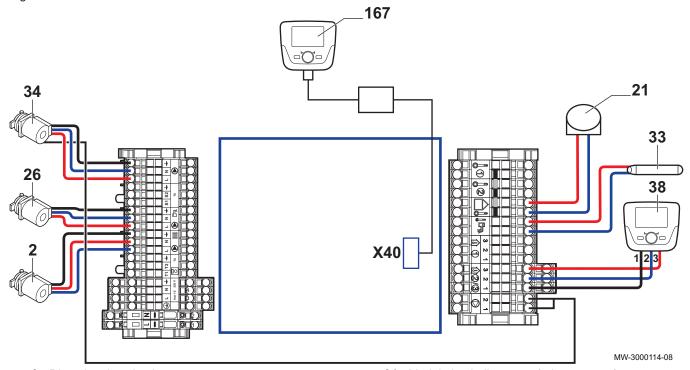
- 27 Non-return valve
- 30 Calibrated and sealed safety unit

France: (7 bar (0.7 MPa) - with opening on the discharge pipe)

- 30e Drain valve
- 31 Independent domestic hot water tank
- 33 Domestic hot water temperature sensor
- **34** Modulating boiler pump (primary pump)
- 35 Low-loss header (accessory)
- 38 Remote control
- **64** Direct heating circuit
- 119 Boiler return
- 167 Boiler control panel

# 6.1.2 Electrical connection

Fig.31 Boiler + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank



- 2 Direct heating circuit pump
- 21 Outside temperature sensor
- 26 DHW booster pump
- 33 Domestic hot water temperature sensor

- **34** Modulating boiler pump (primary pump)
- 38 Remote control
- 167 Boiler control panel
- Important
  Relay the pumps if the current exceeds 1 A max per output.

# 6.1.3 Configuration

- 1. Go to the installer parameters.
- 2. Set/check the following parameters on the boiler:

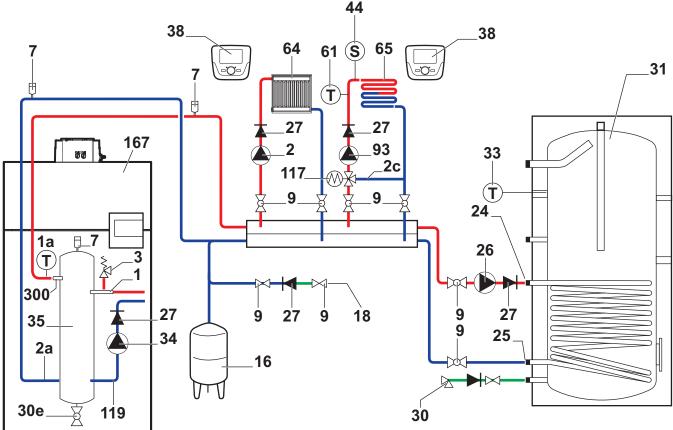
Tab.15 Settings for the boiler + 1 direct zone + 1 domestic hot water tank

Parameter number	Parameter	Adjustment/check required	
5710	Temps / mode CH1	On	
5715	Temps / mode CH2	Off	
5721	Temps / mode CH3	Off	
5730	Hot water sensor	Hot water sensor B3	
5731	HW controlling element	Charging pump	
5890	Relay output QX1	heating pump CH1 Q2	
5891	Relay output QX2	Boiler pump Q1	
5892	Relay output QX3	Hot water ctrl elem Q3	
5931	Sensor input BX2	None	

# 6.2 One boiler + one underfloor heating circuit + one direct circuit + one domestic hot water tank

# 6.2.1 Hydraulic connection

Fig.32 Boiler + 1 underfloor heating circuit + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank



MW-3000019-06

- 1 Boiler flow
- 1a Heating flow sensor
- 2 Direct heating circuit pump
- 2a Heating return
- 2c Three-way valve bypass
- 3 4 bar (0.4 MPa) safety valve
- 7 Automatic air vent
- 9 Isolation valve
- 16 Closed expansion vessel
- 18 Heating circuit fill point

(France: with disconnector according to prevailing regulations)

- 24 Domestic hot water tank exchanger primary inlet
- 25 Domestic hot water tank exchanger primary outlet
- 26 DHW booster pump
- 27 Non-return valve
- 30 Calibrated and sealed safety unit

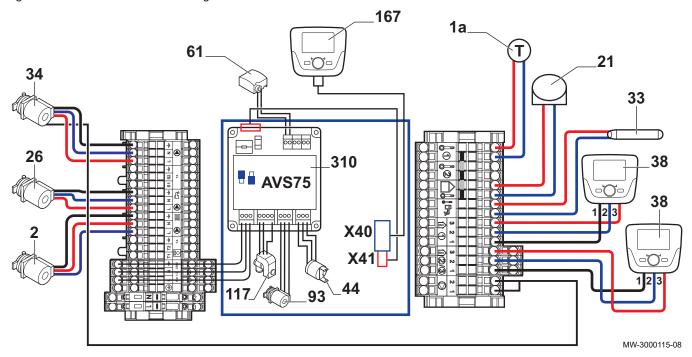
France: (7 bar (0.7 MPa) - with opening on the discharge pipe)

- 30e Drain valve
- 31 Independent domestic hot water tank
- 33 Domestic hot water temperature sensor

- 34 Modulating boiler pump (primary pump)
- 35 Low-loss header (optional)
- 38 Remote control with or without room temperature sensor
- **44** France: 65 °C safety thermostat with manual reset for underfloor heating (DTU 65.8, NF P52-303-1)
  - Austria: safety device to safeguard against overheating: according to the type of underfloor heating
  - Other countries: safety device to safeguard against overheating of the underfloor heating, in accordance with prevailing regulations
- 61 Mixed circuit flow sensor
- **64** Direct heating circuit (example: radiators)
- 65 Heating circuit with mixing valve, may be low temperature heating circuit (underfloor heating or radiators)
- 93 Heating pump for underfloor heating circuit
- 117 Three-way mixing valve
- 119 Boiler return
- 167 Boiler control panel
- 300 Heating flow

#### 6.2.2 Electrical connection

Fig.33 Boiler + 1 underfloor heating circuit + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank



- 1a Heating flow sensor
- 2 Heating pump direct circuit
- 21 Outside temperature sensor
- 26 DHW booster pump
- 33 Domestic hot water temperature sensor
- **34** Modulating boiler pump (primary pump)
- 38 Room temperature sensor
- 44 65 °C safety thermostat with manual reset for underfloor heating (France: DTU 65.8, NF P52-303-1)

- **61** Mixed circuit flow temperature sensor
- 93 Mixed circuit heating pump
- 117 Three-way mixing valve
- **167** Boiler control panel
- 310 AVS75: Option

i Imp

#### Important

Relay the pumps if the current exceeds 1 A max. per output.

#### 6.2.3 Configuration

- 1. Go to the installer parameters.
- 2. Set/check the following parameters on the boiler:

Tab.16 Boiler settings + 1 underfloor heating circuit + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank

Parameter number	Parameter	Adjustment/check required
5710	Temps / mode CH1	On
5715	Temps / mode CH2	On
5721	Temps / mode CH3	Off
5730	Hot water sensor	Hot water sensor B3
5731	HW controlling element	Charging pump
5890	Relay output QX1	heating pump CH1 Q2
5891	Relay output QX2	Boiler pump Q1
5892	Relay output QX3	Hot water ctrl elem Q3
5932	Sensor input BX3	Common flow sensor B10
		Low-loss header sensor pocket
6020	Function extension module 1	Temps / mode CH2
6024	Funct input EX21 module 1	Limit thermostat CH

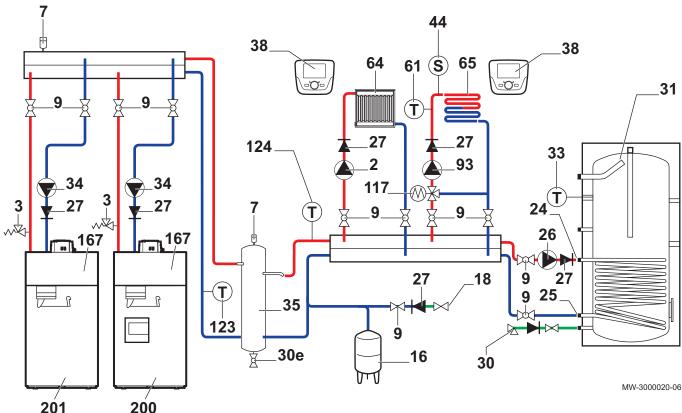
#### For more information, see

Modifying the installer parameters, page 70 List of installer parameters, page 76

# 6.3 Boilers in cascade + one underfloor heating circuit + one direct circuit + one domestic hot water tank

#### 6.3.1 Hydraulic connection

Fig.34 Boilers in cascade + 1 underfloor heating circuit + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank



- 2 Heating pump direct circuit
- 3 4 bar (0.4 MPa) safety valve
- 7 Automatic air vent
- 9 Isolation valve
- 16 Closed expansion vessel
- 18 Heating circuit fill point

(France: with disconnector according to prevailing regulations)

- 24 Domestic hot water tank exchanger primary inlet
- 25 Domestic hot water tank exchanger primary outlet
- 26 DHW booster pump
- 27 Non-return valve
- 30 Calibrated and sealed safety unit

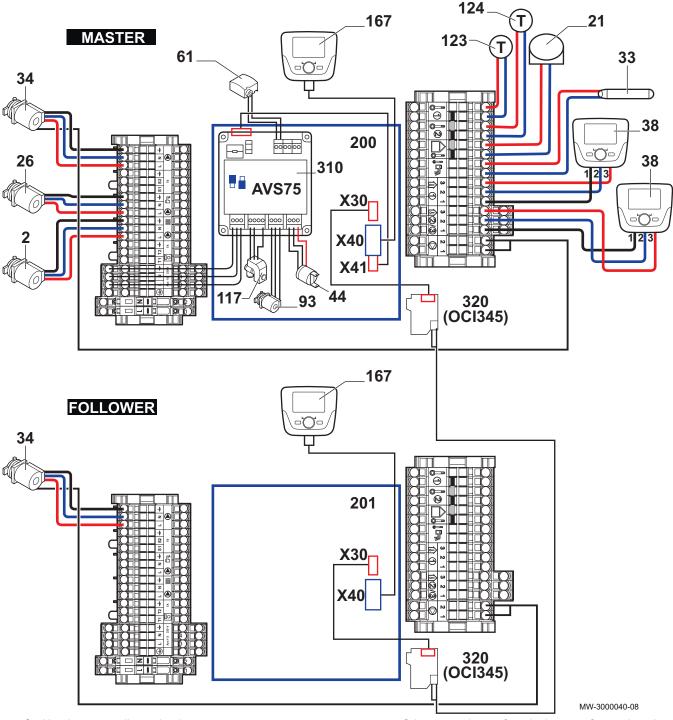
France: (7 bar (0.7 MPa) - with opening on the discharge pipe)

- 30e Drain valve
- 31 Independent domestic hot water tank
- 33 Domestic hot water temperature sensor
- 34 Modulating boiler pump (primary pump)
- 35 Low-loss header
- 38 Remote control with or without room temperature sensor

- France: 65 °C safety thermostat with manual reset for underfloor heating (DTU 65.8, NF P52-303-1)
  - Austria: safety device to safeguard against overheating: according to the type of underfloor heating
  - Other countries: safety device to safeguard against overheating of the underfloor heating, in accordance with prevailing regulations
- 61 Mixed circuit flow sensor
- **64** Direct heating circuit (example: radiators)
- 65 Heating circuit with mixing valve, may be low temperature heating circuit (underfloor heating or radiators)
- 93 Heating pump for underfloor heating circuit
- 117 Three-way mixing valve
- 123 Cascade return sensor
- 124 Cascade flow sensor
- 167 Boiler control panel
- 200 Lead boiler
- 201 Slave boiler

#### 6.3.2 **Electrical connection**

Fig.35 Boilers in cascade + 1 underfloor heating circuit + 1 direct circuit + 1 domestic hot water tank



- 2 Heating pump direct circuit
- 21 Outside temperature sensor
- 26 DHW booster pump
- 33 Domestic hot water temperature sensor
- **34** Modulating boiler pump (primary pump)
- 38 Room temperature sensor
- France: 65 °C safety thermostat with manual reset for underfloor heating (DTU 65.8, NF P52-303-1)

Austria: safety device to safeguard against overheating: according to the type of underfloor heating

Other countries: safety device to safeguard against overheating of the underfloor heating, in accordance with prevailing regulations

- 61 Mixed circuit flow sensor
- 93 Mixed circuit heating pump
- 117 Three-way mixing valve
- 123 Cascade return sensor
- 124 Cascade flow sensor
- **167** Boiler control panel
- 200 Lead boiler
- 201 Slave boiler
- 310 AVS75: option
- 320 OCI345: communication module for cascade (option)

#### Important

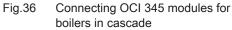
Relay the pumps if the current exceeds 1 A max. per output.

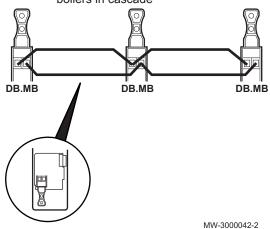
#### 6.3.3 Connecting boilers in cascade with a OCI 345 module

Connect the boilers included in the boiler cascade with OCI 345 modules (electronic devices that handle communication through a BUS link). The OCI 345 modules must be connected to each boiler with three connectors.

Tab.17 Connecting the boiler components in cascade

Component 1	Component 2
OCI 345 module on the boiler	X30 connector on the boiler PCB. (Flat cable supplied with the OCI 345 module)
MB connector of a OCI 345 module	MB connector of a boiler OCI 345 module
DB connector of a OCI 345 module	DB connector of a boiler OCI 345 module





To make the connections between the various MB and DB connectors, use a shielded cable with the following specifications:

Туре	Cross section	Maximum length
HAR H05 VV-F	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	200 m

## 6.3.4 Configuration for 1 master boiler and 1 slave boiler

- 1. Go to the installer parameters on boiler 1 (master boiler).
- 2. Set the following parameters on boiler 1:

Tab.18 Settings on boiler 1 (master boiler)

Parameter number	Parameter	Adjustment required	
5710	Temps / mode CH1	On	
5715	Temps / mode CH2	On	
5721	Temps / mode CH3	Off	
5730	Hot water sensor	Hot water sensor B3	
5731	Sensor input BX2	Common flow sensor B10	
5890	Relay output QX1	heating pump CH1 Q2	
5892	Relay output QX3	Hot water ctrl elem Q3	
5932	Sensor input BX3	Cascade return sensor B70	
6020	Function extension module 1	Temps / mode CH2	
6600	Device address	1	
6640	Clock mode	Master	

3. Go to the installer parameters on boiler 2 (slave boiler).

#### 4. Set the following parameters on boiler 2:

Tab.19 Settings on boiler 2 (slave boiler)

Parameter number	Parameter	Adjustment required
5710	Temps / mode CH1	Off
6600	Device address	2
6640	Clock mode	Slave without remote setting

#### For more information, see

Modifying the installer parameters, page 70 List of installer parameters, page 76

# 6.3.5 Configuration for a master boiler and slave boilers

- 1. Access the installer parameters of the master boiler.
- 2. Set the following parameters on the master boiler:

Tab.20 Configuration of the master boiler in a cascade

Parameter num- ber	Parameter	Adjustment required	Description
6200	Save sensors	Yes	Saving any modifications made. The setting will revert automatically to <b>No</b> immediately after the adjustment.
6630	Cascade master	Always	Identification master boiler
6640	Clock mode	Autonomously	Cascade master boiler clock setting

- 3. Access the installer parameters for the slave boiler(s):
- 4. Set the following parameters on the slave boiler(s).

Tab.21 Cascade configuration of the slave boilers

Parameter num- ber	Parameter	Adjustment required	Description
5710	Temps / mode CH1	Off	
6600	Device address	234	Cascade activation
6640	Clock mode	Slave with remote setting	Setting the slave boiler clock with a master boiler



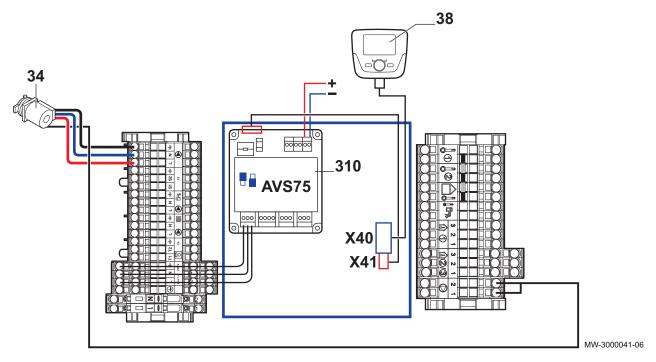
#### Important

 Remember to deactivate Heating circuit 1 so that the thermostatic input on terminal block M1 (1-2) is not taken into account.

#### 6.4 Controlling a boiler in 0-10 V mode

#### 6.4.1 **Electrical connection**

Boiler in 0-10 V mode Fig.37



- Primary pump
- Remote control with or without room temperature sensor

310 AVS75: Option

Important

Relay the pumps if the current exceeds 1 A max. per output.

#### 6.4.2 Configuration of the control system

- 1. Go to the installer parameters.
- 2. Set the following parameters on the boiler:

Tab.22 Boiler settings in 0-10 V mode

Parameter number	Parameter	Adjustment required	
5710	Temps / mode CH1	Off	
6020	Function extension module 1	Multifunctional	
6046	Function input H2 module 1	Consumer request VK1 10V	
6049	Voltage value 1 H2 module 1	<b>O</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	
6050	Funct value 1 H2 module 1	<b>O</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	
6051	Voltage value 2 H2 module 1	10 <sup>(1)</sup>	
6052	Funct value 2 H2 module 1	800 (1)(2)	
(1) Default setting	'		

(2) This parameter setting is an example. The value 800 means that, at 10 V, the set point will be 80°C.

For more information, see Modifying the installer parameters, page 70 List of installer parameters, page 76

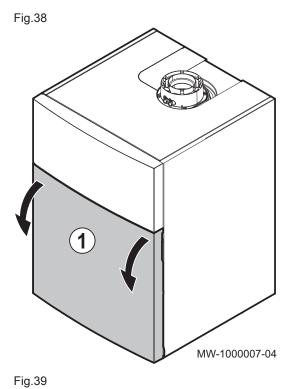
# 7 Installation

# 7.1 General

Installation must be carried out in accordance with the prevailing regulations, codes of practice and the recommendations in this manual.

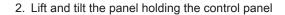
# 7.2 Preparation

#### \_\_\_\_\_



# 7.2.1 Accessing the internal boiler components

1. Remove the front panel by pulling firmly on the notches provided.



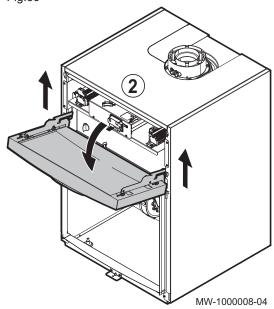
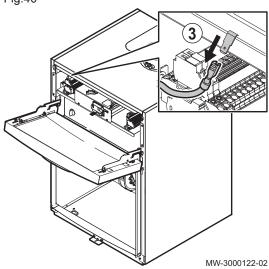
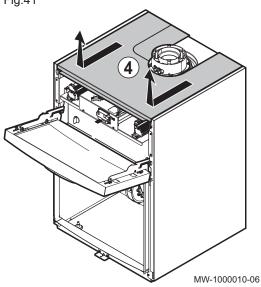


Fig.40



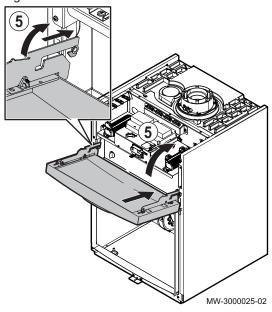
3. Disconnect the earth wire.

Fig.41



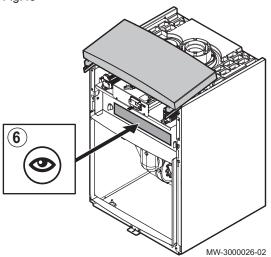
4. Pull the top panel towards you and lift.





5. Unclip the panel for the control panel and place it on the notches provided.

Fig.43



6. Remove the detachable panel if necessary.

# The disassembly instructions can be found on the detachable panel.

# 7.3 Hydraulic connections

## 7.3.1 Connection of the heating circuit

Abide by the mountings shown in the hydraulic diagrams.



#### Caution

- The heating pipe must be mounted in accordance with the provisions applicable.
- If installing stop valves, position the fill/drain valve and the expansion vessel between the stop valves and the boiler.
- Always install a safety valve calibrated to 4 bar on the heating circuit. The safety valve can be connected to a venting pot. The safety valve must not be used to drain the heating circuit.



#### See

If using a hydraulic kit (low-loss header, plate heat exchanger, cascade kit), use the assembly instructions for the kit.



#### Important

The pipes are not provided.

- 1. Remove the anti-dust plug located on the boiler's "heating flow" outlet.
- 2. Connect the "heating circuit flow" pipe to the "heating flow" outlet on the boiler.

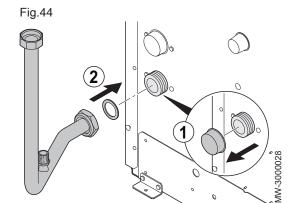


Fig.45

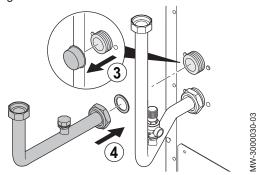


Fig.46

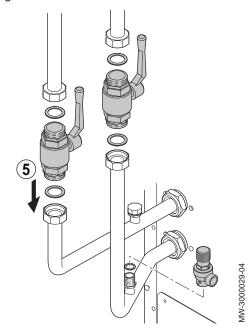
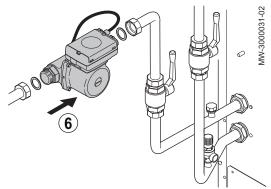


Fig.47



- 3. Remove the anti-dust plug on the "heating return" inlet.
- 4. Connect the "heating circuit return" pipe to the "heating return" inlet on the boiler.

5. Mount the filling and drain valves to the boiler's inlet and outlet (valves not provided).

# i

#### Important

To facilitate maintenance work, we recommend mounting a stop valve on the heating flow and return pipes.



#### Caution

Position the safety valve between the boiler and the stop valve.

6. Mount the circulating pump on the "heating return" pipe (circulating pump not provided).

# 7.3.2 Connecting the expansion vessel

- 1. Determine the volume of the expansion vessel depending on the volume of the installation.
- 2. Connect the expansion vessel to the heating circuit return pipe.

#### Volume of the expansion vessel for the installation

Tab.23 Volume of the expansion vessel depending on the volume of the installation

Initial pressure of	Volume of the installation (in litres)							
the expansion ves- sel	100	125	150	175	200	250	300	> 300
50 kPa (0.5 bar)	4.8	6.0	7.2	8.4	9.6	12.0	14.4	Volume of the installation x 0.048
100 kPa (1 bar)	8.0	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	20.0	24.0	Volume of the installation x 0.080
150 kPa (1.5 bar)	13.3	16.6	20.0	23.3	26.6	33.3	39.9	Volume of the installation x 0.133

Terms and conditions of validity:

- Safety valve calibrated to 0.4 MPa (4 bar).
- Average water temperature: 70°C.
- Heating circuit flow temperature: 80°C.
- Heating circuit return temperature: 60°C.
- Filling pressure in the system lower than or equal to the initial pressure in the expansion vessel.

#### 7.3.3 Connecting the condensate discharge pipe

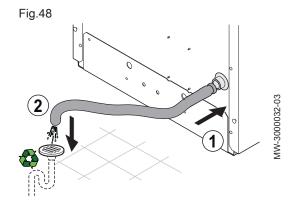
The condensate discharge pipe is located inside the boiler.

- Do not block the condensate discharge pipe.
- Set the discharge pipe at a gradient of at least 30 mm per metre, maximum horizontal length 5 metres.
- Do not drain condensation water into a roof gutter.
- Connect the condensate discharge pipe in accordance with prevailing standards.
- It is preferable to use the condensate neutralisers recommended by the manufacturer of the boiler.
- 1. Connect a plastic hose to the condensate discharge outlet (DN18).
- 2. Insert the other end of the hose into a waste water discharge outlet.



#### Caution

Do not create a siphon using the discharge hose.



## 7.4 Gas connection



#### Warning

Close the main gas valve before starting work on the gas pipes.

The gas pipes are not provided.



#### **Danger**

The diameters of the pipes must be defined in accordance with the standards in force in your country.

- 1. Remove the anti-dust plug located on the boiler's gas inlet.
- 2. Mount a gas stop valve (not provided) on the boiler's gas inlet.

3. Connect the gas inlet pipe to the gas stop valve.



#### Caution

- Ensure that there is no dust in the gas pipe.
- Connect the gas pipe in accordance with prevailing standards and regulations.
- Check the leak-tightness using a leak detector spray.



# For more information, see

Gas supply, page 27

# 7.5 Air supply/flue gas outlet connections

#### 7.5.1 Classification

The discharge and intake pipes must be certified for the appropriate configuration and must meet the requirements of the prevailing installation standards in the country.

The pipes must deliver a maximum pressure drop in compliance with the values given in the table below.

Tab.24 Configurations and recommendations for the flue system

Configuration	Description		
B <sub>23</sub> – B <sub>23P</sub>	<ul> <li>Connection to a chimney using a connection kit (single pipe in a flue, combustion air taken from the boiler room).</li> <li>The maximum pressure drop in the pipes ΔP must not exceed the values given in the table below. The pipes must be certified for this type of use and for a temperature in excess of 100°C.</li> <li>Tab.25 Maximum pressure drop</li> </ul>		
	Model	Maximum pressure drop ΔP (Pa)	
	IX 145–50	200	
	IX 145–70	200	
	IX 145–90	200	
	IX 145–110	200	
C <sub>13</sub>	<ul> <li>Air/flue gas connection using concentric pipes to a horizontal terminal (so-called forced flue).</li> <li>The terminal parts of the singled-up discharge pipe must be scheduled inside a 50 cm square.</li> </ul>		
C <sub>33</sub>	<ul> <li>Air/flue gas connection using concentric pipes to a vertical terminal (roof outlet).</li> <li>The terminal parts of the singled-up discharge pipe must be scheduled inside a 50 cm square.</li> </ul>		
C <sub>43</sub>	<ul> <li>Air/flue gas connection to a collective flue for sealed boilers.</li> <li>The chimney or flue gas pipe must be suitable for such use.</li> </ul>		
C <sub>53</sub>	<ul> <li>Separate air/flue gas connection using a</li> <li>The terminal parts of combustion air intak ned on opposite walls of the building.</li> </ul>	bi-flow adapter. ee and combustion product discharge pipes must not be plan-	

Configuration	Description			
C <sub>63</sub>	<ul> <li>The maximum pressure drop in the pipes ΔP must not exceed the values given in the table below. The pipes must be certified for this type of use and for a temperature of more than 100 °C. The terminal part of the flue gas pipe must be certified as complying with the EN 1856-1 Standard.</li> <li>If installing discharge and intake pipes not supplied by De Dietrich, these must be certified for the type of use scheduled and present a maximum pressure drop in line with the values given in the table below.</li> <li>Tab.26 Maximum pressure drop</li> </ul>			
	Model Maximum pressure drop ΔP (Pa)			
	IX 145–50	270		
	IX 145–70	270		
	IX 145–90	320		
	IX 145–110 370			
C <sub>83</sub>	<ul> <li>Flue gas connection to a collective flue for sealed boilers. The air supply is individual via a terminal coming from outside the building.</li> <li>The chimney or flue gas pipe must be suitable for such use.</li> </ul>			



#### Important

- Only original components are authorised for connection to the boiler and for the terminal.
- The clear section must comply with the standard.
- The chimney must be swept before installing the discharge flue.



#### Caution

Ensure that the flue gas discharge pipes are securely attached to the wall with suitable retaining flanges to prevent any damage and guarantee the tightness of every gasket in the circuit.

#### 7.5.2 Coaxial pipes

Fig.49 Specifications of the coaxial pipes for IX 145–50 and IX 145–70

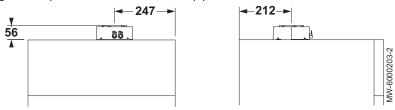
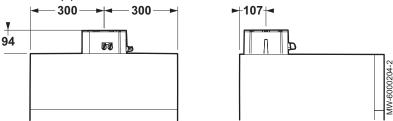


Fig.50 Specifications of the coaxial pipes for IX 145–90 and IX 145–110



This type of pipe is used to discharge exhaust gases and draw in combustion air, whether outside the building or in the flue gas pipes. The 90° coaxial elbow is used to connect the boiler to the discharge/intake pipes in every direction due to the 360° rotation option. It can also be used as an extra elbow in combination with the coaxial pipe or the 45° elbow. If discharging to the outside, the discharge/intake pipe must stick out of the wall by at least 18 mm to allow fitting of the aluminium rosette and its sealing unit and thus prevent any infiltration of water.

- Insertion of a 90° elbow reduces the total length of the pipe by 1 metres.
- Insertion of a 45° elbow reduces the total length of the pipe by 0.5 metres.

## 7.5.3 Separate pipes (not provided)

Fig.51 IX 145-50 and IX 145-70

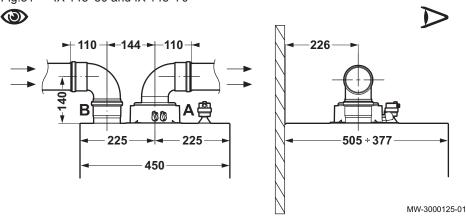
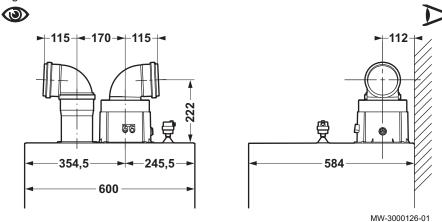


Fig.52 IX 145-90 and IX 145-110



This type of pipe is used to discharge exhaust gases either to the outside of the building or into the individual flue gas pipes. Combustion air can be taken in from zones different from the discharge zones. The two-way accessory includes a discharge fitting  $\emptyset$  110 mm and an air intake fitting  $\emptyset$  110 mm.

The  $90^{\circ}$  elbow is used to connect the boiler to the discharge and intake pipes according to requirements. It can also be used as an extra elbow to couple to the pipe or to the  $45^{\circ}$  elbow.

- Insertion of a 90° elbow reduces the total length of the pipe by 0.5 metres.
- Insertion of a 45° elbow reduces the total length of the pipe by 0.25
- The first 90° elbow is not taken into account in calculating the maximum length available.

#### 7.5.4 Pipes in cascade (not provided)

These types of pipes are used to discharge the combustion products from several boilers interlinked in cascade via a shared flue gas collector. The collector must be used solely to connect the boilers to the flue gas pipe. The diameters available are 150 mm and 200 mm.

Tab.27 Flue system for boilers in cascade

Boiler model	Maximum number of boilers in cascade				
	Diameter 125 mm (200 kW max)	Diameter 160 mm (250 kW max)	Diameter 200 mm (500 kW max)		
IX 145–50	4	5	10		
IX 145–70	2	3	7		
IX 145–90	/	2	5		
IX 145–110	/	2	4		

# $\Lambda$

#### Caution

For this type of extraction, each boiler must be fitted with a flue gas valve (non-return valve)  $\emptyset$  110/110 mm.



#### Caution

The calculation of the length of the flue gas pipe must be made by a qualified technician during the system design phase, in accordance with the requirements of the prevailing standards.

## 7.5.5 Lengths of the air/flue gas pipes



#### Warning

The discharge and intake pipes must be certified for the adapted configuration and their pressure drops must comply with the values given in the following corresponding table(s).



#### Caution

Be careful that the discharge pipe outlet for combustible products is not directed towards a habitation zone.

## B<sub>23p</sub> configuration

Italy	Ventilation of the premises: in accordance with the UNI CIG 7129–2001 standard.
All countries except Italy	Ventilation of the premises: in accordance with the NFP 45 – 204 or DTU 61.1 standard.

All countries	Lengths L1, L2 and L3 are obtained with Centrotec pipes covered by CE marking and
	the TAD Technical Application Directive.

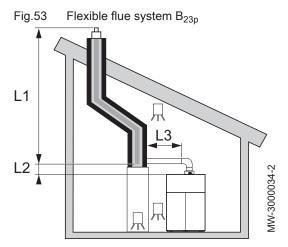


Fig.54 Rigid flue system B<sub>23p</sub>

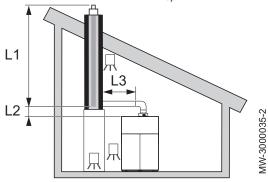
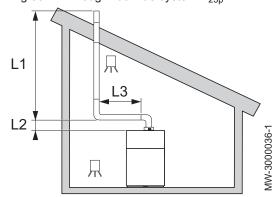


Fig.55 Through-roof flue system B<sub>23p</sub>



## Important

For  $B_{\rm 23p}$  configurations, the lengths given in the tables are valid for horizontal pipes with a maximum length of 1 metre. For each additional metre of horizontal pipe, subtract 1.2 m from the vertical length  $L_{\rm max}$ .

Tab.28 Flue system connection type  $B_{23p}$  for IX 145–50 and IX 145–70

Arrangement	Configuration	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145-50	IX 145–70	IX 145–70
		mm	Ø 80	Ø 110	Ø 80	Ø 110
L3<2m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) rigid	m	20	56	8	56
L3<2m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) flexible	m	15	56	6	38
L3<5m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) rigid	m	_	56	_	56
L3<5m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) flexible	m	_	56	_	38

Tab.29  $\,$  Flue system connection type  $\rm B_{23p}$  for IX 145–90 and IX 145–110

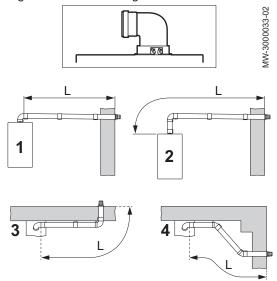
Arrangement	Configuration	Unit	IX 145–90	IX 145–90	IX 145–110	IX 145– 110	IX 145– 110
		mm	Ø 110	Ø 125	Ø 110	Ø 125	Ø 160
L3<2m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) rigid	m	20	56	56	56	_
L3<2m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) flexible	m	-	21	15	_	_
L3<5m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) rigid	m	24	56	_	43	56
L3<5m + 2 elbows	(L1 + L2) flexible	m	13	_	_	_	_

# ■ C<sub>13</sub> Configuration

Important

Pipes subject to technical evaluation 14 08-1289.

Fig.56 Maximum length of the connections



Tab.30 Maximum length for configuration C<sub>13</sub>

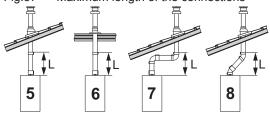
Configuration	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
	mm	Ø 80 / Ø 125	Ø 80 / Ø 125	Ø 110 / Ø 160	Ø 110 / Ø 160
1	m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m
2	m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m
3	m	L<9 m	L<9 m	L<9 m	L<9 m
4	m	L<9 m	L<9 m	L<9 m	L<9 m

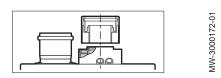
# ■ Configuration C<sub>33</sub>

Important

Pipes subject to technical evaluation 14 08–1289.

Fig.57 Maximum length of the connections





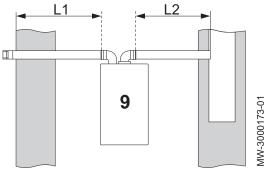
Tab.31 Maximum length for configuration  $C_{33}$ 

Configuration	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
	mm	Ø 80 / Ø 125	Ø 80 / Ø 125	Ø 110 / Ø 160	Ø 110 / Ø 160
5	m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m
6	m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m	L<10 m
7	m	L<8 m	L<8 m	L<8 m	L<8 m
8	m	L<9 m	L<9 m	L<9 m	L<9 m

# Configuration C<sub>53</sub>

important
Pipes subject to technical evaluation 14 08–1289.

Fig.58 Maximum length of the connections



Tab.32 Maximum length for configuration C<sub>53</sub>

Configuration	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
	mm	Ø 80 / Ø 125	Ø 80 / Ø 125	Ø 110 / Ø 160	Ø 110 / Ø 160
9	m	L1<15 m and L1+L2 <60 m (Ø 80)	L<15 m and L1+L2<30 m (Ø 80)	L1<7 m and L1+L2<27 m (Ø 110)	L1<7 m and L1+L2<27 m (Ø 110)

#### 7.6 Flue gas system accessories

A detailed list of flue system accessories can be found in the appendix.

#### 7.7 Electrical connections

#### 7.7.1 Recommendations

- Only qualified professionals may carry out electrical connections, always with the power off.
- Earth the appliance before making any electrical connections.
- France: Earthing must comply with the NFC 15-100 standard.
- Power the appliance via a circuit that includes an omni-polar switch with contact opening distance of 3 mm or more.
- When making electrical connections to the mains, respect the polarities.



#### **Danger**

Position the various electrical cables in such a way that they never touch the heating pipes.

Keep the various electrical cables far enough from the heating pipes so that they cannot be damaged by the effect of the heat.

### 7.7.2 Recommended cable cross section

Decide on the cable according to the following information:

- Distance of the appliance from the power source.
- Upstream protection.
- · Neutral operating conditions.

Tab.33 Specifications of the power cable and the power source

Cable cross section	3 x 1.5 mm²
Curve C (circuit breaker)	10 A
Differential	30 mA

#### Caution

Provide a separate power supply for the pump and a power switch, if necessary.

The output available per outlet is 450 W (2 A, with  $\cos \varphi = 0.7$ ) and the inrush current must be less that 16 A. If the load exceeds either of these values, the control must be relayed using a contactor that must in no circumstances be installed in the control panel. The sum of the currents from all outlets must not exceed 5 A.

## 7.7.3 Wiring the terminal blocks

Use a flat-bladed screwdriver less than 3.5 mm in width.

 Press down the spring on the terminal block with a suitable screwdriver.



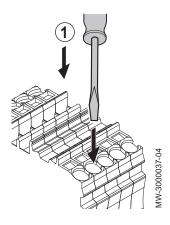
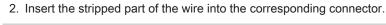


Fig.60





#### Caution

The length to be stripped must be between 10 and 12 mm.

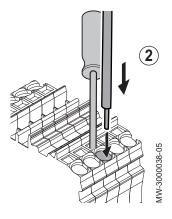
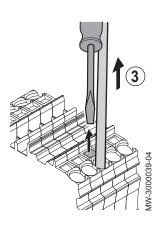
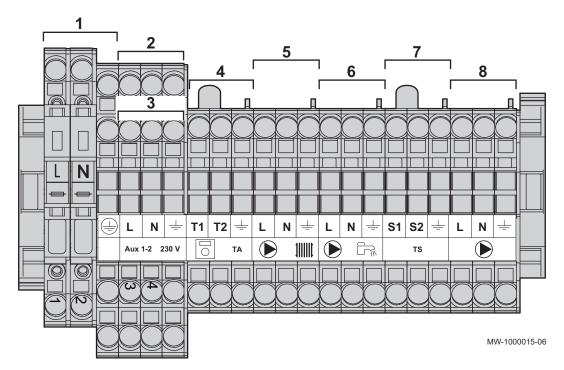


Fig.61



- 3. Release the pressure on the spring.
  - ⇒ The wire is attached.
- 4. Check that the wire is attached by pulling it gently upwards. If it comes out of the housing, repeat step 3.

Fig.62



- 1 Power supply 230 V 50 Hz
- 2 Power supply auxiliary circuit 1
- 3 Power supply auxiliary circuit 2
- 4 Room thermostat H5 (230 V)

- 5 Heating circuit pump QX1
- 6 Domestic hot water pump QX3
- 7 Safety contact
- 8 Boiler pump QX2

# Important

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Terminals 5, 6 and 8 are associated with the QX1, QX3 and QX2 parameters of the Configuration menu

# $\Lambda$

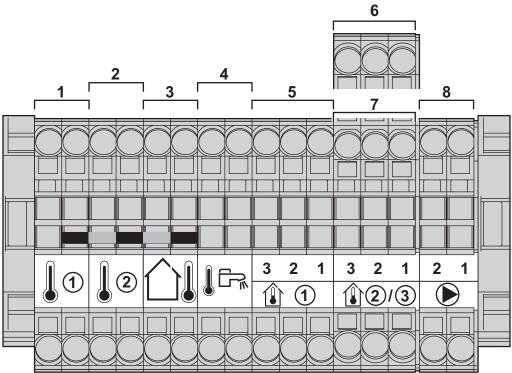
#### Caution

All connections are made to the terminal blocks provided for that purpose in the boiler connection box. The output available per outlet is 180 W (1 A, with  $\cos \varphi = 0.8$ ) and the inrush current must be less that 5 A. If the load exceeds either of these values, the control must be relayed using a contactor that must not be installed in the control panel under any circumstances.

The sum of the currents from all outlets must not exceed 4 A.

#### 7.7.5 Description of the sensor terminal block

Fig.63



MW-1000016-05

- 1 Auxiliary sensor 1 BX3: flow sensor + cascade return connection
- 2 Auxiliary sensor 2 BX2: heating circuits collector flow sensor connection
- 3 Outside sensor

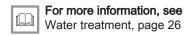
- 4 Domestic hot water sensor
- 5 Room temperature sensor 1
- 6 Room temperature sensor 2
- 7 Room temperature sensor 3
- 8 Boiler pump modulation (PWM)

#### 7.8 Filling the installation

#### 7.8.1 Filling the heating system

Before filling the heating system, rinse it thoroughly.

- 1. Fill the heating system until you reach a pressure of between 0.15 and 0.2 MPa (1.5 and 2 bar).
- 2. Check the tightness of the hydraulic connections.
- 3. Completely vent the heating circuit for optimum running.

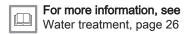


### Flushing new installations and installations less than 6 months old

Before filling the heating installation, it is essential to remove any debris (copper, caulking, soldering flux) from the installation.

1. Clean the installation with a powerful universal cleaner.

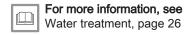
2. Flush the installation with at least 3 times the volume of water contained in the central heating system (until the water runs clear and shows no impurities).



#### Flushing an existing installation

Before filling the heating installation, it is essential to remove any sludge deposits which have accumulated in the heating circuit over the years.

- 1. Remove any sludge from the installation.
- 2. Flush the installation with at least 3 times the volume of water contained in the central heating system (until the water runs clear and shows no impurities).

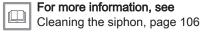


#### 7.8.2 Filling the siphon

- 1. Clean the siphon.
- 2. Completely fill the siphon until it overflows.

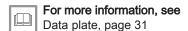


Fill the siphon to the top. If the siphon is empty, there is a danger of poisoning by combustion products.



#### 7.9 Completing installation

- 1. Reconnect the earth wire and put the front panel back in place.
- 2. Discard the various packaging items.
- 3. Affix the data plate found in the instructions bag to a visible part of the boiler.



# 8 Commissioning

#### 8.1 General

Commissioning the boiler is done for first time use, after a prolonged shutdown (more than 28 days) or after any event that would require complete re-installation of the boiler. Commissioning of the boiler allows the user to review the various settings and checks to be made to start up the boiler in complete safety.

## 8.2 Check-list before commissioning

 Check that the gas type supplied matches the data shown on the boiler's data plate.



#### Warning

Do not commission the boiler if the gas supplied does not match the gas types approved for the boiler.

- 2. Check connection of the earth wires.
- Check the tightness of the gas circuit from the non-return valve to the burner.
- Check the hydraulic circuit from the boiler's isolation valves to the connection to the heating body.
- 5. Check the hydraulic pressure in the heating system.
- Check the electricity supply connections to the various boiler components.
- Check the electrical connections on the thermostat and the other external components.
- 8. Check the ventilation in the room in which the system is installed.
- 9. Check the flue gas connections.
- 10. Test the boiler at full load.
- 11. Test the boiler at part load.



#### For more information, see

Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input), page 61 Setting the air/gas ratio (reduced heat input), page 63

#### 8.3 Commissioning procedure

## 8.3.1 Checking the gas inlet



#### **Danger**

Ensure that the boiler is switched off.

- 1. Open the main gas valve.
- 2. Open the gas valve on the boiler.
- 3. Open the front panel.
- Check the gas supply pressure at the pressure outlet on the gas valve unit
- Check the tightness of the gas connections made after the gas valve unit in the boiler.
- Check the tightness of the gas pipe, including any valves, from the non-return valve to the burner. The test pressure must not exceed 0.06 bar (0.006 MPa).
- 7. Vent the gas supply pipe by unscrewing the pressure outlet on the gas valve unit. Close the outlet again when the pipe has been sufficiently vented.
- 8. Check the tightness of the gas connections in the boiler.



#### For more information, see

Stopping the boiler, page 71
Gas valve basic settings, page 64

#### 8.3.2 Checking the electrical connections

- 1. Check for the presence of the recommended circuit breaker.
- 2. Check the electrical connection to the mains.
- 3. Check the connection of the sensors.
- Check the position of the sensors. Respect the distance of the sensors according to the power.
- 5. Check the connection of the circulating pump(s).
- 6. Check the connection of the optional equipment.
- Check the length of the cables and that they are firmly secured in the cable clamps.

#### 8.3.3 Checking the hydraulic circuit

- 1. Check the siphon, which must be completely filled with water.
- 2. Check that there are no leaks on the boiler's hydraulic connections.
- 3. Check the pressure in the expansion vessel before filling the system.

#### 8.3.4 First time commissioning

When commissioning the boiler for the first time, the control panel needs to be synchronised with the boiler. The default setting for the control panel is English.

- 1. Press the Obutton for 5 seconds.
  - ⇒ Synchronisation between the boiler and the control panel starts up and shows its progress from 1% to 100%. Synchronisation may take several minutes.
- 2. Select the language.
- 3. Set the date and time.

	For more information, see
	For more information, see Setting the date and time, page 87
	Selecting the language, page 87

#### 8.4 Gas settings

#### 8.4.1 Configuring the fan speed

The boiler's fan speed has to be configured according to gas type before the gas valve is set.

- 1. Go to the installer parameters.
- 2. Select the **Boiler Settings** menu by turning the button.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
- 4. Modify parameter 2441 **Fan speed heating max** according to the gas type. Use the button to select and modify the parameter.
- Confirm the setting by pressing the O button.
- 6. Select the **Burner control** menu by turning the 🔘 button.
- Modify parameters 9512 Required speed ignition, 9524 Required speed LF and 9529 Required speed HF according to the gas type.
   Use the button to select and modify the parameters.

Use the button to select and modify the paramete

For more information, see

Modifying the installer parameters, page 70

## Fan speed according to gas type

Tab.34 Fan speed for gas type G20

Parameter number	Parameter	Output	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
9524	Required speed LF	minimum	rpm	1500	1270	1250	1300
9524	Required speed LF	minimum for boilers in cas- cade	rpm	1700	1470	1450	1500
9529 2441	Required speed HF Fan speed heating max	maximum	rpm	6650	6450	6500	6900
9512	Required speed ignition	ignition	rpm	2300	2100	2400	2500

Tab.35 Fan speed for gas type G25

Parameter number	Parameter	Output	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
9524	Required speed LF	minimum	rpm	1500	1270	1250	1300
9524	Required speed LF	minimum for boilers in cas- cade	rpm	1700	1470	1450	1500
9529 2441	Required speed HF Fan speed heating max	maximum	rpm	6650	6450	6500	6900
9512	Required speed ignition	ignition	rpm	2300	2100	2400	2500

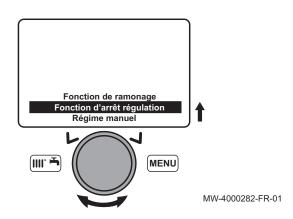
Tab.36 Fan speed for gas type G31

Parameter number	Parameter	Output	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
9524	Required speed LF	minimum	rpm	1500	1270	1500	1300
9524	Required speed LF	minimum for boilers in cascade	rpm	1700	1470	1650	1500
9529 2441	Required speed HF Fan speed heating max	maximum	rpm	6400	6100	6200	6700
9512	Required speed ignition	ignition	rpm	3000	2500	2400	3000



# 8.4.2 Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input)

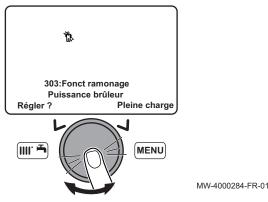
- Access the function 303 Chimney sweep function.
   ⇒ The Chimney sweep function parameter appears.
- 2. Turn the button to select Chimney sweep function.



3. Confirm the selection by pressing the ○ button. 

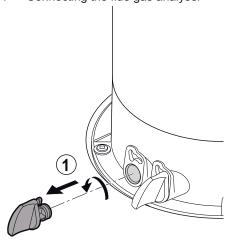
⇒ The function 303 appears.

MW-4000283-FR-01



- 4. Turn the button to select Full load.
- 5. Confirm the selection by pressing the O button.

Fig.64 Connecting the flue gas analyser



- 6. Unscrew the left-hand plug, which corresponds to the flue gas measurement point connection.
- 7. Connect the flue gas analyser to the connection on the left.



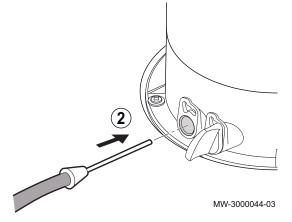
#### Important

- Ensure that the opening around the sensor is completely sealed when taking measurements.
- IX 145–50 and IX 145–70: insert the sensor at least 8 cm into the flue gas measurement point.
- IX 145–90 and IX 145–110: insert the sensor at least 9 cm into the flue gas measurement point.
- 8. Set the boiler's heat input to 100%.
- 9. Measure the percentage of CO<sub>2</sub> in the flue gases.
- 10. Compare the values measured with the set point values in the Control and setting values table.
- 11. If necessary, adjust the air/gas ratio using the gas flow rate adjustment screw.



#### Important

- Turn the gas adjustment screw clockwise to reduce the CO<sub>2</sub> content
- Turn the gas adjustment screw counter-clockwise to increase the CO<sub>2</sub> content.



#### Caution

Be sure to correctly replace the plug after taking a measurement.



#### Important

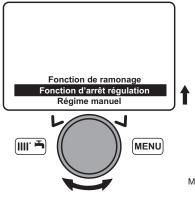
The right-hand connection may be used to analyse the combustion air to make sure that no flue gas is recirculated in the flue system.

#### For more information, see

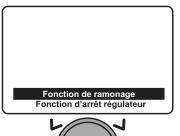
Check-list before commissioning, page 59
CO2 checking and setting values, page 65
Gas valve basic settings, page 64
Using the fixed-speed boiler, page 91
Checking combustion (maximum heat input), page 107

## 8.4.3 Setting the air/gas ratio (reduced heat input)

- 1. Accessing the Chimney sweep function 303 function.
- 2. The **Chimney sweep function** parameter appears.
- 3. Turn the button to select Chimney sweep function.



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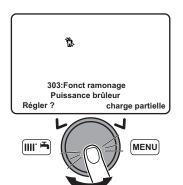


4. Confirm the selection by pressing the 

button.⇒ The 303 function appears.



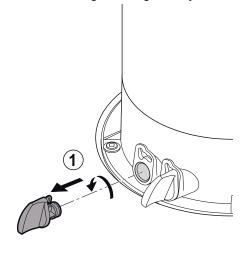
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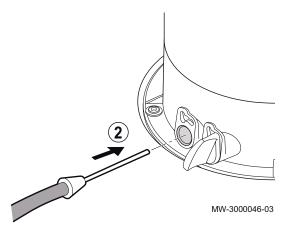


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- 5. Turn the Obutton to select Partial load.
- 6. Confirm the selection by pressing the O button.

Fig.65 Connecting the flue gas analyser





- 7. Unscrew the left-hand plug, which corresponds to the flue gas measurement point connection.
- 8. Connect the flue gas analyser to the connection on the left.

# $\lceil \mathbf{i} \rceil$

#### Important

- Ensure that the opening around the sensor is completely sealed when taking measurements.
- IX 145–50 and IX 145–70: Insert the sensor into the flue gas measurement point to at least 8 cm.
- IX 145–90 and IX 145–110: Insert the sensor into the flue gas measurement point to at least 9 cm.
- 9. Set the boiler's heat input to 0%.
- 10. Measure the percentage of CO<sub>2</sub> in the flue gases.
- 11. Compare the values measured with the authorised CO<sub>2</sub> range in the Control and setting values table.



#### Important

The  $CO_2$  settings range at reduced heat input depends on the  $CO_2$  value measured at maximum heat input.

12. If necessary, adjust the air/gas ratio using the OFFSET adjustment screw.



#### Important

- Turn the gas adjustment screw clockwise to increase the CO<sub>2</sub> content.
- Turn the gas adjustment screw counter-clockwise to reduce the  $\ensuremath{\text{CO}_2}$  content.



#### Caution

Be sure to correctly replace the plug after taking a measurement.



#### For more information, see

Check-list before commissioning, page 59
Gas valve basic settings, page 64
CO2 checking and setting values, page 65
Using the fixed-speed boiler, page 91
Checking combustion (reduced heat input), page 108

#### 8.4.4 Gas valve basic settings

Tab.37 Settings values for a new gas valve

Boiler model	Nominal heat input: Number of turns for the gas flow rate set- tings screw	Minimum heat input: Number of turns for the OFFSET set- tings screw
IX 145–50	12	5 + 3/4
IX 145–70	13	5 + 3/4
IX 145–90	2 + 2/3	5 + 3/4
IX 145–110	2 + 1/3	5 + 3/4

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#### Important

For use with G31 gas, add two extra turns to the OFFSET adjustment screw.

Fig.66 Gas valve for IX 145–50, and IX 1 Gas flow rate setting screw

The settings screw is screwed down as far as it will go and is then unscrewed according to the number of turns given in the above table.

- 2 OFFSET settings screw:
  - 1. Remove the plug
  - 2. Use a 4 mm hexagonal spanner
- 3 Gas supply pressure outlet

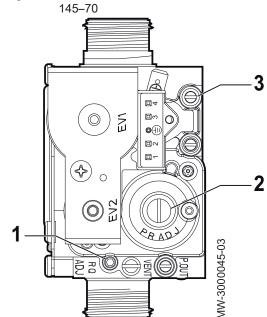
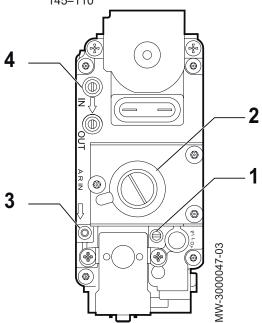


Fig.67 Gas valve for IX 145–90, and IX 145–110



1 Gas flow rate setting screw

The settings screw is screwed down as far as it will go and is then unscrewed according to the number of turns given in the above table.

- 2 OFFSET settings screw:
  - 1. Remove the plug
  - 2. Use a flat-blade screwdriver
- 3 Sealed chamber pressure signal
- 4 Gas supply pressure outlet

#### For more information, see

Checking the gas inlet, page 59

8.4.5 CO<sub>2</sub> checking and setting values

Tab.38 Checking and setting values for gas type G20

	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Diameter of the Venturi	mm	24	30	34	38
Diameter of the nozzles	mm	3.70 (no. 2)	5.30 (no. 2)	5.60 (no. 2)	6.40 (no. 2)
Maximum CO	ppm	< 250	< 250	< 250	< 250

Tab.39 Authorised  $CO_2$  ranges for G20 type gas for IX 145–50, IX 145–70 and IX 145–90

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup> Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	8.5	7.8 - 8.2
%	8.6	7.9 - 8.3
%	8.7	8.0 - 8.4
%	8.8	8.1 - 8.5
%	8.9	8.2 - 8.6
%	9.0 <sup>(2)</sup>	8.3 - 8.7
%	9.1	8.4 - 8.8
%	9.2	8.5 - 8.9
%	9.3	8.6 - 9.0
%	9.4	8.7 - 9.1
%	9.5	8.8 - 9.2

<sup>(1)</sup> The CO<sub>2</sub> value is valid with the front panel mounted. If the front panel is removed (open chamber), the value readout is lower by 0.2 %.(2) Nominal value.

Tab.40 Authorised CO<sub>2</sub> ranges for G20 type gas for IX 145–110

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	8.7	8.2 - 8.6
%	8.8	8.3 - 8.7
%	8.9	8.4 - 8.8
%	9.0	8.5 - 8.9
%	9.1	8.6 - 9.0
%	9.2(2)	8.7 - 9.1
%	9.3	8.8 - 9.2
%	9.4	8.9 - 9.3
%	9.5	9.0 - 9.4
%	9.6	9.1 - 9.5
%	9.7	9.2 - 9.6

<sup>(1)</sup> The CO<sub>2</sub> value is valid with the front panel mounted. If the front panel is removed (open chamber), the value readout is lower by 0.2 %.(2) Nominal value.

Tab.41 Checking and setting values for gas type G25

	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Diameter of the Venturi	mm	24	30	34	38
Diameter of the nozzles	mm	4.20 (no. 2)	Variable mixer noz- zles: top part with a diameter of 5.70 mm, bottom part with a diameter of 6.50 mm.	6.30 (no. 2)	Variable mixer noz- zles: top part with a diameter of 6.80 mm, bottom part with a diameter of 7.70 mm.
Maximum CO	ppm	< 250	< 250	< 250	< 250

Tab.42 Authorised  $CO_2$  ranges for G25 type gas for IX 145–50, IX 145–70 and IX 145–90

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	8.5	7.8 - 8.2
%	8.6	7.9 - 8.3
%	8.7	8.0 - 8.4
%	8.8	8.1 - 8.5
%	8.9	8.2 - 8.6
%	9.0(2)	8.3 - 8.7
%	9.1	8.4 - 8.8

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	9.2	8.5 - 8.9
%	9.3	8.6 - 9.0
%	9.4	8.7 - 9.1
%	9.5	8.8 - 9.2

<sup>(1)</sup> The CO<sub>2</sub> value is valid with the front panel mounted. If the front panel is removed (open chamber), the value readout is lower by 0.2 %.(2) Nominal value.

#### Tab.43 Authorised CO<sub>2</sub> ranges for G25 type gas for IX 145–110

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	8.7	8.2 - 8.6
%	8.8	8.3 - 8.7
%	8.9	8.4 - 8.8
%	9.0	8.5 - 8.9
%	9.1	8.6 - 9.0
%	9.2(2)	8.7 - 9.1
%	9.3	8.8 - 9.2
%	9.4	8.9 - 9.3
%	9.5	9.0 - 9.4
%	9.6	9.1 - 9.5
%	9.7	9.2 - 9.6

<sup>(1)</sup> The CO<sub>2</sub> value is valid with the front panel mounted. If the front panel is removed (open chamber), the value readout is lower by 0.2 %.

Tab.44 Checking and setting values for gas type G31

	Unit	IX 145–50	IX 145–70	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
Diameter of the Venturi	mm	24	30	34	38
Diameter of the nozzles	mm	2.95 (no. 2)	4.0 (no. 2)	4.5 (no. 2)	5.0 (no. 2)
Maximum CO	ppm	< 250	< 250	< 250	< 250

Tab.45 Authorised  $CO_2$  ranges for G31 type gas for IX 145–90

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	9.5	9.0 - 9.4
%	9.6	9.1 - 9.5
%	9.7	9.2 - 9.6
%	9.8	9.3 - 9.7
%	9.9	9.4 - 9.8
%	10.0(2)	9.5 - 9.9
%	10.1	9.6 - 10.0
%	10.2	9.7 - 10.1
%	10.3	9.8 - 10.2
%	10.4	9.9 - 10.3
%	10.5	10 - 10.4

<sup>(1)</sup> The CO<sub>2</sub> value is valid with the front panel mounted. If the front panel is removed (open chamber), the value readout is lower by 0.2 %.

Tab.46 Authorised CO<sub>2</sub> ranges for G31 type gas for IX 145–50, IX 145–70 and IX 145–110

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	9.5	8.8 - 9.2
%	9.6	8.9 - 9.3
%	9.7	9.0 - 9.4

<sup>(2)</sup> Nominal value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Nominal value.

Unit	CO <sub>2</sub> at maximum power <sup>(1)</sup>	Authorised CO <sub>2</sub> range at minimum power <sup>(1)</sup>
%	9.8	9.1 - 9.5
%	9.9	9.2 - 9.6
%	10.0(2)	9.3 - 9.7
%	10.1	9.4 - 9.8
%	10.2	9.5 - 9.9
%	10.3	9.6 - 10.0
%	10.4	9.7 - 10.1
%	10.5	9.8 - 10.2

<sup>(1)</sup> The CO<sub>2</sub> value is valid with the front panel mounted. If the front panel is removed (open chamber), the value readout is lower by 0.2 %.(2) Nominal value.

# i

#### Important

The amount of  $CO_2$  permitted at minimum power depends on the amount of  $CO_2$  measured at maximum power. In accordance with the new standard EN15502 for gas boilers, the settings ranges for  $CO_2$  at minimum power are indicated for each  $CO_2$  value measured at maximum power.

# 8.4.6 Adapting the boiler to a different type of gas



#### Caution

Only a fully trained, qualified professional may carry out the following operations.

The boiler is pre-set in the factory to run on natural gas **H** (**G20**). Conversion kits are available for other types of gas **G25** and **G31**.

- 1. Close the mains gas valve.
- 2. Remove the pipe connecting the Venturi to the gas valve.

Tab.47 Connection pipe

Reference	Model
Α	IX 145–50
В	IX 145–70
	IX 145–90
	IX 145–110

Fig.68

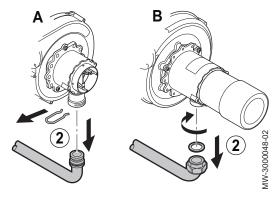
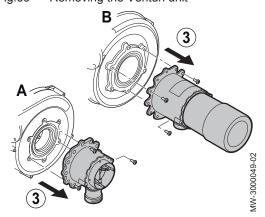


Fig.69 Removing the Venturi unit



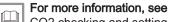
- 3. Remove the Venturi unit.
- 4. Replace the original Venturi unit with the Venturi unit provided in the conversion kit.

#### 5. Remount the connection pipe to the gas valve

Tab.48 Torque load

Reference	Model	Fastening Venturi end	Fastening gas valve end
Α	IX 145–50	Clip	G1" nut, torque: 40 N·m
В	IX 145–70	Nut, Torque: 40 N·m	Nut, Torque: 40 N·m
	IX 145–90		
	IX 145–110		

- 6. Open the mains gas valve.
- 7. Check the tightness of the assembly and ensure that there are no leaks.
- 8. Set the gas valve according to the parameters given in the conversion kit manual.
- 9. Set the fan speed according to the new gas type.
- 10. Set the air/gas ratio.
- 11. Replace the gas setting label with the one delivered with the boiler and tick the corresponding gas setting.

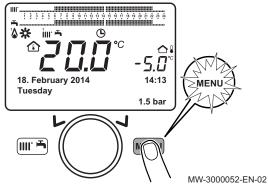


CO2 checking and setting values, page 65
Setting the air/gas ratio (reduced heat input), page 63
Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input), page 61

#### Operation 9

#### 9.1 Use of the control panel

Fig.70



#### 9.1.1 Modifying the user parameters

1. Press the key to access the parameters.

Important

Press the key to return to the main display.

 $\Rightarrow$  The user parameters can now be accessed. Use the  $\bigcirc$  button to select and modify them.

For more information, see List of user parameters, page 74

#### 9.1.2 Modifying the installer parameters

1. Press the key to access the parameters.



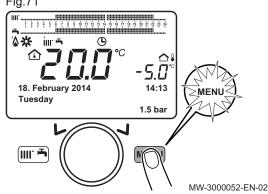
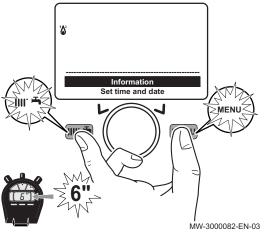


Fig.72



- 2. Press the and keys simultaneously for at least 6 seconds.
- 4. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
- Important i

Press the key to return to the main display.

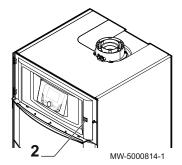
⇒ The parameters for the Commissioning mode can now be accessed. Use the O button to select and modify them.

For more information, see List of installer parameters, page 76

#### 9.2 Starting up the boiler

1. Open the gas cock.

Fig.73



- 2. Start up the boiler by pressing the ON/OFF switch.
- 3. Press the key to access the shortcuts menu.
- 4. Select the **Standby/operation** parameter by turning the 🔘 button.
- 5. Press the O button to start up the boiler.
  - ⇒ The **(** symbol disappears.

#### 9.3 Stopping the boiler

i Important

Choose the operating mode Off or Standby.

- 1. Switch off the boiler by pressing the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Close the gas cock.

### 9.3.1 Putting the boiler in Standby mode

- 1. Press the we key to access the shortcuts menu.
- 2. Select the **Standby/operation** parameter by turning the 🔘 button.
- 3. Press the O button to put the boiler in standby.
  - ⇒ The **(** symbol is displayed.

#### 9.4 Frost Protection

The electronic management system of the boiler includes protection against frost. If the water temperature falls below 5°C, the burner starts up in order to provide a water temperature of 30°C.

This function only works if the boiler is turned on, the gas supply open and the hydraulic pressure correct.

#### 9.4.1 Activating the Off

- 1. Press the key to access the shortcuts menu.
- Select the parameter Central heating mode CH1 by turning the button.
- 3. Confirm the selection by pressing the O button.
- 4. Select the parameter **Off** by turning the button.
- 5. Confirm the selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The **(** symbol is displayed.

i

Important

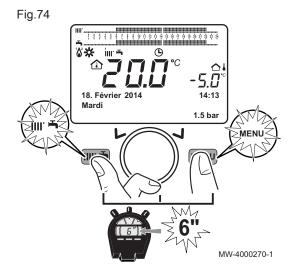
When the operating mode Off is activated:

- The electrical circuits continue to be powered up.
- The frost protection function is activated.

## 9.5 Special functions

Tab.49

Number and Name of the function	Description
301:Manual control	The boiler operates in heating mode according to the programmed temperature set point value.  Adjustment range: 25 to 90 °C
303:Chimney sweep function	<ul> <li>Full load: boiler at its maximum heat output,</li> <li>Part load: reduced heat output,</li> <li>Heating full load: heating function at its maximum heat output.</li> </ul>
304:Controller stop	Activate this function to facilitate the gas valve calibration operations.  Adjustment range: 100 % (maximum heat output) to 0 % (reduced heat output).



To activate a special function:

- 1. From the main menu, simultaneously press the keys for approximately 6 seconds.
  - ⇒ The name of the functions 301–303–304 flashes.
- 2. Turn the 🗑 button to select the required function.
- 3. Press the O button to activate the selected function.
- 4. Confirm the selection by pressing the button.
   ⇒ The menu for the selected function flashes.
- 5. Modify by turning the Obutton

# Important

To manually interrupt the function, repeat the procedure described above. When the function is deactivated, the display indicates

# 10 Settings

# 10.1 List of parameters

#### 10.1.1 Shortcuts menu

Tab.50 Functions accessible with the shortcut key

Parameter	Description	Adjustment range
Standby/operation	Boiler standby/Start-up.	• Standby : Boiler put on standby The symbol 🛈 is displayed.
		<ul> <li>The symbol of stalsplayed.</li> <li>The boiler's operating modes are deactivated.</li> <li>The frost protection function is activated.</li> <li>On: Putting the boiler into operation</li> </ul>
316:Hot water boost	Forcing domestic hot water production.	On:    Activates the domestic hot water override.
		<ul> <li>The symbol is displayed.</li> <li>If a domestic hot water tank is connected to the boiler circuit, the boiler will give priority to forcing heating of the DHW tank, independently of the other parameters.</li> <li>Off: Deactivates forcing of domestic hot water.</li> </ul>
Central heating mode CH1	Boiler operating mode.	On:     The heating is activated in Comfort mode.
		- The symbols ☆, iiii and w are displayed.  • Reduced:  - The heating is activated in Eco mode.
		<ul> <li>The symbols (, ) and are displayed.</li> <li>Timed:</li> <li>The heating operates according to the defined tim-</li> </ul>
		er programs.
		- The symbols  and  and iiii are displayed.
		- The boiler is shut down and frost protection is active.
		- The symbol <b>①</b> is displayed.
Room temperature CH1	Room temperature setpoint in comfort mode.	Can be adjusted between 16 and 35 °C.
Hot water heating	Setting domestic hot water production.	On : Enables domestic hot water production.     Off :
		- Disables domestic hot water production.
		<ul><li>The symbol  disappears from the display.</li><li>Eco: Not used.</li></ul>
Hot water temp setpoint	Domestic hot water temperature set point.	Can be adjusted between 35 and 60 °C.

# 10.1.2 Information menu

Tab.51 Information menu

Information	Description	Unit
Room temperature	Is displayed if the control system unit is configured as a room	
Room temperature min	temperature appliance	
Room temperature max		
Boiler temperature	Boiler flow temperature	°C
Outside temp	Outdoor temperature	°C

Information	Description	Unit
Outside temp min	Minimum outside temperature value memorised  Important The outside sensor must be connected.	°C
Outside temp max	Maximum outside temperature value memorised  Important The outside sensor must be connected.	°C
Hot water temp 1	Domestic hot water temperature  Important The value displayed comes from the sensor on the boiler's domestic hot water circuit.	°C
Collector temp 1	Instantaneous temperature of the solar panel sensor (when associated to a solar system)	°C
State central heating CH1	Operating mode of heating circuit 1	
State central heating CH2	Operating mode of heating circuit 2	
State central heating CH3	Operating mode of heating circuit 3	
State hot water	Domestic hot water circuit operating mode	
State boiler	Boiler operating mode	
State solar	Indicates solar running (when associated to a solar system)	-
Telephone customer service	Telephone number of the After Sales Service	

# 10.1.3 List of user parameters

# Tab.52 Structure of the user menu

Menu	Feature			
Set time and date	Setting the time and date			
Operator section	Change Language     Programming lock			
Time program Time hot water	Predefined or custom programs with a maximum of 3 comfort or domestic hot water production ranges for each 24 hours			
Holiday Settings	Eco heating or frost protection mode for a defined period			
Temps / mode CH1 Temps / mode CH2 Temps / mode CH3	Choice of Comfort/Eco/Auto/Standby mode for each heating circuit with reduced or comfort temperature			

# Tab.53 Set time and date menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description
1	Hours / minutes	Setting the time
2	Day / month	Setting the day and the month
3	Year	Setting the year

# Tab.54 Operator section menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory setting
20	Change Language	Setting the interface language	English
27	Programming lock	Setting the programming lock	Off
		Off: the parameters can be displayed and modified     On: the parameters can be displayed but cannot be modified	

Tab.55 **Time program** menu

Parameter number			Parameter	Description
Heating circuit	Heating circuit 2	Heating circuit 3		
500	520	540	Select days	Selecting the days or group of days for the timer program.
514	534	554	Mon-Sun	Selecting a default timer program.
501	521	541	1st Time ON	Start of timer period 1.
502	522	542	1st Time OFF	End of timer period 1.
503	523	543	2nd Time ON	Start of timer period 2.
504	524	544	2nd Time OFF	End of timer period 2.
505	525	545	3rd Time ON	Start of timer period 3.
506	526	546	3rd Time OFF	End of timer period 3.
516	536	556	Default values	Reset the timer programming parameters (Yes / No)

# Tab.56 Time hot water menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description
560	Select days	Selecting the days or group of days for the timer program.
574	Mon-Sun	Selecting a default timer program.
561	1st Time ON	Start of timer period 1.
562	1st Time OFF	End of timer period 1.
563	2nd Time ON	Start of timer period 2.
564	2nd Time OFF	End of timer period 2.
565	3rd Time ON	Start of timer period 3.
566	3rd Time OFF	End of timer period 3.
576	Default values	Reset the timer programming parameters (Yes / No).

# Tab.57 Holiday Settings menu

Parameter number		Parameter	Description	Factory setting	
Heating circuit 1	Heating circuit 2	Heating cir- cuit 3			
641	651	661	Select	Selecting the holiday period	Period 1
642	652	662	Start	Selecting the day and month of the start of the current holiday period.	
643	653	663	End	Selecting the day and month of the end of the current holiday period.	
648	658	668	Operating level	Boiler operating mode during the holiday period.  Off Reduced	Off

Tab.58 Temps / mode CH1 - Temps / mode CH2 - Temps / mode CH3 menu

Parameter number		Parameter	Description	Factory setting	
Heating circuit 1	Heating circuit 2	Heating cir- cuit 3			
700	1000	1300	Operating mode	<ul> <li>The control unit is installed on the boiler:</li> <li>Off: heating is deactivated.</li> <li>Timed: the heating is dependent on the timer program.</li> <li>Reduced: heating is in permanent reduced mode.</li> <li>On: heating is in permanent reduced mode.</li> <li>The control unit is installed as a room temperature control system:</li> <li>Off: the boiler starts up when the room temperature falls below the frost protection set point.</li> <li>Timed: the heating is dependent on the timer program.</li> <li>Reduced: the room temperature set point is the reduced set point (Parameters 712, 1010, 1310)</li> <li>On: the room temperature set point is the comfort set point (Parameters 710, 1010, 1310)</li> </ul>	On
710	1010	1310	Comfort setpoint		20 °C
712	1012	1310	Reduced temp setpoint		16 °C

# 10.1.4 List of installer parameters

Tab.59 Structure of the installer menu

Menu	Sub-menu
Installer	Operator section
	Temps / mode CH1
	Temps / mode CH2
	Temps / mode CH3
	Temps / mode hot water
	Boiler Settings
	Solar
	Configuration
	Error
	Service/special operation
	State
	Diagnostics heat generation
	Burner control

Tab.60 Operator section menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
24	Lighting	Off     Temporarily     Permanently	Temporarily
29	Units	• °C, bar • °F, PSI	°C, bar

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
40	Used as	<ul> <li>Operator unit 1: The control system unit is installed on the boiler.</li> <li>Room unit 1: The control system unit is configured as a room temperature unit for heating circuit 1.</li> <li>Room unit 2: The control system unit is configured as a room temperature unit for heating circuit 2.</li> <li>Room unit 3: The control system unit is configured as a room temperature unit for heating circuit 3.</li> </ul>	Operator unit
42	Assignment device 1	As Room Temperature Unit 1, the action of the control system unit can be assigned to CC1 or to two heating circuits:  • Temps / mode CH1  • Central heating 1 and 2  • Central Heating 1 and 3  • All central heatings	All central heatings
43	Action operation	Locally: The room temperature unit controls only the respective heating circuit.     Centrally: Only room temperature unit 1 can be centralised. It also controls the domestic hot water and standby mode.	Centrally
54	Readjustment room sensor	-3°C to +3°C	0 °C
70	Software version		

# Tab.61 Temps / mode CH1 – Temps / mode CH2 – Temps / mode CH3 menus

Paramete	er number		Parameter	Description	Unit	Factory set-
Heating circuit 1	Heating circuit 2	Heating circuit 3				ting
714	1014	1314	Frost protection setpoint		°C	6
720	1020	1320	Heating curve slope	Heating curve gradient: The regulator calculates the flow temperature set point which is used for the control system, according to outside weather conditions.	_	Heating circuit 1: 1.5     Heating circuit 2: 1.5     Heating circuit 3: 1.5
730	1030	1330	Summer/winter heating limit	Limit temperature for switching between Heating/Protection mode. Triggers or shuts down the heating in the course of the year according to variations in outside temperature. This switch is made automatically in Automatic Mode.		20
732	1032	1332	24-hour heating limit	The heating is shut down when the outside temperature is equal to the room temperature + parameter 732 (deactivated in Comfort mode).	°C	0
740	1040	1340	Flow temp setpoint min	The flow set point calculated is limited by the set value.	°C	25
741	1041	1341	Flow temp setpoint max	The flow set point calculated is limited by the set value.	°C	80
742	1042	1342	Flow temp setpoint room stat	The set flow value is applied in room temperature thermostat mode. '' the boiler is running in modulation mode.	°C	80

Paramete	r number		Parameter	Description	Unit	Factory set-
Heating circuit 1	Heating circuit 2	Heating circuit 3				ting
750	1050	1350	Room influence	<ul> <li>Influence of the room temperature and the outside temperature on calculating the flow temperature:%: Simple regulation in accordance with outside weather conditions:</li> <li>199%: Regulation in accordance with outside weather conditions with room temperature influence.</li> <li>100%: Regulation in accordance with the room temperature only.</li> </ul>	%	50
760	1060	1360	Room temp limitation	Cuts the circulating pump if the room temperature exceeds the current set point + parameter 760, 1060, 1360.	°C	0.5
809	1109	1409	Continuous pump operation	No: The heating circuit / boiler pump may be shut down during an accelerated decline in temperature or when the room temperature set point is reached. Yes: The heating circuit / boiler pump also continues to run during the accelerated decline in temperature and when the room temperature set point is reached.	-	No
834	1134	1434	Actuator running time	Setting the stroke of the servomotor on the mixing valve used	seconds	30
850	1150	1450	Floor curing function	<ul> <li>Off: The function is inoperative.</li> <li>Curing/functional heating: Active for 7 days, 3 days at 25 °C and 4 days at 55 °C.</li> <li>Curing heating: Active for 18 days, 6 days from 25 °C to 55 °C increasing by 5 °C a day, 6 days at 55 °C, 6 days from 55 °C to 25 °C diminishing by 5 °C a day.</li> <li>Functional/curing heating: "Functional Heating" cycle first, and then "Ready for Occupation".</li> <li>Manually: Regulation is based on the "Manual Control Drying" set point.</li> </ul>	S	Off
851	1151	1451	Floor curing setp manually	The flow temperature set point of the "Manual" controlled drying function can be set separately for each heating circuit.	°C	25
855	1155	1455	Floor curing setp current	Displays the current day of the controlled screed-drying function. With '' the function is deactivated.	-	·'
856	1156	1456	Days complete.current	Displays the current flow temperature set point of the controlled screed-drying function. With '' the function is deactivated.	-	

Tab.62 **Temps / mode hot water** menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory setting
1600	Operating mode	<ul> <li>Off: Permanent running at the frost protection set point.</li> <li>On: Domestic hot water loading is done automatically at the comfort set point.</li> <li>Eco: The temperature maintenance function is deactivated.</li> </ul>	On
1610	Hot water temp setpoint	DHW set point during release times	60°C
1612	Reduced temp setpoint	Reduced temperature set point outside release times	35°C

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory setting
1620	Release	Start-up enabled:  Time hot water: This setting provides domestic hot water preparation with a dedicated timer program.  Time setting central heating: Domestic hot water is released with the same timer program as the heating circuits.  24h/day: Default setting for instantaneous boilers.	Time hot water
1640	Legionella function	Off     Periodically     Fixed weekday	Off
1641	Legionella funct periodically	Determines after how many days the anti-legionella function must be reactivated.	7
1642	Legionella funct weekday	Determines on which day the anti-legionella function must be activated.	Monday
1644	Legionella funct time	Determines the start-up time of the anti-legionella function (Hours / Minutes).	/
1660	Circulating pump release	The circulating pump is tripped during the release time:  • Time central heating CH3  • Hot water release  • Time hot water  • Time auxiliary	Hot water release
1663	Circulation setpoint	The regulator monitors the temperature measured while the anti- legionella function is running.	45 °C
1680	Optg mode changeover	In cases of external switching via the Hx inputs, the regime to which the switch must be made must first be defined.  • None • Off	None

# Tab.63 Boiler Settings menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Unit	Factory set- ting
2214	Setpoint manual control	In manual mode, the flow temperature set point can be set to a fixed value.	°C	80 °C
2441	Fan output heating max	Maximum fan speed in heating mode.	rpm	depending on the mod- el

# Tab.64 Solar menu (with additional extension module)

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Unit	Factory set- ting
3810	Temp diff on	Min. ΔT between the solar collector sensor and the solar domestic hot water tank for running the solar pump.	°C	8
3811	Temp diff off	Max. ΔT between the solar collector sensor and the solar domestic hot water tank for shutting down the solar pump.	°C	4
3830	Collector start function	To measure the temperature on the solar collector correctly (pipes empty) ( = deactivated)	min	30
3831	Min run time collector pump	Minimum running of the collector pump.	Seconds	30
3850	Collector overtemp prot	If there is a danger of overheating in the collector, tank loading continues to eliminate any excess heat.	°C	120

Tab.65 Configuration menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
5710	Temps / mode CH1	Activation of heating circuit 1:  Off On	On
5715	Temps / mode CH2	Activation of heating circuit 2:  Off On	Off
5721	Temps / mode CH3	Activation of heating circuit 3:  Off On	Off
5730	Hot water sensor	Selection of the domestic hot water sensor:  • Hot water sensor B3 : Domestic hot water sensor for tank  • Thermostat : The sensor used for domestic hot water is a thermostat	Hot water sensor B3
5731	HW controlling element	Type of actuator for controlling the domestic hot water requirement:  No charging request: No function Charging pump: Domestic hot water loading is done with a pump. Diverting valve: Domestic hot water loading is done with a bypass valve.	Diverting valve

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set ting
5890	Relay output QX1	• None	heating
3030	ricial output with	Circulating pump Q4 : Domestic hot water circulating pump.	pump CH1
		• El imm heater HW K6	1.
			Q2
		• Collector pump Q5 : Circulating pump for the solar collector circuit.	
		Cons circuit pump VK1 Q15 : The VK1 consumer circuit pump can be	
		used for an additional boiler consumer.	
		Boiler pump Q1 : The pump connected is used for circulating the boil-	
		er water.	
		Bypass pump Q12	
		• Alarm output K10 : Presence of an error signalled by relay. Closure of	
		the contact is on a time delay of 2 min.	
		2nd pump speed CH1 Q21	
		2nd pump speed CH2 Q22	
		2nd pump speed CH3 Q23	
		• heating pump CH3 Q20 : The heating circuit with CH3 pump is activa-	
		ted (3WV Zone).	
		Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18	
		System pump Q14 : The pump connected is used as the mains	
		pump.	
		• Heat gen shutoff valve Y4	
		Solid fuel boiler pump Q10 : Integration of a solid fuel boiler: Circulating a pure in the holler size if	
		ing pump in the boiler circuit.	
		• Time setting 5 K13: The relay is controlled according to the settings	
		on timer program 5.	
		Buffer return valve Y15	
		Solar pump ext exch K9	
		Solar ctrl elem buffer K8	
		Solar ctrl elem swi pool K18 : Contact for heating the swimming pool	
		with solar energy (if using several heat exchangers).	
		Cons circuit pump VK2 Q18	
		Cascade pump Q25: Boiler pump common to all boilers in a cas-	
		cade.	
		St tank transfer pump Q11	
		Hot water mixing pump Q35	
		HW interm circ pump Q33	
		Heat request K27	
		Refrigeration request K28 : Cooling requirement for cooling circuit 1.	
		• heating pump CH1 Q2 : The heating circuit with CH1 pump is activa-	
		ted.	
		• heating pump CH2 Q6 : The heating circuit with CH2 pump is activa-	
		ted.	
		Hot water ctrl elem Q3 : Pump / distribution valve for hot water tank.      The standard of the standard	
		• Instant WH ctrl elem Q34 : Pump / distribution valve for boiler produc-	
		ing instantaneous hot water.	
		Water refill K34: Solenoid filling valve command.	
		• 2nd boiler pump speed Q27 : Boiler pump second speed.	
		Status output K35	
		Status information K36	
		Flue gas damper K37	
		• Fan shutdown K38 : Fan shut-down function for cutting the power to	
		the fan if it is not used.	

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
5931	Sensor input BX2	<ul> <li>None: No function on the sensor input.</li> <li>Hot water sensor B31: Sensor in the bottom section of the domestic hot water tank.</li> <li>Collector sensor B6: Solar collector sensor.</li> <li>HW circulation sensor B39: Circulation / DHW preparation sensor.</li> <li>Buffer sensor B4: Sensor in the top section of the storage tank.</li> <li>Buffer sensor B41: Sensor in the bottom section of the storage tank.</li> <li>Flue gas temp sensor B8: Flue gas sensor</li> <li>Common flow sensor B10: Common flow sensor (cascade).</li> <li>Solid fuel boiler sensor B22: Sensor for solid fuel boiler.</li> <li>HW charging sensor B36</li> <li>Buffer sensor B42: Third sensor (in the middle) of the storage tank.</li> <li>Common return sensor B73</li> <li>Cascade return sensor B70: Cascade return sensor.</li> <li>Swimming pool sensor B13: Swimming pool sensor.</li> <li>Solar flow sensor B63: Solar flow sensor for measuring efficiency.</li> <li>Solar return sensor B64: Solar return sensor for measuring efficiency.</li> <li>Primary exch sensor B26</li> </ul>	None
5932	Sensor input BX3	See Sensor input BX2	None
5970	Function input H4	None : Default setting for boilers with domestic hot water tank.     Flow measurement Hz : Default setting for instantaneous boilers.     Error/alarm message	None
5971	Contact type H4	• NC • NO	Error/alarm message
5973	Frequency value 1 H4	Definition of the parameters for collector specifications	15
5974	Function value 1 H4	Definition of the parameters for collector specifications	20
5975	Frequency value 2 H4	Definition of the parameters for collector specifications	162
5976	Function value 2 H4	Definition of the parameters for collector specifications	120

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
5977	Function input H5	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Optg mode change CHs+HW: Heating and domestic hot water circuit changeover mode.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover HW: Domestic hot water circuit changeover mode.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CHs: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH1: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH2: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH3: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH3: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH3: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH3: The regimes of the heating circuits are switched to parameter mode on line 900-1200-1500.</li> <li>Optg mode changeover CH3: The regimes of the heating circuit and domestic hot water temperature requirements are ignored. (boiler frost protection active)</li> <li>Error/alarm message: The input causes an error message on the regulator.</li> <li>Consumer request VK1: The input causes an error message on the regulator.</li> <li>Consumer request VK2: The input causes an error message on the regulator.</li> <li>Release swimpool source htg: Swimming pool demand</li> <li>Excess heat discharge: Enables an external generator to force the switches (heating circuit, DHW, Hx pump) to dissipate any heat surplus.</li> <li>Release swi pool solar: This function enables the release of solar swimming pool heating by an external resource.</li> <li>Operating level CH1: The temperature level can be adjusted by a contact (external timer program) rather than by the internal timer program.</li> <li>Operating level CH2: The temperature level can be adjusted by a contact (external timer pr</li></ul>	Room thermostat CH1
5978	Contact type H5	Boiler pressure switch : Start-up authorisation by pressure switch.      NC	NO
6020 to 6068		• NO See following table	
6020 to 6068	Sensor type collector	Type of collector sensor:  • NTC • Pt 1000	NTC
6100	Readjustm outside sensor	The value of the outdoor temperature measurement can be offset by +/- 3 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$	0 °C

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
6200	Save sensors	Records the sensors used in the appliance.	No
6212	Check no. heat source 1	Information on the manufacturer	
6213	Check no. heat source 2		
6215	Check no. storage tank		
6217	Check no. heating circuits		
6230	Info 1 OEM		
6231	Info 2 OEM		

Tab.66 **Configuration** menu: parameters for extension modules 1, 2 and 3

Parameter			Description	Factory setting	
Extension module 1	Extension module 2	Extension module 3			
6020 : Function extension module 1	6021 : Function extension module 2	6022 : Function extension module 3	None Multifunctional: The functions that can be assigned to the inputs/outputs. Temps / mode CH1: Settings corresponding to the operator chapter on "Heating Circuit 1". Temps / mode CH2: Settings corresponding to the operator chapter on "Heating Circuit 2". Temps / mode CH3: Settings corresponding to the operator chapter on "Heating Circuit 2". Temps / mode CH3: Settings corresponding to the operator chapter on "Heating Circuit 3". Return temp controller: Not used Solar HW: Settings corresponding to the operator chapter on "Thermal Solar". Primary contr/system pump: Not used	Without	
6024 : Funct input EX21 module 1	6026 : Funct input EX21 module 2	6028 : Funct input EX21 module 3	None     Limit thermostat CH	None	
6030 : Relay output QX21 module 1	6033 : Relay output QX21 module 2	6036 : Relay output QX21 module 3	See QX1 relay outlet	without	
6031 : Relay output QX22 module 1	6034 : Relay output QX22 module 2	6037 : Relay output QX22 module 3	See QX1 relay outlet	without	
6032 : Relay output QX23 module 1	6035 : Relay output QX23 module 2	6038 : Relay output QX23 module 3	See QX1 relay outlet	without	
6040 : Sensor input BX21 module 1	6042 : Sensor input BX21 module 2	6044 : Sensor input BX21 module 3	See BX2 sensor inlet	without	
6041 : Sensor input BX22 module 1	6043 : Sensor input BX22 module 2	6045 : Sensor input BX22 module 3	See BX2 sensor inlet	without	
6046 : Function input H2 module 1	6054 : Function input H2 module 2	6062 : Function input H2 module 3	See H5 inlet function	without	
6047 : Contact type H2 module 1	6055 : Contact type H2 module 2	6063 : Contact type H2 module 3	• NC • NO	NO	
6049 : Voltage value 1 H2 module 1	6057 : Voltage value 1 H2 module 2	6065 : Voltage value 1 H2 module 3	Definition of parameters for collector specifications	0	

Parameter			Description	Factory setting
Extension module 1	Extension module 2	Extension module 3		
6050 : Funct value 1 H2 module 1	6058 : Funct value 1 H2 module 2	6066 : Funct value 1 H2 module 3	Definition of parameters for collector specifications	0
6051 : Voltage value 2 H2 module 1	6059 : Voltage value 2 H2 module 2	6067 : Voltage value 2 H2 module 3	Definition of parameters for collector specifications	0
6052 : Funct value 2 H2 module 1	6060 : Funct value 2 H2 module 2	6068 : Funct value 2 H2 module 3	Definition of parameters for collector specifications	0

# Tab.67 Error menu

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
6704	Display SW diagnostic code	Display of the software troubleshooting code:  • No • Yes	Yes
6705	SW diagnostic code	Software troubleshooting code currently pending.	
6706	Burn ctrl phase lockout pos	Locking phase indicating the place where the error occurred.	
6710	Reset alarm relay	Alarm relay reset.	
6800	History 1	ast error that occurred.	
6805	SW diagnostic code	Last troubleshooting code that occurred.	
6806	Burner control phase 1	Last locking phase indicating the place where the error occurred.	
6810 – 6996	History 2 to History 20	Fault history.	

# Tab.68 Service/special operation menu

Parameter number			Factory set- ting	
7045	Time since maintenance	Resetting the boiler operating time after boiler servicing.	0 months	
7130	Chimney sweep function	Chimney sweep function:  Off On	Off	
7131	Burner output	Burner output during the chimney sweep function:  • Partial load  • Full load  • Max heating load	Full load	
7140	Manual control	Manual control function:  Off On		
7143	Controller stop function	Regulator shut-down function:  • Off • On		
7145	Controller stop setpoint	Set point output during the regulator shut-down function: 0 % to 100 %.		
7146	Deaeration function	Venting function:  Off On	Off	

Parameter number	Parameter	Description	Factory set- ting
7147	Type of venting	Venting cycle operating mode:  None Heating circuit continuous Heating circuit cycled Hot water continuous Hot water cycled	None
7170	Telephone customer service		
7231	Refill time current week	Value displayed	0 s
7232	Refill time to date	Value displayed	0 s
7233	Number of refills to date	Value displayed	0

# Tab.69 State menu

Parameter num- ber	Parameter	Description
8000	State central heating CH1	
8001	State central heating CH2	
8002	State central heating CH3	
8003	State hot water	
8005	State boiler	
8007	State solar	
8008	State solid fuel boiler	
8009	State burner	
8010	State buffer	
8011	State swimming pool	

# Tab.70 Diagnostics heat generation menus

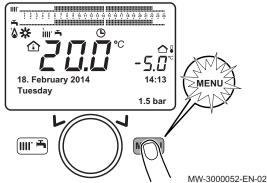
Parameter num- ber	Parameter	Description
8310	Boiler temperature     Control temp	Value displayed
8311	Boiler setpoint     Control setpoint	
8313	Control sensor	
8314	Boiler return temp	
8315	Boiler return temp setpoint	
8316	Flue gas temp	
8321	Primary exchanger temp	
8323	Fan speed	
8326	Burner modulation	
8330	Hours run 1st stage	Value reset
8526	Solar Gain 24 Hour	
8527	Total Solar Gain	
8530	Hours run solar	
8531	Hours run collect overtemp	
8532	Hours run collector pump	

Tab.71 Burner control menus

Parameter num-	Parameter	Description
ber		
9512	Required speed ignition	Ignition speed set point adjustable on the operating interface.
9524	Required speed LF	Rotation speed set point at partial load adjustable on the operating interface.
9529	Required speed HF	Rotation speed set point at nominal load adjustable on the operating interface.
6624	Manual source lock	

## 10.2 Setting the parameters

Fig.75



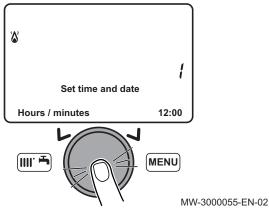
# 10.2.1 Setting the date and time

- 1. Press the key to access the parameters.
- 2. Select the **Set time and date** menu by turning the button.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button. 

  ⇒ The parameter **Hours / minutes** appears.

Fig.76

Fig.77



- 4. Confirm the parameter selection by pressing the  $\mathbb O$  button.
  - ⇒ The parameter flashes, it can be modified.
- 5. Modify the parameter by turning the 🔘 button.
- 6. Confirm the setting by pressing the O button.
- 7. Set the other parameters if necessary.

Important

Press the key to return to the main display.

For more information, see
List of user parameters, page 74

## 10.2.2 Selecting the language

- 1. Press the key to access the parameters.
- 2. Select the **Operator section** menu by turning the **Operator section** button.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The **Change Language** parameter appears.
- Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button.
   ⇒ The language currently used flashes.
- 5. Modify the parameter by turning the 🔘 button.
- 6. Confirm the setting by pressing the O button.



Operator section

Change language

MW-3000058-EN-02

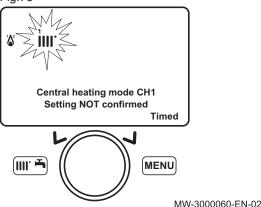
20

English

] Important

Press the we key to return to the main display.

Fig.78



10.2.3 Changing the operating mode

- 1. Press the key to access the shortcuts menu.
- Select the parameter Central heating mode CH1 by turning the \( \bigcirc\)
  button
- 3. Press the O button to confirm.
- 4. Select the appropriate operating mode.
- 5. Press the O button to confirm.

i Important

Press the key to return to the main display.

For more information, see Shortcuts menu, page 73

#### 10.2.4 Forcing domestic hot water production

- 1. Press the key to access the shortcuts menu.
- 3. Press the O button to start forcing domestic hot water.



Press the button a second time to stop forcing domestic hot water.

Important
Press the wain display.

For more information, see Shortcuts menu, page 73

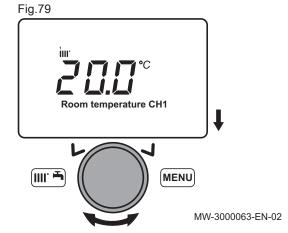
# 10.2.5 Setting the room temperature set point (On mode)

- 1. Press the key to access the shortcuts menu.
- Select the parameter Room temperature CH1 by turning the button.
- 3. Press the O button to confirm.
- 4. Turn the 🔘 button to modify the temperature set point.
- 5. Press the O button to confirm.

Important

Press the key to return to the main display.

For more information, see Shortcuts menu, page 73

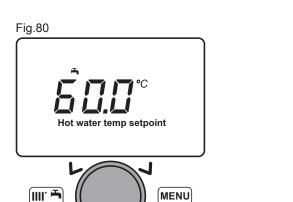


# 10.2.6 Modifying the domestic hot water production mode

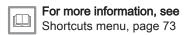
- 1. Press the key to access the shortcuts menu.
- 2. Select the parameter **Hot water heating** by turning the 🔘 button.
- 3. Press the O button to confirm.
- 4. Select the appropriate operating mode.
- 5. Press the O button to confirm.

Important

Press the key to return to the main display.



MW-3000067-EN-03



#### 10.2.7 Setting the domestic hot water temperature set point

- 1. Press the we key to access the shortcuts menu.
- Select the parameter Hot water temp setpoint by turning the button.
- 3. Press the O button to confirm.
- 4. Turn the Dutton to modify the temperature set point.
- 5. Press the O button to confirm.

Shortcuts menu, page 73

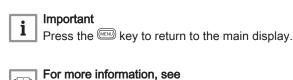
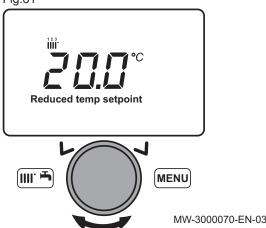


Fig.81



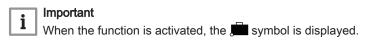
#### 10.2.8 Setting the room temperature set point (Reduced mode)

- 1. Press the key to access the parameters.
- 2. Select the **Temps / mode CH1** menu by turning the button.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button.

  ⇒ The parameter **Operating mode** appears.
- 5. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The room temperature set point (Reduced mode) flashes.
- 6. Turn the 🔘 button to modify the temperature set point.
- 7. Press the O button to confirm.
- Important
  Press the key to return to the main display.

#### 10.2.9 Programming a Holiday period

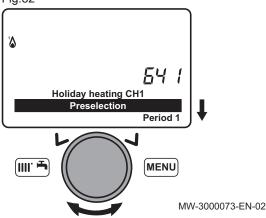
This series of functions is used to program the boiler's behaviour in holiday periods or during prolonged absences. The various parameters are used to program one of eight Holiday periods.



- 1. Press the key to access the parameters.
- 2. Select the **Holiday heating CH1** menu by turning the 🔘 button.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button ○. 

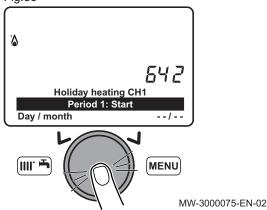
  ⇒ The **Select** parameter appears.





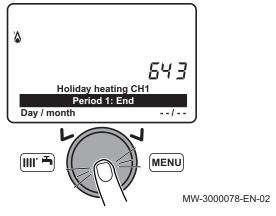
- 4. Select the Holiday period to be programmed by turning the 🔘 button.
- 5. Confirm by pressing the O button.

Fig.83



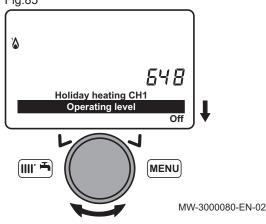
- 6. Select the **Start** parameter by turning the 🔘 button.
- 7. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button  $\bigcirc$ .
- 8. Select and confirm the start date (day/month) of the holiday period with the 🔘 button.
- 9. Confirm by pressing the O button.

Fig.84



- 10. Select the End parameter by turning the 🔘 button.
- 11. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button  $\mathbb{O}$ .
- 12. Select and confirm the end date (day/month) of the holiday period with the 🔘 button.
- 13. Confirm by pressing the O button.

Fig.85



- 14. Select the **Operating level** parameter by turning the **Operating level** button.
- 15. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button  $\mathbb{O}$ .
- 16. Select the boiler's operating mode during the holiday period by turning the  $\bigcirc$  button.
- 17. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button  $\mathbb{O}$ .

For mo

#### For more information, see

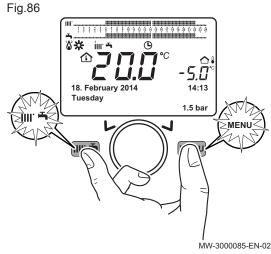
Setting the room temperature set point (On mode), page 88 Setting the room temperature set point (Reduced mode), page 89 Activating the Off, page 71

#### 10.2.10 Using the fixed-speed boiler

Using the boiler according to heat input makes it possible to calibrate the gas valve.

The heat input corresponds to the speed of the boiler in percentage of the nominal output.

- 1. From the home screen, press the and keys simultaneously.
- Select the parameter Controller stop function by turning the button.
- 3. Press the O button to confirm.
  - ⇒ The parameter Controller stop function On appears.

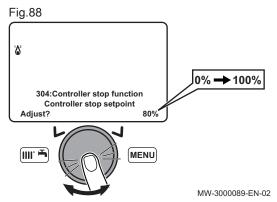


Controller stop function
On

MENU

MW-3000088-EN-02

- 4. Press the O button to confirm.
  - ⇒ **304:Controller stop** appears.



- 5. Press the button to modify the heat input value from 0 to 100 % by turning the button.
- 6. Press the O button to confirm the heat input.
- Important
  Press the key to re

Press the key to return to the main display and reactivate the control system.

For more information, see

Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input), page 61

Setting the air/gas ratio (reduced heat input), page 63

# 10.2.11 Selecting a heating circuit

The control panel can manage up to three different heating circuits.

- 1. From the home screen, turn the 🔘 button to select one of the three heating circuits available.
- 2. Press the O button to confirm.
- 3. Turn the 🔘 button to temporarily modify the temperature set point on the selected heating circuit.
- Press the O button to confirm.
  - ⇒ The selected heating circuit is active.

# 10.2.12 Locking/Unlocking parameter modification

It is possible to lock all functions associated with the key to prevent unauthorised persons from modifying the parameters.

# Locking parameter modification

- 1. Press the key to access the user parameters menu.
- 2. Select the **Operator unit** menu by turning the Operator.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
- 4. Select menu 27 **Programming lock** by turning the button.
- 5. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.

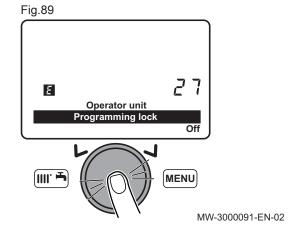
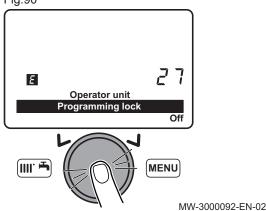


Fig.90



- 6. Select the setting **On** by turning the **O** button.
- 7. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The parameters can be displayed but cannot be modified.

#### Unlocking parameter modification

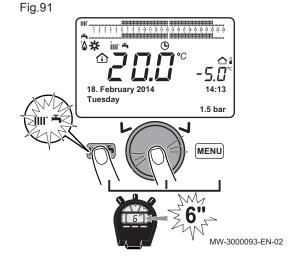
It is necessary to enter a temporary unlocking phase to modify the parameter Programming lock. This parameter enables parameter modification to be locked/unlocked.

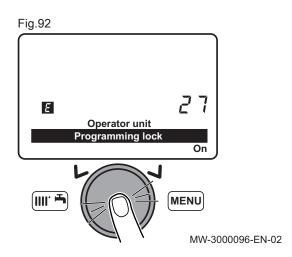
- 1. Press the key to access the user parameters menu.
- 2. Press the key and the button simultaneously for around 6 seconds.



Unlocking is temporary and lasts 1 minute.

- ⇒ temporarily unlocked is displayed.
- 3. Press the key to access the user parameters menu.
- 4. Select the **Operator unit** menu by turning the 🔘 button.
- 5. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
- 6. Select menu 27 **Programming lock** by turning the button.





- 7. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
- 8. Select the setting On by turning the 🔘 button.
- 9. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button.

  ⇒ The parameters can be modified.

# 10.2.13 Timer programme

i Important
Activate the Timed operating mode

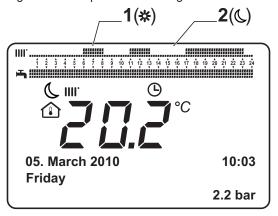
The various timer programming functions are used to program start-up and automatic shut-down of the boiler during predefined time ranges. Timer programming is done for days of the week, from Monday to Sunday. Groups of days are predefined.

Tab.72 Weekly intervals

Values of the parameters **Select days** (500, 520, 540) for heating circuits 1, 2 and 3 and the parameters **Select days** (560) for domestic hot water.

Pre-setting selected	Days programmed		
Mon-Sun	Monday - Tuesday - Wednesday - Thursday - Friday - Saturday - Sunday		
Mon-Fri	Monday - Tuesday - Wednesday - Thursday - Friday		
Sat-Sun	Saturday - Sunday		
Mon	Monday		
Tue	Tuesday		
Wed	Wednesday		
Thu	Thursday		
Fri	Friday		
Sat	Saturday		
Sun	Sunday		

Fig.93 Example of a time range



- 1 Period of operation at the comfort temperature
- 2 Period of operation in reduced mode

BM-0000025-GB-03

Tab.73 Daily time ranges

Values of the parameters **Select default timings?** (514, 534, 554) for heating circuits 1, 2 and 3 and the parameter **Select default timings?** (574) for domestic hot water.

Pre-setting selected	Hours programmed
Time setting 1	6:00 to 23:00
Time setting 2	06:0008:00 – 17:0023:00
Time setting 3	06:0008:00 - 11:0013:00 - 17:0023:00

For more information, see Changing the operating mode, page 88

## Default time ranges

Tab.74 Time ranges according to the groups of days selected

#### Program line 514 (heating), 574 (domestic hot water)

Groups of days	Pre-set programs			
	On 1 - Off 1	On 2 - Off 2		On 3 - Off 3
Mon-Sun	06:00 - 08:00	11:00 - 13:00		17:00 - 23:00
Mon-Fri	06:00 - 08:00		17:00 - 23:00	
Sat-Sun	06:00 - 23:00			

Tab.75 Time ranges according to the days selected

Program line 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506 (heating) - 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566 (domestic hot water)

Single days	Pre-set programs		
	On 1 - Off 1	On 2 - Off 2	On 3 - Off 3
Monday-Tuesday-Wed- nesday-Thursday-Friday- Saturday-Sunday	06:00 - 08:00	11:00 - 13:00	17:00 - 23:00

For more information, see Changing the operating mode, page 88

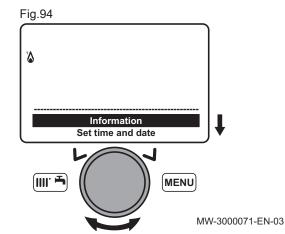
#### Selecting a Timer Program

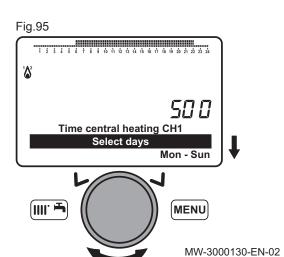
- 1. Select a heating circuit.
- 2. Press the key to access the parameters.



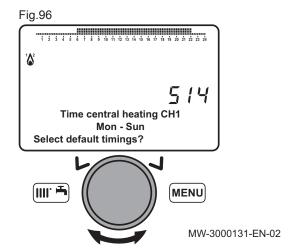
#### Important

- For heating circuits 2 and 3, select the parameters Time central heating CH2
  - or Time setting 3/CHP.
- For the domestic hot water circuit, select the parameter Time hot water.
- 4. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The parameter **Select days** (500, 520, 540 or 560) appears.

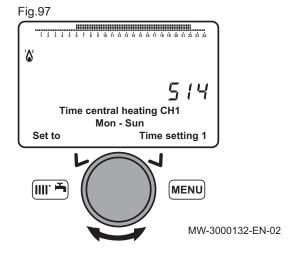




- 6. Select a weekly interval by turning 🔘 button.
- 7. Confirm the weekly interval selection by pressing the O button.



8. Select the parameter **Select default timings?** (514, 534, 554 or 574) by turning the 🔘 button.

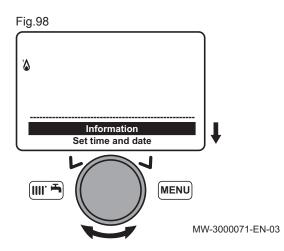


- 9. Confirm the parameter selection by pressing the button.

  ⇒ The current selection flashes.
- 10. Select the desired time range by turning the 🔘 button.
- 11. Confirm the time range selection by pressing the  $\bigcirc$  button.
- Important
  Press the key to return to the main screen.
- For more information, see
  Changing the operating mode, page 88
  Copying a time range, page 97

# Customising the time ranges

- 1. Select a heating circuit.
- 2. Press the key to access the parameters.



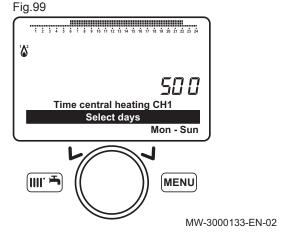
3. Select the Time central heating CH1 menu by turning the  $\bigcirc$  button.



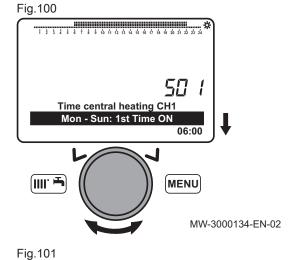
- For heating circuits 2 and 3, select the parameters Time central heating CH2 or Time setting 3/CHP.
- For the domestic hot water circuit, select the parameter Time hot water.
- 4. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the  $\mathbb O$  button.
  - ⇒ The parameter **Select days** (500, 520, 540 or 560) appears.
- 5. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the 

  button. 

  The current selection flashes.
- 6. Select a weekly interval.
- 7. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.



8. Select the parameter **1st Time ON** (501, 521, 541 or 561) by turning the 🔘 button.



9. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button.⇒ The beginning of the first time range flashes.

10. Select the end of the first time range by turning the 🔘 button.

important
Select the value --:- in order not to program a first time range.

11. Confirm the value programmed by pressing the  $\mathbb O$  button.

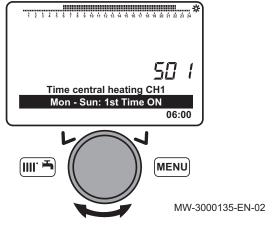
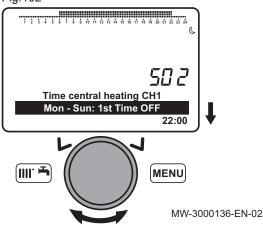
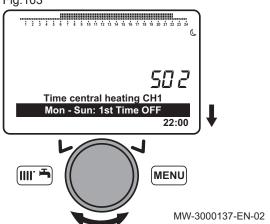


Fig.102



12. Select the parameter **1st Time OFF** (502, 522, 542 or 562) by turning the 🔘 button.

Fig.103



- 13. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The current selection flashes.
- 14. Select the beginning of the first time range by turning the 🔘 button.
- 15. Confirm the value programmed by pressing the  $\mathbb O$  button.
- 16. Repeat the programming for the second and third time ranges.

Tab.76 Parameters of the time ranges

	First time range	Second time range	Third time range
Beginning of the time range	<b>1st Time ON</b> (501, 521, 541 or 561)	<b>2nd Time ON</b> (503, 523, 543 or 563)	<b>3rd Time ON</b> (505, 525, 545 or 565)
End of the time range	<b>1st Time OFF</b> (502, 522, 542 or 562)	<b>2nd Time OFF</b> (504, 524, 544 or 564)	<b>3rd Time OFF</b> (506, 526, 546 or 566)

i Imp

#### Important

Press the key to return to the main screen.

#### For more information, see

Changing the operating mode, page 88 Selecting a heating circuit, page 91 Default time ranges, page 94 Copying a time range, page 97

### ■ Copying a time range

i

#### Important

It is possible to copy a time range from one day to another. It is not possible to copy a time range from a period of several days.

- 1. Select a heating circuit.
- 2. Press the key to access the parameters.



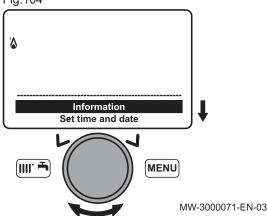
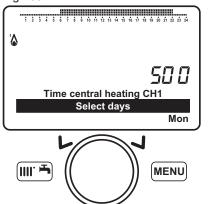


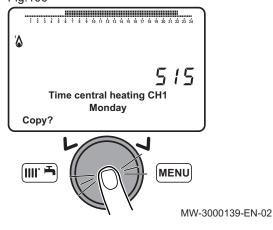
Fig.105



- Important
  - For heating circuits 2 and 3, select the parameters Time central heating CH2 or Time setting 3/CHP.
  - For the domestic hot water circuit, select the parameter Time hot water.
- 4. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The parameter **Select days** (500, 520, 540 or 560) appears.
- 5. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the button. 

  ⇒ The current selection flashes.
- 6. Select a day.
- 7. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
- 8. Select a predefined or customised time range.

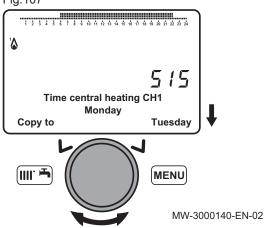
Fig.106



MW-3000138-EN-02

- Select the parameter Copy? (515, 535, 555 or 575) by turning the button.
- 10. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The parameter **Copy to** appears.

Fig.107



- 11. Select a target day by turning the 🔘 button.
- 12. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.

# i Important

- Repeat the copy to other days if necessary.
- Press the key to return to the main screen.

### For more information, see

Changing the operating mode, page 88 Selecting a heating circuit, page 91 Selecting a Timer Program, page 94 Customising the time ranges, page 95

#### Fig.108

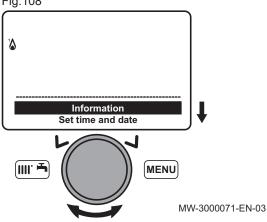


Fig.109

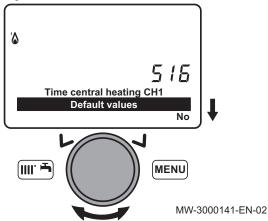
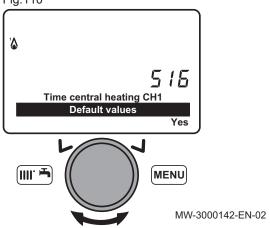


Fig.110



#### Resetting the timer programs to zero

- 1. Press the key to access the parameters.

# i Important

- For heating circuits 2 and 3, select the parameters Time central heating CH2 or Time setting 3/CHP.
- For the domestic hot water circuit, select the parameter Time hot water.
- 3. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The parameter **Select days** (500, 520, 540 or 560) appears.
- 4. Select the parameter **Default values** (516, 536, 556 or 576) by turning the 🔘 button.
- 5. Confirm the parameter selection by pressing the button. 

  ⇒ The parameter **No** flashes.

- 6. Select the parameter **Yes** by turning the 🔘 button.
- 7. Confirm the parameter selection by pressing the  $\bigcirc$  button.

# Important Press the key to return to the main screen.

⇒ The reset to zero of the timer program is effective.

Fig.111



# 10.2.14 Setting a temporary heating flow temperature

- 1. From the control panel main screen, turn the ( button to increase or reduce the temperature value.
- 2. Confirm the menu selection by pressing the O button.

# 10.2.15 Heating curves

Fig.112

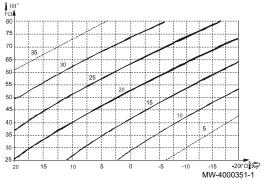
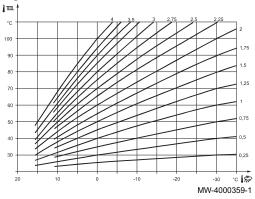


Fig.113



#### 10.2.16 Managing boilers in cascade

Boilers in cascade are controlled and managed by the master boiler.

1. Set the following parameters on the master boiler:

Tab.77 Configuration of the master boiler in a cascade

Parameter num- ber	Parameter	Description	Setting
3540	Auto source seq ch'over	Operating time before the automatic change of the master boiler sequence.	Number of hours
3541	Auto source seq exclusion	Exclusion of the boiler or boilers from the periodic sequence rotation.	<ul><li>First</li><li>First and last</li><li>Last</li><li>None</li></ul>

For more information, see
List of installer parameters, page 76

# 10.3 Accessing the information menu

- 1. Go to the parameters menu by pressing the key.
- 2. Select the Information menu with the rotary button .
- 3. Confirm by pressing the rotary button  $\bigcirc$ .
- 4. Use the rotary button  $\bigcirc$  to scroll through the various items of information.

For more information, see Information menu, page 73

## 11 Maintenance

#### 11.1 General

We recommend having the boiler inspected and serviced at regular intervals.



#### Caution

Do not neglect to service the boiler. Contact a qualified professional or take out a maintenance contract for the obligatory annual servicing of the boiler.

Failure to service the appliance voids the warranty. The annual service is obligatory pursuant to Decree No. 2009-649 of 9 June 2009.



#### Danger of electric shock

Before service work is started, the boiler has to be de-energised and secured from accidentally being switched back on.



#### Caution

Have an inspection carried out and the flues swept at least once a year or more, depending on the regulations in force in your country.



#### Caution

Only qualified professionals are authorised to carry out maintenance work on the boiler and the heating system.



#### Caution

After maintenance or repair work, check the entire heating system to ensure that there are no leaks.



#### Caution

Only genuine spare parts may be used.

#### 11.2 Standard inspection and maintenance operations

#### 11.2.1 Performing the annual service

- 1. Check the outward appearance and tightness of the gaskets on the gas circuit and the combustion circuit.
- 2. Check for any impurities inside the combustion chamber. Use a vacuum cleaner for any cleaning work.
- Check the condition of the insulation in the door and at the bottom of the combustion chamber and the condition of the gaskets on the combustion chamber door.
- Check the condition and position of the ignition and flame detection electrodes, as well as the condition of the burner and its retaining device
- 5. Check for any impurities inside the siphon.
- 6. Dry up as much as possible any water that may have stagnated in the bottom of the boiler as the result of a maintenance operation.
- Check that there are no obstructions in the discharge and air intake pipes.
- 8. Check that the fan is working correctly.
- 9. Check the combustion and the correct calibration of the gas valve.
- 10. Check the pressure in the heating system.
- 11. Check the pressure in the expansion vessel.



#### For more information, see

Cleaning the heat exchanger, page 104
Checking the burner, page 105
Cleaning the siphon, page 106
Check the combustion, page 107

# 11.2.2 Removing the burner

- 1. Switch off the mains supply to the boiler.
- 2. Close the gas inlet valve.
- 3. Close the valves on the heating circuits.
- 4. Access the internal boiler components.
- 5. Disconnect the power and command cables on the fan.

Fig.114

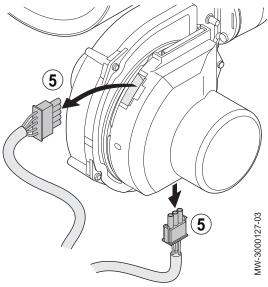


Fig.115

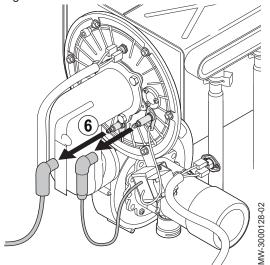
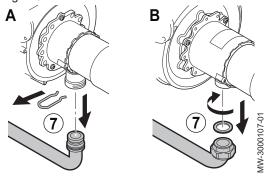


Fig.116

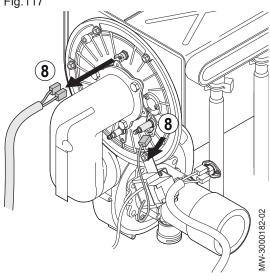


6. Disconnect the ignition electrode and the flame detection sensor.

7. Remove the pipe connecting the gas valve to the Venturi unit.

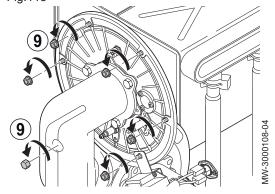
Version	Boiler model
Α	IX 145–50
	IX 145–70 IX 145–90 IX 145–110

Fig.117



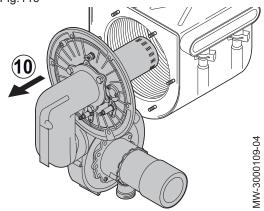
8. Disconnect the 2 wires from the safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door and the pin under the ignition electrode.





9. Remove the nuts holding the burner in place on the heat exchanger.





10. Remove the fan, the Venturi and the burner to access the inside of the heat exchanger.

For more information, see Accessing the internal boiler components, page 43

#### 11.2.3 Cleaning the heat exchanger

1. Remove the burner.

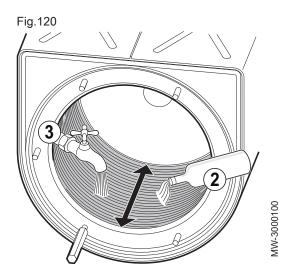
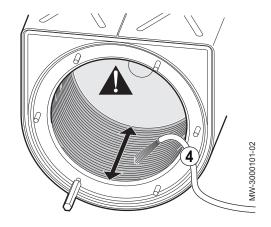


Fig.121

Fig.122



- Clean the pipes inside the heat exchanger using diluted white vinegar and a nylon brush.
- 3. Flush with water.

# | i |

#### Important

The water will exit the heat exchanger by passing through the condensates discharge siphon.

4. After twenty minutes, wash off any dirt with a powerful water jet.



#### Caution

Do not use a high-pressure cleaner.

Be careful not to direct the water jet straight at the insulating surface behind the heat exchanger. If the insulating surface is wet, it must be changed.

- 5. Check the burner.
- 6. Clean the siphon.
- 7. Remount the burner.



#### For more information, see

Removing the burner, page 103 Checking the burner, page 105 Cleaning the siphon, page 106 Remounting the burner, page 107

## 11.2.4 Checking the burner

- 1. Remove the burner.
- 2. Check whether the surface of the burner is damaged in any way. 

  ⇒ Replace the burner and its gasket if they are damaged.
- 3. Check the safety thermostats.



#### Important

Replace the safety thermostats if they are damaged.

4. Clean the burner with a vacuum cleaner.



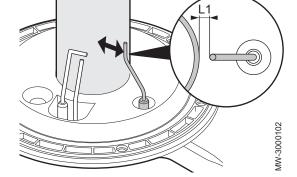
#### Important

Do not use a brush as it may damage the burner.

Check the L1 distance between the flame detection electrode and the burner.

Tab.78 Flame detection electrode and burner

Boiler	L1 distance
IX 145-50	7.5 mm / tolerance of +/- 1 mm
IX 145–70	
IX 145–90	
IX 145–110	5 mm / tolerance of +/- 1 mm



#### Importa

Replace the flame detection electrode if it is damaged.

Fig.123

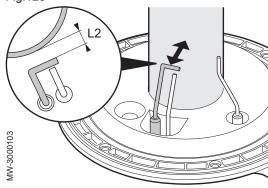


Fig.124

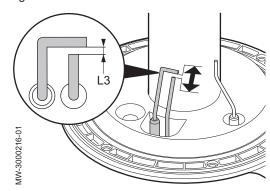
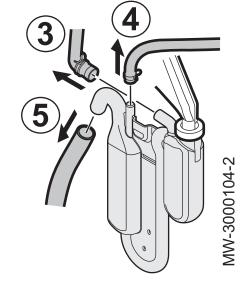


Fig.125



6. Check the L2 distance between the ignition electrode and the burner.

Tab.79 Ignition electrode and burner

Boiler	L2 distance
IX 145–50	10 mm / tolerance of +/- 1 mm
IX 145–70	
IX 145–90	
IX 145–110	7.5 mm / tolerance of +/- 1 mm

# Important

Replace the ignition electrode if it is damaged.

7. Check the L3 distance between the ignition electrode and the ground electrode.

Tab.80 Ignition electrode and ground electrode

Boiler	L3 distance
IX 145–50	4 mm / tolerance of +/- 0.5 mm
IX 145–70	
IX 145–90	
IX 145–110	

#### **Important**

Replace the ignition electrode if it is damaged.

- 8. Check whether the insulation on the inside surface of the burner is damaged in any way. The surface must be clean and free of any damage. Replace the insulation if it is damaged.
- 9. Remount the burner.



#### For more information, see

Removing the burner, page 103 Remounting the burner, page 107

#### 11.2.5 Cleaning the siphon

- 1. Remove the burner.
- 2. Access the siphon.
- 3. Disconnect the pipe coming from the combustion chamber (IX 145-50 and IX 145-70 only).
- 4. Disconnect the pipe from the flue gas exchanger.
- 5. Disconnect the condensates discharge pipe.

## **Important**

Use a pair of pliers to remove the spring tightening clamps.

- 6. Remove the siphon from the heating body by taking out the retaining screw with a cross-head screwdriver.
- 7. Clean the bottom of the siphon with water.
- 8. Completely fill the siphon.



Fill the siphon to the top. If the siphon is empty, there is a danger of poisoning by combustion products.

- 9. Put the siphon back on the heating body and put the retaining screw back in place with a cross-head screwdriver.
- 10. Reconnect the pipe from the combustion chamber, the pipe from the flue gas exchanger and, finally, the condensates discharge pipe.



#### **Important**

Use a pair of pliers to put the spring tightening clamps back in place.

#### 11. Remount the burner.



#### For more information, see

Removing the burner, page 103 Accessing the internal boiler components, page 43 Remounting the burner, page 107

#### 11.2.6 Remounting the burner

- 1. Remount the pipe connecting the gas valve to the Venturi unit.
- 2. Remount the burner, the Venturi and the fan.



#### Important

Do not forget to remount the igniter on the burner.



#### Caution

Respect the torque on the burner fastening nuts: 5 N.m +/- 0.5.



#### Caution

Always use a new tightness gasket to reconnect the gas supply.

- Reconnect the ignition electrode, the safety thermostat on the combustion chamber door and the flame detection sensor.
- 4. Open all valves.
- 5. Check the tightness of the burner using a leak detection spray.
- 6. Put the covers back in place on the boiler.



#### Important

For the IX 145–50 and IX 145–70 models, put the panel located in front of the burner back in place.

- 7. Reconnect the earth wire.
- 8. Re-commission the boiler.



#### For more information, see

Commissioning procedure, page 59

### 11.2.7 Thermal fuse in the heat exchanger

The thermal fuse is located in the rear part of the heat exchanger and is connected in series to the safety thermostat.

The function of the thermal fuse is to ensure the protection of the heat exchanger against the danger of overheating if the insulation malfunctions.

Intervention by the device is signalled by the on-screen display of the anomaly 110:Lockout SLT.

- 1 Rear of the heat exchanger
- 2 Thermal fuse



#### Important

When replacing the thermal fuse, also replace the insulating surface inside the heat exchanger. This insulating surface has been damaged by overheating.



#### For more information, see

Removing the burner, page 103



2

1

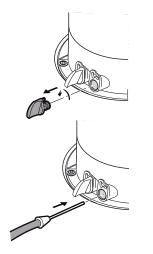
Fig.126

MW-3000214-01

## 11.2.8 Check the combustion

- Checking combustion (maximum heat input)
- 1. Check the combustion with maximum heat input.

Fig.127

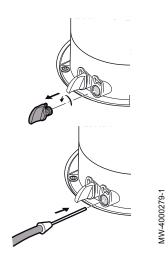


Coaxial pipes: if necessary, check the return into circulation of any combustion products. The sensor will then be connected to the outlet connected to the combustion air intake circuit.

#### For more information, see

Using the fixed-speed boiler, page 91
CO2 checking and setting values, page 65
Checking combustion (reduced heat input), page 108
Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input), page 61

#### Fig.128



#### Checking combustion (reduced heat input)

- 1. Check the combustion with reduced heat input.
- 2. Coaxial pipes: if necessary, check the return into circulation of any combustion products. The sensor will then be connected to the outlet connected to the combustion air intake circuit.

#### For more information, see

Using the fixed-speed boiler, page 91 CO2 checking and setting values, page 65 Setting the air/gas ratio (maximum heat input), page 61 Setting the air/gas ratio (reduced heat input), page 63

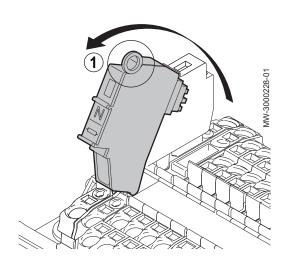
## 11.3 Replacing the 4 A fuses on the electrical terminal blocks



#### Danger of electric shock

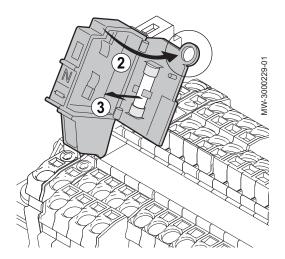
Before any work, switch off the mains supply to the boiler.

Fig.129



1. Pivot the fuse-holder socket N towards you.

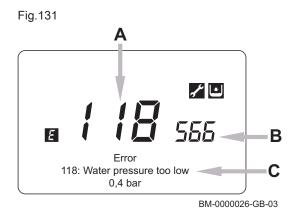
Fig.130



- 2. Open the fuse-holder socket with the eyelet.
- Take out the damaged fuse and replace it with an identical one (4 A).
   Check the fuse L, proceeding in the same way.

## 12 Troubleshooting

#### 12.1 Error codes



- A Error code
- B Secondary error code
- C Description of the error

### Important

lacktriangle Press the lacktriangle key to return to the main display.

- The **E** symbol continues to be displayed on the control panel.
- If the error is not resolved after one minute, the error code is displayed on the control panel a second time.

# i Important

If the display of the error code persists, contact the accredited assistance service.

# i

If the error code simultaneously displays the  $\nearrow$  and  $\nearrow$  symbols, contact the accredited technical support service.

#### 12.1.1 List of error codes

Tab.81 List of error codes

Ε	Display	Description of the er- ror	Probable causes	Check/Solution
10	10:Outside sensor		The outdoor temperature sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler	Check that the outdoor tempera- ture sensor has been correctly con- nected to the boiler sensor terminal block
		Outdoor temperature sensor.	The outdoor temperature sensor is not compatible with the LMS 14 control system	Contact your manufacturer to check the compatibility of the out-door temperature sensor with the boiler
			The outdoor temperature sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (1 K sensor)
20	20:Boiler sensor 1		The flow sensor is not correctly connected	Check that the flow sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler PCB
		NTC flow back sensor.	The flow sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the water temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (10 K sensor)
28	28:Flue gas temp sensor		The flue gas sensor is not correctly connected	Check that the flue gas sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler PCB
		NTC flue gas sensor.	The flue gas sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (20 K sensor)

Ε	Display	Description of the er-	Probable causes	Check/Solution
40	40:Return sensor 1		The return sensor is not correctly connected	Check that the return sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler PCB
		NTC return sensor	The return sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the water temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (10 K sensor)
46	46:Return sensor cascade		The return sensor is not correctly connected	Check that the return sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler PCB
		Cascade return tem- perature sensor error	The return sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the water temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (10 K sensor)
50	50:HW sensor 1		The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
		DHW sensor	The DHW temperature sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (10 K sensor)
52	52:HW sensor 2		The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block.
		Solar DHW sensor (if incorporating a solar installation)	The return temperature sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (PT 1000 sensor)
60	60:Room sensor 1	Room temperature sensor 1 error	The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the room sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
65	65:Room sensor 2	Room temperature sensor 2 error	The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the room sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
68	68:Room sensor 3	Room temperature sensor 3 error	The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the room sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
78	78:Water pressure sensor	Hydraulic pressure	The hydraulic pressure sensor is not connected to the PCB	Check that the connectors between the sensor and the PCB are cor- rectly connected
		sensor error	The hydraulic pressure sensor does not work	Replace the hydraulic pressure sensor. Please note that this action requires the boiler to be drained
73	73:Collector sensor 1		The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
		Solar collector sensor (if incorporating a so- lar installation)	The solar collector sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table (PT 1000 sensor)

Ε	Display	Description of the er-	Probable causes	Check/Solution
83	83:BSB short-circuit	Communication prob- lem between the boil- er PCB and the con- trol unit	The wire connecting the control unit to the boiler is not connected properly	Check that the wire connecting the control unit to the boiler has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
84	84:BSB address collision	Address conflict be- tween several control units	The remote controls have not been configured correctly	Check that the control unit is not configured on the same circuit as another unit
91	91:Data loss in EEPROM	Loss of data in EE- PROM	Faulty PCB	Change the PCB
98	98:Extension module 1		Extension module 1 is not correctly connected to the PCB	Check that the extension module 1 is correctly connected to the PCB
		Extension module 1 error	Extension module 1 is not receiving a 230 V power supply	Check that the extension module 1 is correctly receiving a 230 V power supply via the power supply terminal block of auxiliary circuit 1
			Module 1 is not configured correctly	Check that the extension module 1 has been correctly configured in the "configuration" menu
99	99:Extension module 2		Extension module 2 is not correctly connected to the PCB	Check that the extension module 2 is correctly connected to the PCB
		Extension module 2 error	Extension module 2 is not receiving a 230 V power supply	Check that the extension module 2 is correctly receiving a 230 V power supply via the power supply terminal block of auxiliary circuit 1
			Module 2 is not configured correctly	Check that the extension module 2 has been correctly configured in the "configuration" menu
100	100:2 clock time masters	2 master clocks	Configuration error	Check that a single master is de- clared in the cascade. (Parameter 6630 cascade configuration sec- tion)
102	102:Clock without backup	Master clock with no power reserve	Configuration error	Check the configuration of parameter 6640 Clock operation in the cascade menu
103	103:Communication failure	Communication error.	Communication error on the cas-	Check the connections
109			The hailer has everbeated probably	Check the cascade configuration
109	109:Boiler temp supervision	Boiler temperature	The boiler has overheated, probably due to air in the hydraulic circuit	Manually vent the hydraulic circuit
		monitoring.	The boiler's flow/return sensors have been reversed	Check that the flow and return sensor connections inside the boiler have not been reversed
110 & 111	110:Lockout SLT	Cofeb. the american and	The water flow is insufficient	Check that the hydraulic circuit circulating pump is correctly operating.
		Safety thermostat cut- off for overheating	There is air in the hydraulic circuit	Manually vent the hydraulic circuit
		on to oronioaanig	The safety thermostat is not connected correctly	Check that the safety thermostat is correctly connected to the boiler PCB
117	117:Water pressure too high	Pressure in hydraulic circuit too high.	The hydraulic pressure in the heating circuit is too high	Check the setting of the hydraulic circulating pump. If this is in manual mode, reduce the setpoint. Otherwise, depressurise using an air vent
118	118:Water pressure too low	Pressure in hydraulic circuit too low.	The hydraulic pressure in the heating circuit is too low	Open the water inlet valve to increase the pressure in the hydraulic circuit. Check that the circulating pump is operating
125	125:Boiler temp too high	Maximum boiler tem- perature exceeded	The water flow is insufficient	Check the operating status of the circulating pump

Ε	Display	Description of the er-	Probable causes	Check/Solution
128	128:Loss of flame in op	Flame extinguished.	The flame has gone out	Check that the gas inlet valve is open and that the gas pressure is not too low. Also check that the combustion product discharge and air supply pipes are not blocked
130	130:Flue gas temp too high	Cut-off by NTC flue gas sensor for overheating.	The flue gases are too hot. This may be caused by the heating body being overly clogged	Clean the heating body
133	133:Safety time exceeded		The boiler has not been supplied with gas	Check that the gas pipe valves are open
		Ignition error (4 attempts).	The gas circuit has not been vented	Vent the gas pipe using the control valve located on the boiler
			The power supply has been reversed	Reverse the live-neutral polarity on the boiler power supply terminal block
151	151:BMU internal	Internal error on heating PCB.	The PCB is faulty	Change the PCB
152	152:Parameterizatio	General parameter setting error.	The PCB is faulty	Change the PCB
153	153:Unit locked	Appliance locked manually.	The main PCB is faulty	Check that the rotary button on the display is not locked in the pressed down position
				Change the main PCB
160	160:Fan speed threshold		The fan is not correctly connected to the boiler	Check that fan's control and supply outlets are correctly connected to the fan
		Fan operation error.	The fan is not responding correctly (wear due to prolonged use)	Switch off the boiler and let it rest for several minutes to allow the fan to cool down
			The fan does not work	Replace the fan
162	162:Air pressure switch	Air pressure switch	The flue gas differential pressure switch has been triggered several times over the last 24 hours	Use a pressure gauge to check that the pressure difference between the air supply and the combustion products does not exceed 600 Pa at the connections on the concentric nozzle. If this is the case, the pipes for the air supply and combustion products may be blocked or may be longer than recommended in this manual.
			The flue gas pressure switch is not correctly connected to the PCB	Check that the connectors on the PCB (X7) and on the flue gas pressure switch are correctly connected.
178	178:Limit thermostat CH1	Safety thermostat	The water flow is insufficient	Check that the hydraulic circuit circulating pump is correctly operating.
		CC1, fault on heating	There is air in the hydraulic circuit	Manually vent the hydraulic circuit
		circuit 1.	The safety thermostat is not connected correctly	Check that the safety thermostat is correctly connected to the boiler PCB
179	179:Limit thermostat CH2	Safety thermostat	The water flow is insufficient	Check that the hydraulic circuit circulating pump is correctly operating.
		CC2, fault on heating	There is air in the hydraulic circuit	Manually vent the hydraulic circuit
		circuit 2.	The safety thermostat is not connected correctly	Check that the safety thermostat is correctly connected to the boiler PCB

Ε	Display	Description of the error	Probable causes	Check/Solution
321	321:HW outlet sensor		The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
		Domestic hot water sensor damaged.	The DHW temperature sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table
343	343:Solar integration missing	General parameter setting error on the solar system (if incor- porating a solar sys- tem).	The solar installation has not been correctly configured on the boiler	Check the configuration of the solar system on the boiler
353	353:Casc sens B10 missing		The sensor is not correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block	Check that the sensor has been correctly connected to the boiler sensor terminal block
		B10 cascade sensor missing.	The DHW temperature sensor does not work	Use a suitable multimeter to check the resistance $(\Omega)$ of the sensor according to the room temperature using the "Resistance/Temperature" correspondence table
372	372:Limit thermostat CH3	Safety thermostat	The water flow is insufficient	Check that the hydraulic circuit circulating pump is correctly operating.
		CC3, fault on heating	There is air in the hydraulic circuit	Manually vent the hydraulic circuit
		circuit 2	The safety thermostat is not connected correctly	Check that the safety thermostat is correctly connected to the boiler PCB
373	373:Extension module 3		Extension module 3 is not correctly connected to the PCB	Check that the extension module 3 is correctly connected to the PCB
		Extension module 3.	Extension module 3 is not receiving a 230 V power supply	Check that the extension module 3 is correctly receiving a 230 V power supply via the power supply terminal block of auxiliary circuit 1
			Module 3 is not configured correctly	Check that the extension module 3 has been correctly configured in the "configuration" menu
385	385:Mains undervoltage	Power supply voltage too low.	The power supply voltage is too low	Use a voltmeter to check the power supply voltage.  Check the earthing of the installa-
386	386:Fan speed tolerance	Fan threshold speed not reached.	The fan is not responding correctly (wear due to prolonged use)	Switch off the boiler and let it rest for several minutes to allow the fan to cool down.
430	430:Dyn water pres too low	Safety cut-off for absence of circulation (check made by a	The hydraulic circuit pressure is too low	Open the water inlet valve to increase the pressure in the hydraulic circuit.
		pressure sensor).		Check that the circulating pump is operating
432	432:Function ground missing	Earthing function not connected.	The boiler is not earthed properly	Check that the earth connection is correct on the power supply terminal block
E11	110:Lockout SLT		Overheating due to a breach in the	Remove the heat exchanger.
0		Code <b>E110</b> displayed	insulation	Replace the insulation behind the burner bracket.  Replace the safety thermofuse be-
				hind the heat exchanger.

# i

#### Important

This list is not exhaustive. Other error codes may be displayed. Contact the accredited technical support service.

#### ■ 110:Lockout SLT error

The code 110:Lockout SLT is displayed when overheating occurs due to a breach in the insulation:

- · Remove the heat exchanger.
- · Replace the insulation behind the burner bracket.
- Replace the safety thermofuse behind the heat exchanger.

#### Error 162:Air pressure switch

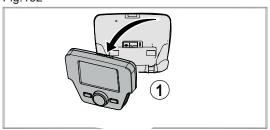
The error 162:Air pressure switch signifies that the flue gas differential pressure switch has been triggered several times over the last 24 hours.

Check that the air inlet and combustion products discharge pipes are not blocked. Unblock these if necessary.

After this procedure, proceed as follows to restart the boiler:

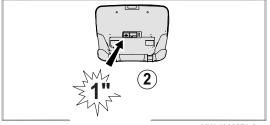
1. Unclip the HMI by hand then remove it from its support: pull firmly on the slots at the bottom of the HMI.

Fig.132



MW-4000273-2

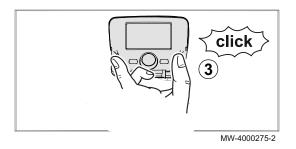
Fig.133



MW-4000274-2

Press the red button RESET on the boiler for 1 second using a pointed object.

Fig.134



3. Clip the HMI back onto its support.

#### 12.2 Automatic error code clearing

If the symbol  $\nearrow$  is displayed at the same time as the error code, the error code is automatically cleared when the cause that prompted it stops.

A flow or return temperature in excess of the critical value prompts an error code. The error code is automatically cleared when the temperature drops below the critical value.

## 12.3 Clearing error codes

If the probable cause of an error code is resolved but the error code continues to be displayed, proceed as follows to clear the error code:

- 1. Press the O button.
  - ⇒ The command **Reset? Yes** is displayed on the control panel.
- 2. Confirm by pressing the O button.
  - ⇒ The error code disappears after a few seconds.

## 13 Decommissioning

### 13.1 Decommissioning procedure



#### Caution

Only qualified professionals are authorised to carry out maintenance work on the boiler and the heating system.

To switch off the boiler temporarily or permanently, proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch the boiler off.
- 2. Cut the electrical power to the boiler.
- 3. Close the gas valve on the boiler.
- 4. Drain the central heating system or ensure frost protection.
- 5. Close the door of the boiler to prevent air circulating inside it.
- 6. Remove the pipe connecting the boiler to the chimney and close the nozzle with a plug.

#### 13.2 Recommissioning procedure



#### Caution

Only qualified professionals are authorised to carry out maintenance work on the boiler and the heating system.

Should it prove necessary to carry out the recommissioning of the boiler, proceed as follows:

- 1. Re-establish electrical power to the boiler.
- 2. Remove the siphon.
- 3. Fill the siphon with water.
  - ⇒ The siphon must be completely full.
- 4. Put the siphon back in place.
- 5. Fill the central heating system.
- 6. Open the boiler gas valve.
- 7. Start up the boiler.



#### For more information, see

Check-list before commissioning, page 59

# 14 Spare parts

### 14.1 General

If inspection or maintenance work bring to light the need to replace a component in the boiler:

Provide the reference number given in the spare parts list when ordering a spare part.

#### Caution

Only genuine spare parts may be used.

### 14.2 Spare parts lists



#### Warning

The spare parts list to be used depends on the "Spare part ID" reference indicated on the label affixed to the rear of the boiler.

### 14.2.1 IX 145-50 and IX 145-70

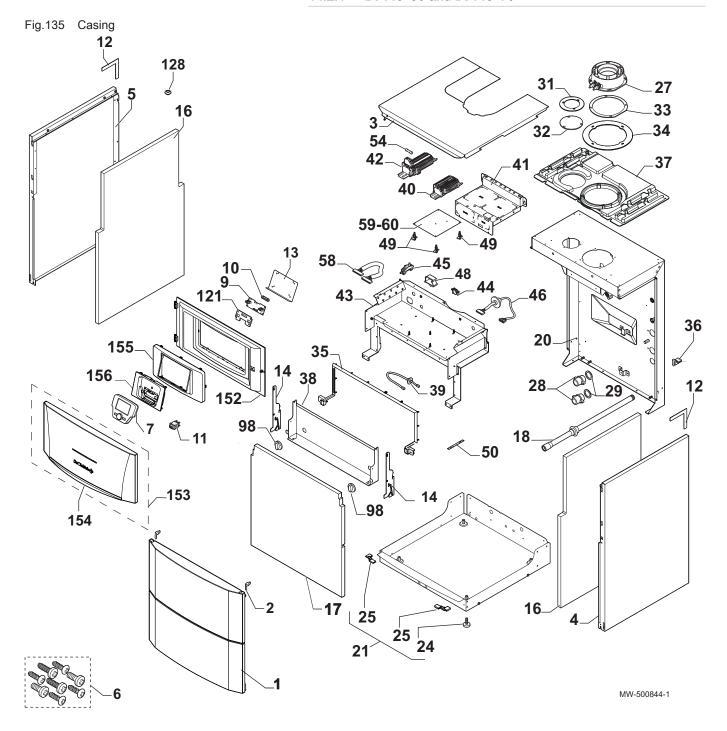
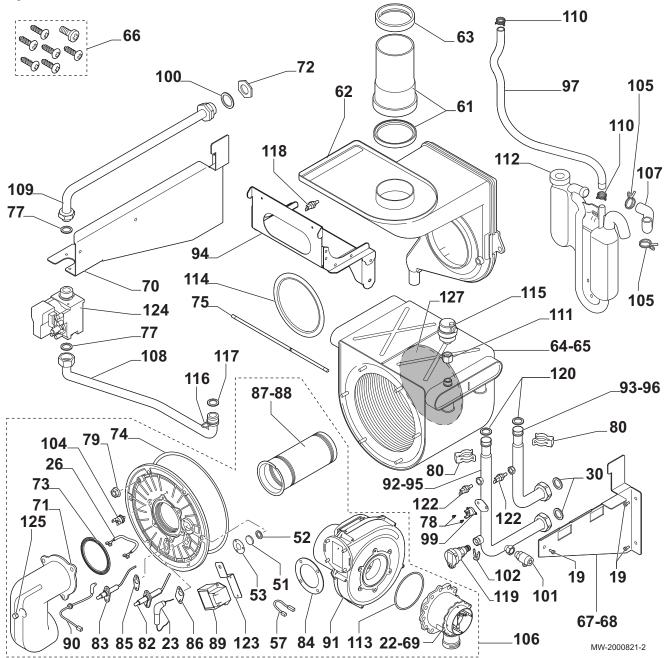


Fig.136 Internal view



Tab.82 IX 145-50 and IX 145-70 spare parts list

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–50	IX 145–70
1	200019180	Front panel - 2 complete units	х	х
2	200019786	Spring kit for front panel (x10)	х	х
3	7694284	Painted cover	х	Х
4	7694625	Complete right panel	х	Х
5	7694582	Complete left panel	х	х
6	7614628	Bag of screws for casing and control panel	х	Х
7	7719110	Control panel	х	х
9	7100281	Control panel PCB	х	х
10	0293359	Cable clamp - top (x2)	х	Х
11	300024488	White bipolar switch	х	х
12	7679764	Frame gasket	х	Х
13	144703	Control panel cover	х	Х
14	7606186	Control panel hook	х	х

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–50	IX 145–70
16	7694168	Foam side panel	x	х
17	7695760	Foam front panel	Х	Х
18	7606184	Condensate hose	X	Х
19	S56987	Screw H with serrated flange, M6-16 Zn (x10)	X	Х
20	7693903	Complete rear panel	Х	Х
21	7676857	Complete base frame	X	Х
22	7104020	Mixer with small bi-valve Ø 24 mm	Х	
23	851097	Ignition cable	Х	Х
24	300024451	Complete adjustable foot M8x25	Х	Х
25	7691443	Base frame corner gasket	Х	Х
26	7672091	Safety thermostat harness	х	х
27	567052	Complete nozzle 80/120	х	х
28	7103868	Nipple G1"	Х	Х
29	7103978	Gasket G1" 31x42x3	Х	Х
30	95013062	Green gasket 30x21x2	Х	Х
31	510869	Blanking plate 45/70	Х	Х
32	7706374	Air plug gasket	Х	Х
33	7613487	Nozzle gasket 80/120	X	Х
34	7694199	Gasket diameter 224x3	X	х
35	7691322	Control panel gasket	Х	Х
36	7690840	Corner gasket	X	Х
37	7689879	Cable way	X	х
38	7691169	Complete detachable metal sheet	X	Х
39	7608974	Harness 230 V (X11–X14)	X	Х
40	7608991	Terminal block 24 V (X20– X21– X42)	X	Х
41	7689206	Riveted bracket for AVS module	X	Х
42	7608992	Harness 230 V (X2- X10- X12- X13)	x	x
43	7660218	Complete distribution board frame	X	Х
44	95320950	Cable clamp	Х	Х
45	95320187	Cable clamp	х	х
46	7608743	Harness 24 V (X22– X23)	х	х
48	7643731	Cable clamp to clip	Х	Х
49	96550354	Spacer	Х	Х
50	7693285	Distribution board gasket	Х	Х
51	7101121	Sight glass	х	х
52	7101122	Gasket for sight glass	х	х
53	7101123	Sight glass flange	х	х
54	97930484	Fuse 5x20 4 A, 250 V	х	х
57	7107773	Earth cable, length 270 mm	х	х
58	7608684	LMS14 harness X40	х	х
59	7609543	LMS14 PCB	х	
60	7609544	LMS14 PCB		х
61	7606200	Flue gas extension Ø 80 mm	х	х
62	7103857	High temperature condensate collector	х	х
63	540927	Gasket Ø 70 – EPDM	х	х
64	7723221	41279 classic exchanger	х	
65	7723234	41341 classic exchanger		х
66	7614630	Screw kit	х	х
67	7606188	Right bracket	х	
68	7606189	Right bracket		х
69	7104022	Mixer with small bi-valve Ø 30 mm		х
70	7606191	Left bracket		х

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–50	IX 145–70
71	7103860	High temperature air gas collector	х	Х
72	97758747	Elastic nut Pal 3/4"	Х	Х
73	7106243	High temperature burner gasket	Х	Х
74	541081	Flange gasket	х	Х
75	521278	Glass fibre Ø 6 length 615 mm	Х	X
77	95013060	Green gasket 24x17x2	X	X
78	95770651	Screw Cbl Z St 2.9-6.5 C Zn	X	X
79	95800252	Serrated flange nut H M6	X	X
80	96350203	Clips for quick connection Ø 25 mm	Х	X
82	7102200	Ignition electrode	Х	X
83	7102207	Ionisation probe	X	X
84	7101156	Venturi gasket	X	X
85	7101852	Ionisation probe gasket	X	X
86	7101853	Spark plug gasket	X	X
87	7104017	Burner	x	
88	7104019	Burner		X
89	843522	2 V igniter	x	X
90	7608718	Sensor cable (x1)	X	X
91	7107541	Fan RG 148/1200-3633	x	X
92	7606813	Complete outlet pipe	X	
93	7606828	Complete inlet pipe	X	
94	7694331	Front exchanger bracket	X	
94	7694434	Front exchanger bracket		X
95	7606814	Complete outlet pipe		X
96	7606830	Complete inlet pipe		X
97	7608178	Condensate pipe	X	X
98	7608622	Quarter turn height 22 mm	X	X
99	7106260	Thermostat 105	X	X
100	7608064	Gas pipe gasket Ø 26 mm	x	X
101	94902000	Drain valve	x	X
102	S100814	Clip	X	X
104	7114277	Safety thermostat 260C	x	X
105	7606057	Spring tightening clamp Ø 23.1 mm	X	X
106	7606877	Complete burner	x	
106	7606878	Complete burner		X
107	7606576	Condensate hose	x	X
108	7729779	Complete gas pipe	X	^
108	7729766	Complete gas pipe		x
109	7729776	Complete gas inlet pipe	x	X
110	7614685	Spring tightening clamp Ø 18.2 mm	X	X
111	7607915	N270b sleeve 3/8"	x	X
112	7623677	Complete siphon / gasket	X	X
113	340210	O-ring Ø 69.44 x 3.53 Nbr	X	X
114	541048	Exchanger gasket	X	X
115	565273	Air vent G3/8	X	X
116	7100114	Gas pipe clip	X	
117	7100614	O-ring 18x3	X	
117	95013062	Green gasket 30x21x2		X
118	7101086	CTN sensor length 10.6 mm	X	X
119	7101091	Pressure sensor	X	X
120	7101091	O-ring gasket 17.86x2.62 mm	X	X
121	7101036	Gasket for PCB	X	X
141	7 10 1000	Cashot for FOD	^	^

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–50	IX 145–70
122	7101891	CTN sensor S011021 Smd	х	x
123	7103907	Igniter bracket	х	x
124	7104016	Gas valve 848156 Mm	х	x
125	7105585	Nut M6X75	х	x
127	541073	Heat exchanger insulating surface	х	x
128	7706872	Black plug, diameter 6.5 mm	х	x
152	7615287	Control panel Advance	х	x
153	300026529	Complete white door + handle RAL9006	х	x
154	300026530	Door handle RAL9006	х	x
155	7616612	Control panel base	х	x
156	7684946	HMI support	Х	x

### 14.2.2 IX 145-90 and IX 145-110

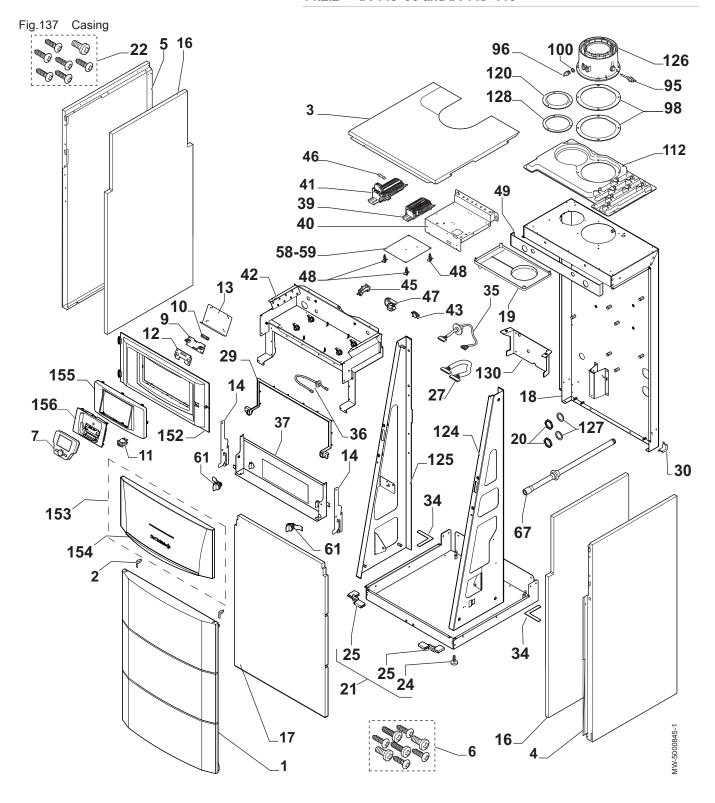
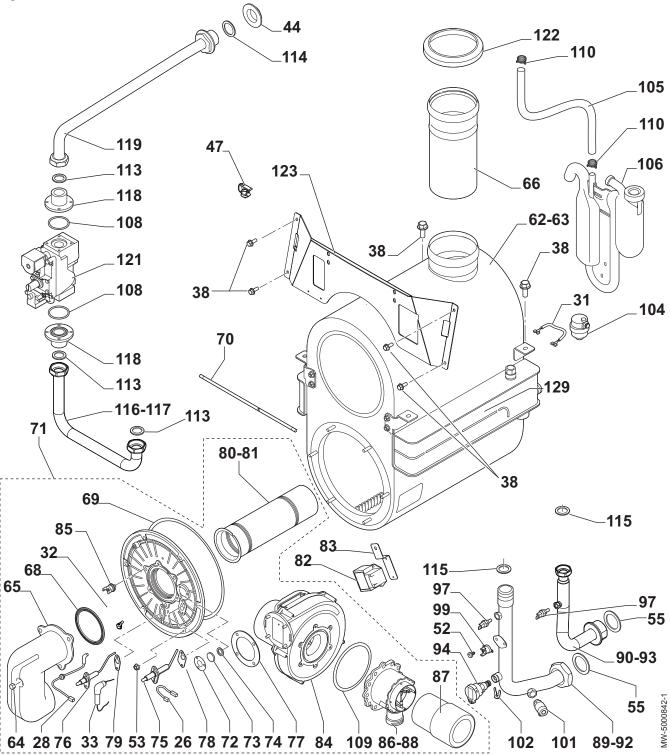


Fig.138 Internal view



Tab.83 Spare parts list for IX 145–90 and IX 145–110

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
1	200019243	Front panel - 3 complete modules	х	x
2	200019786	Spring kit for front panel (x10)	х	x
3	7618314	Complete top panel	х	x
4	7685252	Complete right panel	х	x
5	7685265	Complete left panel	х	x
6	7614628	Bag of screws for casing and control panel	х	x
7	7719110	Control panel	х	х
9	7100281	Control panel PCB	х	x

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
10	0293359	Cable clamp top (x2)	х	х
11	300024488	White bipolar switch	Х	x
12	7101836	Gasket for PCB	Х	x
13	144703	Control panel cover	х	x
14	7606186	Control panel hook	х	x
16	7688847	Foam side panel	х	x
17	7688749	Foam front panel	Х	x
18	7693877	Complete frame	х	X
19	7103734	High temperature condensate collector	Х	X
20	BRO368332	1" 1/4 (G1"1/2) plastic nut	х	x
21	7676857	Complete base frame	Х	X
22	7614630	Screw kit for body	Х	x
24	300024451	Complete adjustable foot M8x25	х	x
25	7608789	Side panel gasket	х	X
26	7107773	Earth cable, length 270 mm	х	X
27	7608684	LMS14 (X40) cable harness	х	X
28	7608718	Sensor cable (X1)	x	X
29	7691322	Foam strip closed cell 10x15 mm	x	X
30	7690840	Angular panel gasket	x	X
31	7609415	Thermal fuse harness	x	X
32	7617779	Safety thermostat harness	x	X
33	851097	Ignition cable	X	X
34	7691443	Tightness gasket 9x2 mm	X	X
35	7608970	24 V cable harness (X22–X23)	x	X
36	7608975	(X11—X14) 230 V cable harness	X	X
37	7691169	Detachable metal sheet - complete	X	X
38	S56987	Screw H with serrated flange, M6-16 Zn (x10)	x	X
39	7608991	(X20–X21–X42) 24 V cable harness	x	X
40	7689206	Riveted bracket for AVS module	X	X
41	7608992	(X2–X10–X12–X13) 230 V cable harness	x	x
42	7660218	Complete distribution board frame	x	X
43	95320950	Cable clamp	x	X
44	300024724	Sheet nut G1"	X	X
45	95320187	Cable clamps	x	X
46	97930484	Fuse 5x20 4A, 250 V	X	X
47	7643731	Cable clamp to clip	x	X
48	96550354	Spacer	X	X
49	7693285	Distribution board gasket	x	X
52	95770651	Screw CBL Z St 2.9-6.5 C Zn	X	X
53	95800252	Serrated flange nut H M6	X	X
55	95013064	Green gasket 44x32x2	x	X
58	7609545	LMS14 PCB	x	
59	7609546	LMS14 PCB	<u> </u>	X
61	7608622	Quarter turn height 22 mm	x	x
62	362684	Duo exchanger	X	,,
63	362685	Duo exchanger	1	X
64	7105585	Nut M6X75	x	X
65	7103360	High temperature air gas collector	X	X
66	7606350	Flue gas extension Ø 100 mm	X	X
67	7606184	Condensate hose	x	X
68	7106243	High temperature burner gasket	X	X
69	541081	Flange gasket	X	X
	071001	i lange gasket	^	^

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
70	521278	Glass fibre Ø 6 length 615 mm	х	x
71	7606226	Complete burner	х	
71	7606844	Complete burner		x
72	7101123	Sight glass flange	х	x
73	7101121	Sight glass	х	x
74	7101122	Gasket for sight glass	х	x
75	7102200	Ignition electrode	х	x
76	7102207	Ionisation probe	х	x
77	7101156	Venturi gasket	х	x
78	7101853	Spark plug gasket	х	x
79	7101852	Ionisation probe gasket	Х	X
80	7104610	Burner		x
81	7104611	Burner	х	
82	843522	2 V igniter	х	x
83	7103907	Igniter bracket	х	x
84	7104871	FanNRG 137	х	x
85	7114277	Safety thermostat260C	X	x
86	7104612	Mixer with large bi-valve Ø 38 mm		x
87	7107552	Silencer	х	
88	7104613	Mixer with large bi-valve Ø 34 mm	X	
89	7693292	Complete outlet pipe	х	
90	7693282	Complete inlet pipe	X	
92	7693667	Complete outlet pipe		x
93	7693670	Complete inlet pipe		x
94	7101091	Pressure sensor	X	x
95	7106824	CTN sensor length 40 mm	X	x
96	7101077	Plug for flue gas measurement point	x	Х
97	7101891	CTN sensor S011021 Smd	х	x
98	7613480	Nozzle gasket 110/160	Х	X
99	7106260	Thermostat 105	х	x
100	7101078	O-ring, diameter 8.73 x 1.78 EPDM	х	X
101	94902000	Drain valve	Х	X
102	S100814	Clip	х	x
104	565273	Air vent G3/8	х	X
105	94994712	Condensate pipe	Х	X
106	7623677	Complete siphon / gasket	х	X
108	340043	O-ring Ø 33.05x1.78	Х	X
109	340210	O-ring Ø 69.44x3.53	х	x
110	7614685	Spring tightening clamp Ø 18.2 mm	х	X
112	7669380	Cable way	Х	x
113	95013062	Green gasket 30x21x2	х	x
114	7103978	Gasket G1" C.S.31x42x3	х	x
115	95013063	Green gasket 38x27x2		x
115	95013062	Green gasket 30x21x2	х	
116	7729787	Complete gas pipe 90 kW	х	
117	7734265	Complete gas pipe 110 kW		Х
118	320302	Gas valve fitting G1	x	Х
119	7729734	Complete gas inlet pipe	x	Х
120	511611	Blanking plate	x	Х
121	362124	SIT 822 NOVAMIX gas valve	X	х
122	7103731	Condensate tray gasket	x	х
123	7689868	Riveted base frame crossbar	x	х
		1 11		

### 14 Spare parts

Marker	Reference	Description	IX 145–90	IX 145–110
124	7712718	Complete right bracket for duo body	х	x
125	7712717	Complete left bracket for duo body	x	x
126	7606342	Complete nozzle Ø 110/160	х	x
127	7104459	Gasket G1 1/2" C.S.	х	x
128	541242	Blanking plate sheet gasket	х	х
129	541073	90 kW exchanger insulating surface	х	
129	7104878	110 kW exchanger insulating surface		х
130	7676203	Exchanger bracket	х	х
152	7615287	Control panel Advance	х	х
153	300026529	Complete white door + handle RAL9006	х	х
154	300026530	Door handle RAL9006	х	х
155	7616612	Control panel base	х	х
156	7684946	HMI support	х	x

# 15 Disposal/recycling

### 15.1 Disposal and recycling

Fig.139



# 1

#### Caution

Only qualified professionals are permitted to remove and dispose of the boiler, in accordance with local and national regulations.

If you need to remove the boiler, proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch off the boiler.
- 2. Cut the power supply to the boiler.
- 3. Close the main gas valve.
- 4. Close the water mains.
- 5. Close the gas valve on the boiler.
- 6. Drain the installation.
- 7. Remove the air/flue gas pipes.
- 8. Disconnect all pipes.
- 9. Dismantle the boiler.

15 Disposal/recycling



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